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Introduction

The Isle of Man in Numbers 2023 presents a comprehensive range of economic and social

data relating to the Isle of Man.

The following tables and charts contain the most recent data available and cover various

areas of public interest, including finance and commerce, transport and communications,

population and employment.

The information contained in this publication is mostly provided in two ways. In part it is

generated by Statistics Isle of Man, through exercises such as the Census and the Earnings

Survey. All other information is provided by a wide range of contributors within other

Departments, Boards and Offices of Government.

Data tables are available on the Isle of Man Government website at:

https://www.gov.im/about-the-government/offices/cabinet-office/statistics-isle-of-man/

Additional information may be obtained from:

Statistics Isle of Man,

Nivison House,

31 Prospect Hill,

Douglas,

Isle of Man,

IM1 1ET

Telephone: 01624 685758

Website: www.gov.im

E-mail: statistics@gov.im

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The Island is a Crown Dependency which enjoys a high degree of domestic, legislative and political autonomy through its ancient parliament, Tynwald. Dating back to Viking origins over one thousand years ago, Tynwald is the oldest continuously operating legislature in the world.

The Island, at 221 square miles, is home to 84,069 people and occupies a central position in the Irish Sea and the British Isles, sitting between England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. The Island is split into 21 districts comprised of 13 parishes, 4 towns, 2 villages, and 2 district authorities, all of which have individual local government boards, or commissioners.

Table 1 The Isle of Man Government

	Tynwald Court
Tynwald	House of Keys
	Legislative Council
	Cabinet Office
	Enterprise
	Education, Sport and Culture
Departments	Environment, Food and Agriculture
	Health and Social Care
	Home Affairs
	Infrastructure
	Treasury
	Communications and Utilities Regulatory Authority
	Gambling Supervision Commission
	Isle of Man Financial Services Authority
Statutory	Isle of Man Office of Fair Trading
Boards	Isle of Man Post Office
	Manx Care
	Manx Utilities Authority
	Public Sector Pensions Authority
	Safeguarding Board
	Financial Intelligence Unit
Offices	Manx National Heritage
	Attorney General's Chambers
	General Registry
	Isle of Man Information Commissioner

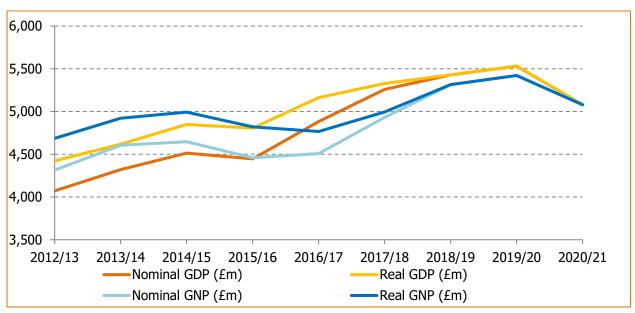
Table 2 Key Data

Key economic	ic indicators
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (2020/21)	£5.37bn
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	7.4%
Retail Price Index (RPI) (December 2022)	9.7%
Total number in employment (December 2022)	36,107
Registered unemployment rate (December 2022)	0.7%
Average weekly earnings (June 2021)	£769
Median weekly earnings (June 2021)	£613
Key socia	al indicators
Population (May 2021)	84,069
Average house price (Dec 2022)	£386,955
Recorded criminal offences (2022)	3,067
International development (March 2022)	£3,321,056
Number of births (2022)	586
Number of deaths (2022)	902
Key environmenta	al indicators
Electricity consumption (2022, GWH sold)	349
Greenhouse gas emissions (Thousands of tonnes, 2021)	605

Our Economy

National Income

Figure 1 Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Product



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 1 Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Income (ESA 10 Methodology)

Year	Nominal GDP (£m)	Real GDP (£m)	Real GDP Change (%)	Nominal GNP (£m)	Real GNP (£m)	GNP Change (%)
2012/13	4,072	4,492	3.2%	4,315	4,756	4.8%
2013/14	4,321	4,690	4.5%	4,605	5,004	5.2%
2014/15	4,514	4,926	5.0%	4,647	4,962	-0.8%
2015/16	4,446	4,882	-0.9%	4,460	4,822	-2.8%
2016/17	4,883	5,244	7.4%	4,508	4,884	-1.3%
2017/18	5,260	5,412	3.6%	4,931	5,136	5.2%
2018/19	5,429	5,514	1.9%	5,315	5,397	5.1%
2019/20	5,531	5,520	0.1%	5,433	5,422	0.5%
2020/21	5,079	5,079	-8.0%	5,080	5,080	-6.3%

Source: Cabinet Office

The Isle of Man prepares its National Income accounts using the income method for Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Gross National Product (GNP). This measure is therefore the sum of the Island's income (employed and self-employed income, company profits, rental income and profits from Government corporations), and is one of the principal measures of economic performance for the Isle of Man.

Gross National Product is GDP plus income coming to and leaving the Isle of Man through residents, non-residents and businesses.

Real GDP and GNP take into account the effects of inflation and, using the Consumer Price Index, the data has been presented in monetary values equivalent to March 2020.

The GDP and GNP figures above are calculated using ESA10 methodology and therefore the percentage changes for 2013/14 and 2014/15 may not correspond to those published previously under ESA95 methodology.

100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 2018/19 2019/20 2020/21 Personal Income Company Income Other

Figure 2 Contributions to GDP

Source: Cabinet Office

Table 2 Real Contribution to GDP (£ million)

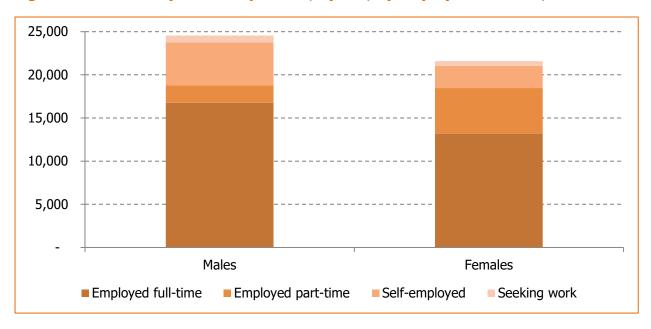
Year	Personal Income	Company Income	Other	GDP
2012/13	1,399	2,692	400	4,492
2013/14	1,448	2,847	395	4,690
2014/15	1,484	3,023	419	5,926
2015/16	1,513	2,977	393	4,882
2016/17	1,579	3,252	413	5,244
2017/18	1,562	3,410	440	5,412
2018/19	1,584	2,511	420	5,514
2019/20	1,586	3,508	427	5,520
2020/21	1,589	3,001	489	5,079

Source: Cabinet Office

Real GDP contribution takes into account the effects of inflation and the data has been presented in monetary values equivalent to March 2020.

Labour Market

Figure 3 Economically Active Population, by Sex, by Employment Status, 2021



Source: Cabinet Office

The economically active population is defined as comprising those who are currently employed, self-employed or actively seeking work. According to the 2021 Census, the total economically active population in 2021 was 44,875 Since multiple responses were possible in the Census, figure 3 above includes those who classified themselves in multiple categories, the sum of the graph will be greater that the total economically active population.

58,000 8,800 Jobs & Employment 53,000 8,300 48,000 7,800 43,000 7,300 38,000 33,000 6,800 Dec-17 Dec-19 Dec-20 Dec-21 Dec-22 Dec-16 Dec-18 Number of people employed Number of jobs Number of self-employed

Figure 4 Working Population and Jobs

As at December 2022, the number of people in employment stood at 36,107 in 52,999 jobs. There were also 8,066 people who were self-employed. A person can be classified as both in employment and self-employed, so the total will be higher than the total of the economically active population. The number of self-employed should be read against the right hand axis.



Figure 5 Unemployment

Source: Cabinet Office

Unemployment as at December 2022 stood at 0.7% of the economically active population, or 292 people, of which 182 were men and 110 were women.

The Isle of Man rate of unemployment is calculated on a claimant count basis. Some other jurisdictions use various different methods, including the International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of unemployment, which includes those people who may be actively seeking work, but are not registered as such. Since the 2016 Census, the Isle of Man has produced an estimate of the ILO unemployed rate. For December 2022, the estimated ILO unemployed rate was 1.6% or 737 persons.

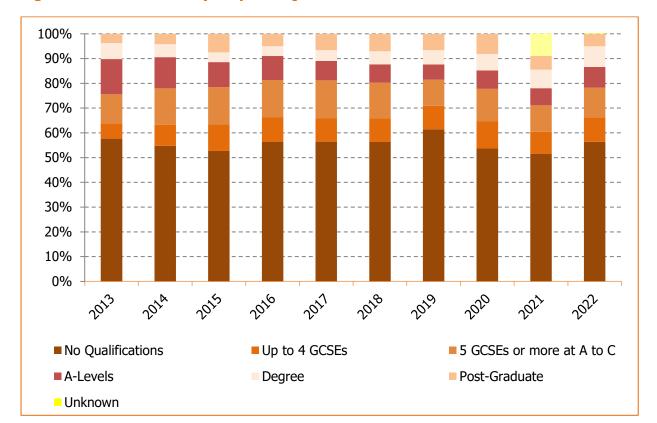


Figure 6 Job Vacancies by Required Qualifications

Source: Department for Enterprise

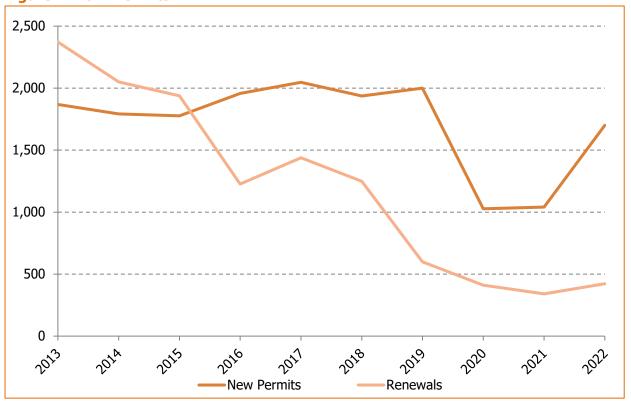
In 2022 of the 11,664 jobs advertised through the Jobcentre, 6,577 required no qualifications, 1,150 required up to 4 GCSEs at grade A to C or equivalent, 1,401 required 5 GCSEs at grade A to C or equivalent, 978 required A-Levels or equivalent, 972 required a degree or equivalent, and 576 required a postgraduate qualification.

Due to technical issues in July 2021, there were 928 jobs that couldn't be classified by their qualification requirements, and these were classed as 'Unknown'. It is also no longer possible to report job vacancies by experience required as was done previously.

Table 3 Employment by Sector 1951 to 2021

Industrial Sector	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2021
Agriculture, forestry, fishing	2,542	1,911	1,433	1,412	1,240	938	543	642	850	866	664
Manufacturing	694	435	3,111	3 ,4 67	3,348	3,562	3,185	2,248	2,295	1,915	2,059
Construction	3,073	1,664	2,755	2,921	3,404	3,372	2,512	3,374	3,352	3,482	4,292
Gas, electricity and water	616	465	504	496	513	462	515	603	878	473	496
Transport and communication	2,180	1,875	2,122	2,624	2,437	2,693	3,331	3,809	3,037	3,162	3,140
Wholesale distribution		672	845	867	851	781	728	905	821	429	332
Retail distribution	3,315	2,411	2,696	2,687	2,993	2,911	3,644	3,645	3,683	3,253	3,599
Insurance, banking, finance and business services	357	370	760	1,515	4,353	5,941	8,959	9,395	9,444	8,703	9,143
Professional, educational,											
medical and scientific services	1,576	1,702	2,690	3,737	5,438	6,081	7,296	8,060	8,917	9,430	9,604
Tourist accommodation	0	0	1,451	987	856	765	743	362	679	629	576
Other catering and entertainment	4,605	4,344	678	996	1,403	1,156	2,116	1,897	2,129	2,393	2,056
Miscellaneous services	0	0	1,954	2,530	2,849	2,768	2,373	3,075	3,382	3,884	4,370
Public administration	1,870	1,250	1,134	1,625	2,144	2,147	3,105	2,898	3,058	3,027	3,188
Not stated or inadequately described		146							609		
Total	20,828	17,245	22,133	25,864	31,829	33,577	39,050	40,913	43,134	41,656	43,519

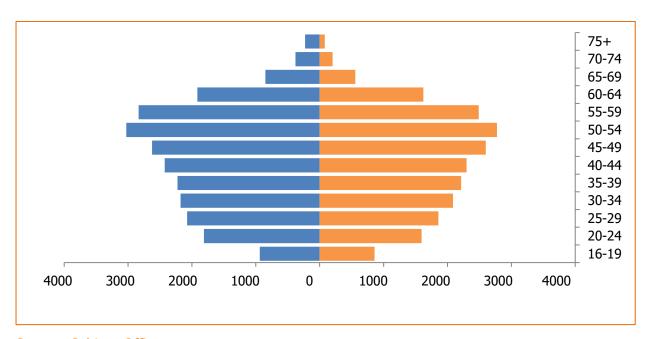
Figure 7 Work Permits



Source: Department of Enterprise

During 2022 there were 1,701 new permits issued, with 423 renewals also occurring during the year.

Figure 8 Age Distribution of Working Population, 2021



Source: Cabinet Office

Inflation

Figure 9 Annual Rate of Inflation



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 4 RPI and CPI Reflation Factors (December 2021)

Year	RPI	CPI
2012	1.512	1.268
2013	1.470	1.251
2014	1.439	1.231
2015	1.406	1.251
2016	1.322	1.238
2017	1.236	1.190
2018	1.205	1.160
2019	1.176	1.136
2020	1.172	1.138
2021	1.097	1.074
2022	1.000	1.000

Source: Cabinet Office

The reflation factors shown in Table 7 can be used to convert a price or monetary value into its real equivalent (i.e. in today's money) by multiplying by the appropriate reflationary factor. For example, using the CPI as the main inflationary measure, £100 in 2012 is the equivalent to £126.8 in 2022 (£100 \times 1.268).

Table 5 RPI and CPI - Annual Rate of Inflation (%)

RPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2013	2.5	2.8	3.3	3.3	2.4	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.9
2014	3.1	2.9	2.6	1.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.2
2015	1.9	1.4	1.9	2.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.3
2016	2.6	3.3	3.4	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.0	5.9	6.0	6.5	6.4
2017	6.9	7.1	7.9	7.3	8.4	8.4	8.5	7.0	7.6	6.1	6.3	6.9
2018	6.4	7.6	7.5	6.5	5.4	5.5	4.7	4.9	3.9	5.2	4.9	2.6
2019	3.5	1.8	0.2	1.9	0.8	1.2	1.1	2.4	1.6	0.7	2.5	2.4
2020	2.3	2.8	2.2	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.5	1.0	-0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
2021	-0.3	-0.5	0.4	1.5	4.5	3.6	5.0	2.9	5.4	4.9	5.5	6.8
2022	7.9	7.3	7.3	10.4	9.3	10.8	11.5	12.2	11.3	11.7	10.1	9.7

CPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2013	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.2	1.5	2.1	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.2	1.5
2014	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.2
2015	-0.2	-1.0	-0.5	0.1	-1.0	-1.2	-1.5	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-1.2	-1.6
2016	-1.2	-0.7	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.0
2017	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.1	3.9	4.0	4.6	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.8	4.1
2018	3.8	4.4	4.4	4.0	2.2	2.6	1.6	2.3	2.4	3.5	3.2	2.5
2019	2.6	1.9	1.3	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.5	1.1	0.8	3.1	2.1
2020	2.6	2.6	1.8	0.8	0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3	-1.7	-0.7	-0.3	-0.2
2021	-0.9	-1.0	-0.2	0.8	3.5	3.6	4.5	3.1	5.0	4.4	4.6	6.0
2022	6.4	6.5	6.7	9.0	8.1	9.2	10.8	10.4	9.8	10.1	7.9	7.4

Table 6 RPI and CPI Indices

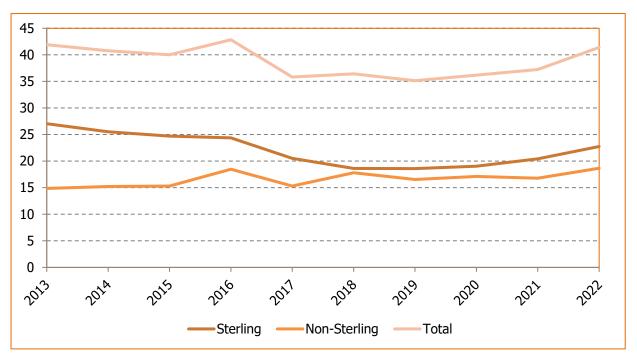
RPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2013	156.4	157.5	157.8	159.4	159.2	159.4	160.1	159.7	160.2	160.3	160.6	160.9
2014	161.2	162.1	161.9	162.5	163.5	163.8	164.9	163.8	164.4	164.0	165.4	164.4
2015	164.3	164.3	165.0	167.2	166.9	167.2	167.8	168.2	168.6	168.8	169.1	168.2
2016	168.7	169.7	170.6	173.5	173.3	173.8	174.5	174.9	178.5	179.0	180.1	178.9
2017	180.3	181.8	184.1	186.2	187.8	188.4	189.3	187.2	191.9	189.9	191.5	191.3
2018	191.9	195.6	197.9	198.3	197.9	198.7	198.2	196.3	199.4	200.8	196.3	197.6
2019	198.6	199.1	198.4	202.1	199.5	201.0	200.4	200.9	202.5	201.1	205.9	201.0
2020	203.0	204.6	202.8	204.0	200.7	201.5	201.4	202.9	201.7	201.8	206.7	201.9
2021	202.4	203.7	203.6	207.1	209.8	208.8	211.4	208.8	212.6	211.7	218.0	215.6
2022	218.4	218.6	218.4	228.5	229.3	231.4	235.7	234.2	236.7	236.6	239.9	236.5

CPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2013	119.0	119.8	119.9	120.9	120.7	120.6	121.0	120.7	121.2	121.1	121.0	121.2
2014	121.3	121.9	121.8	122.1	122.6	122.7	123.3	122.3	122.4	121.9	122.3	121.4
2015	121.2	120.7	121.2	122.3	121.3	121.2	121.4	121.3	121.4	120.9	120.9	119.5
2016	119.7	119.9	120.4	122.0	121.0	121.0	121.0	120.7	122.9	122.1	122.0	120.7
2017	121.6	122.2	123.1	124.6	125.8	125.8	126.6	125.6	128.0	126.1	126.6	125.6
2018	126.2	127.5	128.5	129.6	128.6	129.1	128.7	128.5	131.1	130.5	130.6	128.8
2019	129.4	129.9	130.2	132.0	130.9	131.4	131.4	131.7	132.6	131.6	134.7	131.5
2020	132.8	133.3	132.5	133.1	131.0	131.0	131.1	131.3	130.3	130.7	134.4	131.3
2021	131.6	132.0	132.2	134.1	135.6	135.7	137.1	135.4	136.7	136.5	140.5	139.1
2022	140.0	140.6	141.1	146.1	146.6	148.3	151.8	149.5	150.1	150.2	151.6	149.4

Note: January 2000 = 100 for RPI. January 2008 = 100 for CPI

Company Activity

Figure 10 Bank Deposit Base (£ bn)



Source: Financial Services Authority

As of December 2022, sterling bank deposits stood at £22.74bn, non-sterling at £18.66bn, with total deposits standing at £41.40bn.

Figure 11 Funds under Management (US\$ bn)



Source: Financial Services Authority

As of December 2022, Funds under Management amounted to US\$ 13.3bn.

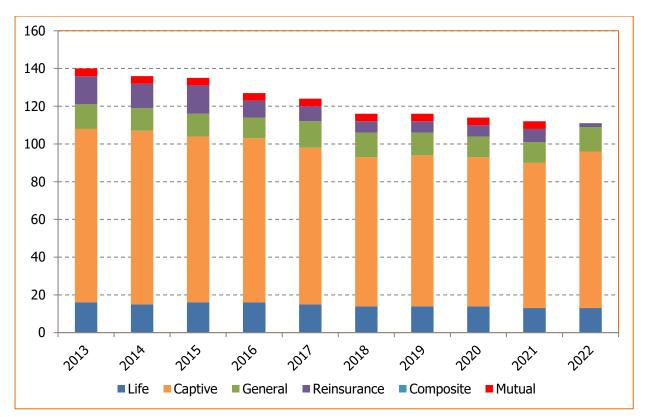


Figure 12 Authorised Insurers, by type

Source: Financial Services Authority

As at December 2022, the total number of authorised insurers on the Isle of Man was 111, with 83 of these licences relating to Captive Insurers and 13 to Life Insurance.

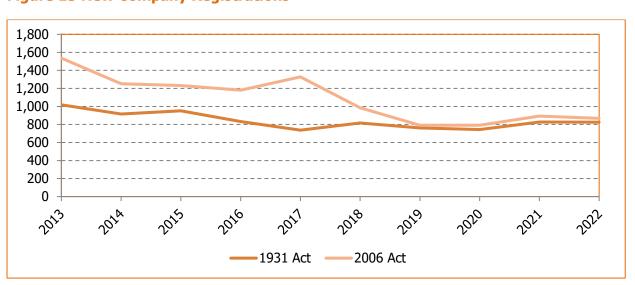


Figure 13 New Company Registrations

Source: Department for Enterprise

During 2022, 790 new companies were registered under the 1931 Act, along with 868 companies under the 2006 Act.

30,000 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 0 2016 2017 2018 2019 2022 2015 2020 2021 2014

Figure 14 Total number of Companies Registered on the Isle of Man

Source: Department for Enterprise

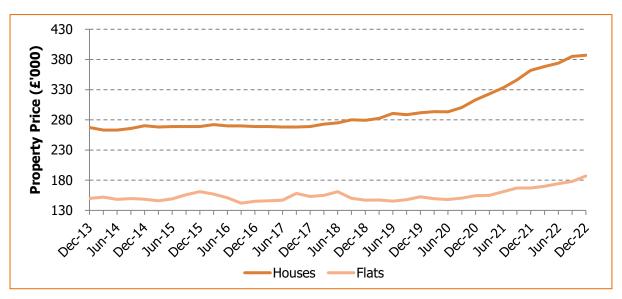
At the end of 2022, there were 15,256 companies registered under the 1931 Act and 9,862 companies registered under the 2006 Act on the Isle of Man.

■ 2006 Act

■ 1931 Act

Housing Market

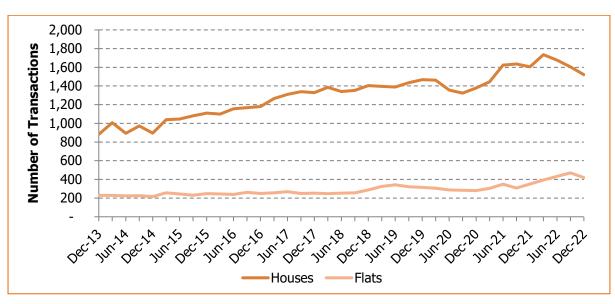
Figure 15 Average Property Price (£'000)



Source: Cabinet Office

For the 12 months to December 2022, the average house price in the Isle of Man stood at £386,955 and the average flat price was £187,002. The data is calculated on the basis of a 12 month rolling average to the end of each quarter. Data relating to 2022 is provisional and may be subject to change.

Figure 16 Number of Property Transactions

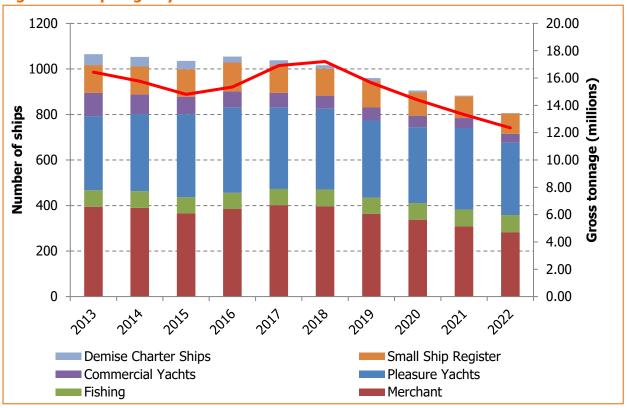


Source: Cabinet Office

For the 12 months to December 2022, 1,521 house transactions were lodged with the Land Registry, and 419 flat transactions. The data is calculated on the basis of a 12 month rolling average to the end of each quarter. Data relating to 2021 is provisional and may be subject to change.

Shipping Registries

Figure 17 Ship Registry

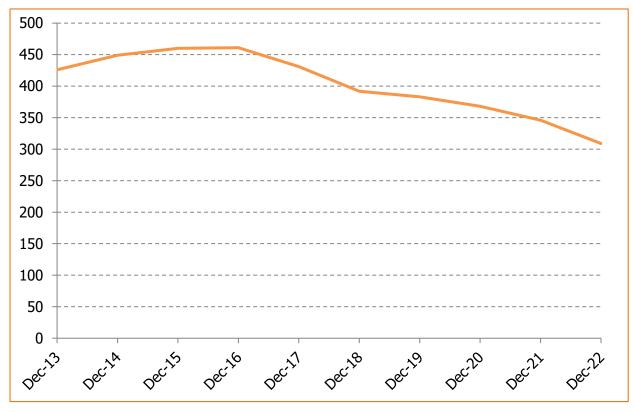


Source: Department for Enterprise

As at 31 December 2022, there were 283 merchant ships, 66 fishing vessels, 318 pleasure yachts, 39 commercial yachts and 1 demise charter ships registered in the Isle of Man. The Small Ship Register also had 90 ships registered at the end of the year. The gross tonnage for all ships registered amounted to 12.35 (millions) tonnes.

Aircraft Registries

Figure 18 Number of Registered Aircraft



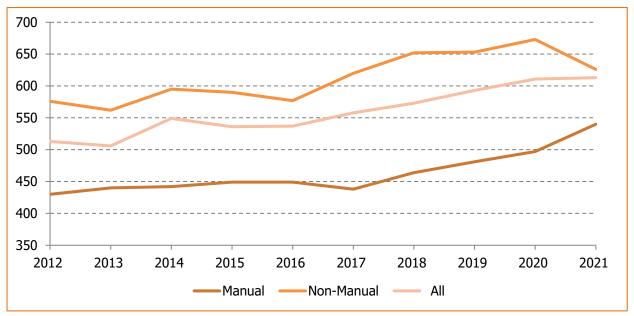
Source: Department for Enterprise

As at the 31 December 2022 the total number of aircraft registered in the Isle of Man was 309. The following comment has been supplied by the aircraft registry:

"Ongoing international Political and financial uncertainty combined with challenging international market conditions, and the CV19 pandemic, plus BREXIT, have resulted in aircraft being sold and thus leaving the register. Following the invasion of Ukraine, the requirement to deregister 22 aircraft based on sanctions and a Political directive to exit all business associated with Russia and Belarus, has resulted in a further reduction in the size of the aircraft registry and its activity levels".

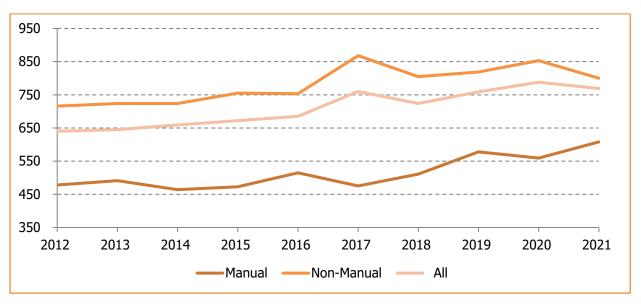
Earnings

Figure 19 Median Weekly Earnings (£)



Source: Cabinet Office

Figure 20 Average Weekly Earnings (£)

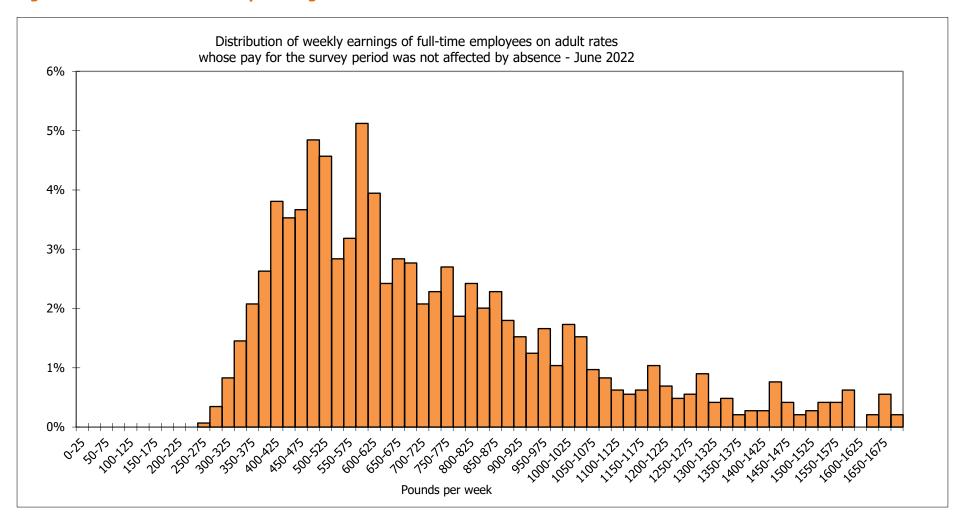


Source: Cabinet Office

The earnings survey pay period relates to June 2021. Both the median and average weekly earnings figures only include full time employees, on adult rates, whose earnings were not affected by absence. The median weekly earnings is the level of earnings such that half the sample has earnings greater, and the other half lower. A full time employee is classified as anyone working 30+ hours a week, with the exception of teachers.

The median weekly earnings for 2021 were £613 and the average weekly earnings were £769.

Figure 21 Distribution of Weekly Earnings 2022

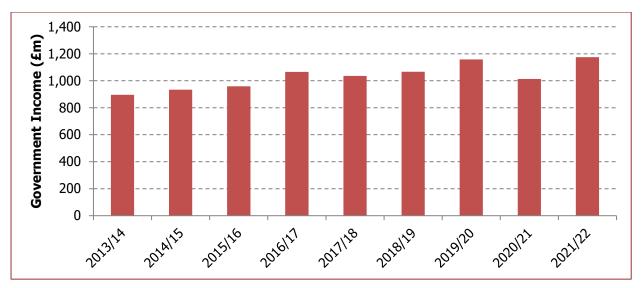


Note: The data relates to those classified as full time employees, on adult rates, whose pay during the survey period was not affected by absence.

Income and Expenditure

Government Revenue and Expenditure

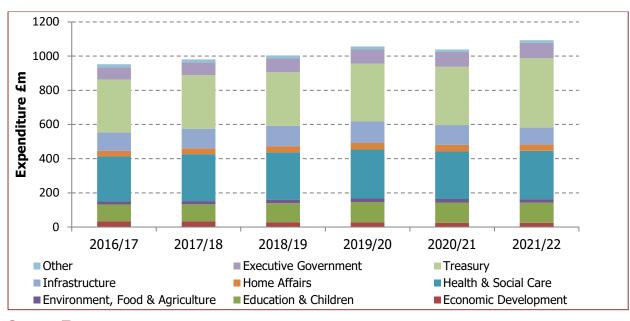
Figure 22 Government Income (£m)



Source: Treasury

For the year to 31 March 2022, Government income totalled £1,174m, compared with £1,013m the previous year.

Figure 22 Government Expenditure (£m)



Source: Treasury

During the year to 31 March 2022, Isle of Man Government Gross Expenditure was £1,131 million.

Table 7 Treasury Receipts (£'000)

Source	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Customs & Excise	296,000	312,000	319,700	355,005	348,549	358,746	369,703	444,531	328,440	423,417
Resident Income Tax	180,809	193,199	196,671	193,242	207,036	217,509	217,671	218,871	214,265	227,212
Non-resident Income Tax	5,170	2,917	6,374	6,280	9,783	15,388	20,071	22,253	20,716	14,160
National Insurance			199,361	202,229	210,138	208,703	212,041	226,980	224,550	265,225
Interest on Investments	12,206	10,051	7,129	7,207	7,513	7,639	7,279	8,367	5,449	5,151
General Receipts	1,004	1,213	2,472	1,419	2,113	1,766	1,724	1,438	1,183	3,423
Total Receipts	495,189	519,380	731,707	765,382	785,132	809,751	828,489	922,440	794,603	938,588
Post Office (Philately)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1,715	1,500	1,500	500	-	
Total Receipts Incl	497,189	521,380	733,707	767,382	786,847	811,251	829,989	922,940	794,603	938,588
IOMPO										
Total Receipts (at	567,653	581,077	796,634	812,442	786,847	811,251	829,989	922,940	794,603	938,588
constant prices)										
Inflation Index	156	160	164	169	179	198	198	203	206	218

Source: Treasury

Note: The Isle of Man RPI as at January 2022 has been used to calculate constant prices.

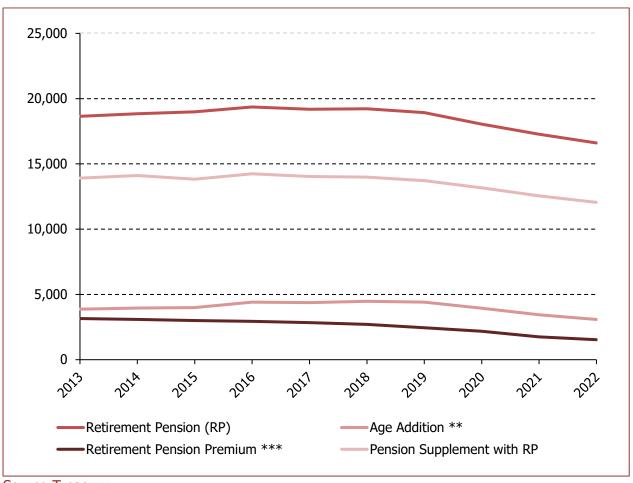
Table 8 Value of Manx Currency in Circulation (£'000)

	Face Value of Notes and Coins				
Year	in Circulation (£000)				
2010/11	66,091				
2011/12	70,900				
2012/13	72,663				
2013/14	72,275				
2014/15	74,571				
2015/16	77,937				
2016/17	77,808				
2017/18	80,646				
2018/19	81,600				
2019/20	94,293				
2020/21	98,783				
2021/22	101,112				

Source: Treasury

Pensions and Benefits

Figure 24 Pension and Other Retirement Related Benefits



Source:Treasury

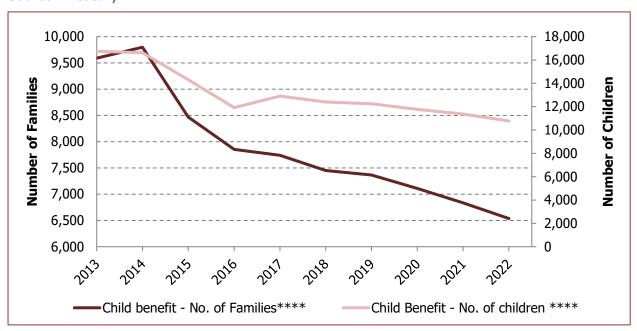
As of 31 March 2022, there were 16,604 people claiming the Retirement Pension, with 12,052 in receipt of the Pension Supplement. Those in receipt of the Retirement Pension Premium numbered 1,532 and 3,081 for the Age Addition benefit.

There were also 2,779 people claiming the Manx State Pension (MSP)*, and 1,806 people claiming the Pension Supplement with MSP.

- * These benefits are in addition to the Retirement Pension for those who qualify
- ** Only available to persons who reached aged 80 before 6 April 2019
- *** Only available to persons who reached 75 before 6 April 2019

Figure 25 Child Benefit

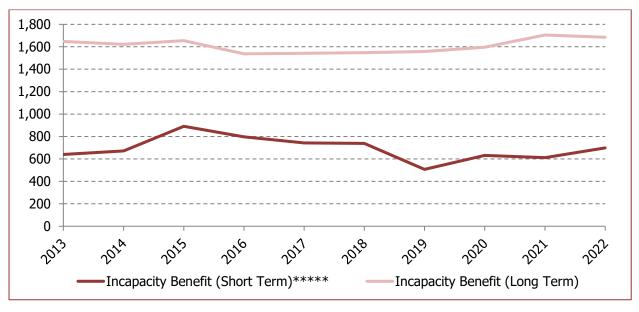
Source: Treasury



**** Entitlement to Child Benefit became income tested from April 2014

As of 31 March 2022, there were 6,537 families in receipt of Child Benefit, relating to 10,774 children.

Figure 26 Incapacity Benefit Recipients

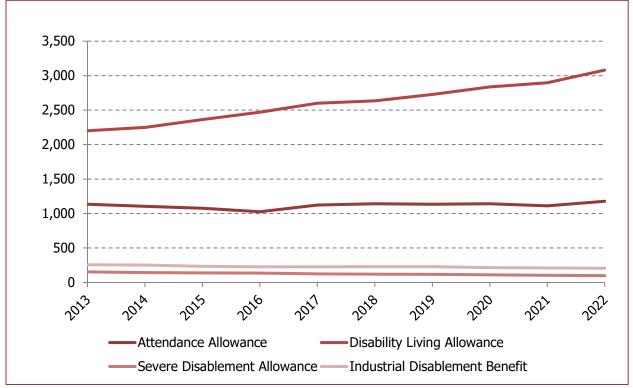


Source: Treasury

**** Due to erratic caseloads, figures for annual averages are shown above

As of 31 March 2022, there were 698 people claiming short term Incapacity Benefit, along with 1,684 claiming long term Incapacity Benefit

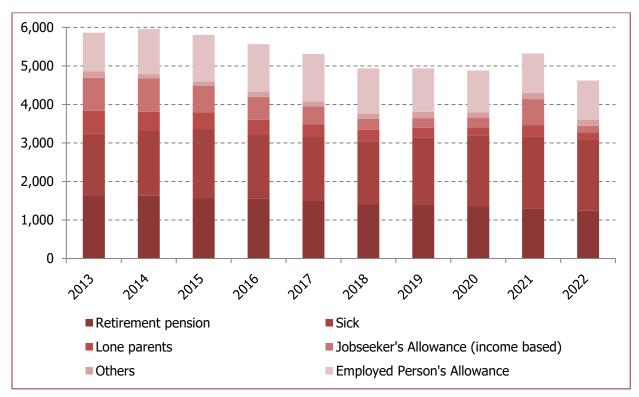
Figure 27 Attendance and Disability Living Allowances



Source: Treasury

As of 31 March 2022, 3,081 people were claiming Disability Living Allowance, 1,178 claiming the Attendance Allowance, 206 claiming Industrial Disablement Allowance and 99 claiming for Severe Disablement Allowance.

Figure 28 Income Support, Jobseeker's Allowance & Employed Person's Allowance



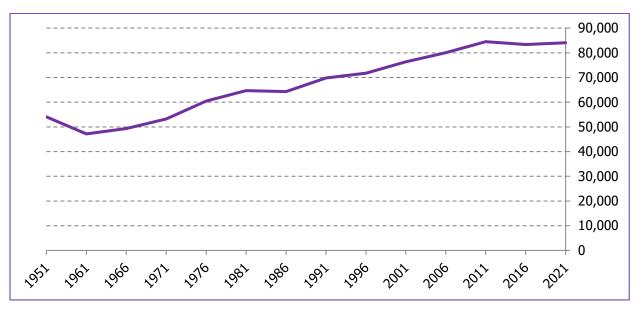
Source: Treasury, Social Security Division

As of 31 March 2022, 1,018 people were claiming Employed Person's Allowance, 1,240 people in receipt of the Retirement Pension were claiming Income Support, along with 1,846 registered as sick, 171 people registered as looking for work and 189 lone parents or widows under pension age were claiming Income Support.

Our Society

Population

Figure 29 Isle of Man Resident Population



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 9 Isle of Man Population

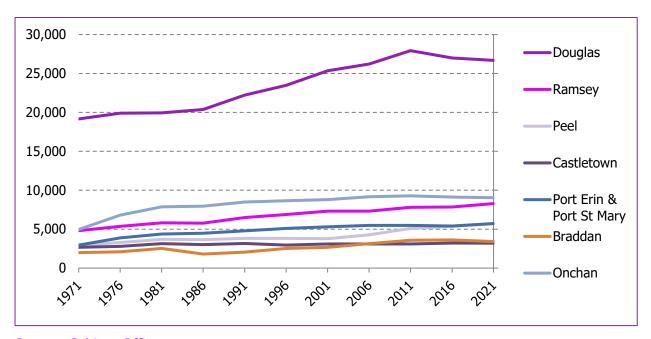
Date of Census	Resident population	Visitors to the Island	Census population
1951 - April 8/9	54,024	1,229	55,253
1961 - April 23/34	47,166	967	48,133
1966 - April 24/25	49,312	1,111	50,423
1971 - April 25/26	53,228	1,353	54,581
1976 - April 4/5	60,496	1,227	61,723
1981 - April 5/6	64,679	1,422	66,101
1986 - April 6/7	64,282	1,778	66,060
1991 - April 14/15	69,788	1,479	71,267
1996 - April 14/15	71,714	2,966	74,680
2001 - April 29/30	76,315	1,951	78,266
2006 - April 23/24	80,058	1,894	81,952
2011 - March 27/28	84,497	1,219	85,716
2016 – April 24/25	83,314	1,285	84,599
2021 – May 30/31	84,069	571	84,640

Source: Cabinet Office

Table 10 Resident Population by Country of Birth, 2021

		As a percentage of total		
Country of Birth	Total	resident population		
Isle of Man	41,658	49.6		
United Kingdom	32,153	38.2		
Channel Islands	160	0.2		
Republic of Ireland	1,630	1.9		
Northern Europe	241	0.3		
Eastern Europe	1,600	1.9		
Southern Europe	622	0.7		
Western Europe	596	0.7		
Middle East	182	0.2		
Asia	2,319	2.8		
Africa	1,907	2.3		
North America	441	0.5		
Central America	31	0.0		
South America	136	0.2		
Caribbean	97	0.1		
Australasia	296	0.4		
Other/Unidentified	0	0.0		
Total Resident				
Population	84,069	100.0		

Figure 30 Population in Key Towns, 2021



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 11 Population by Town, Village and Parish

Location	1981	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2021
Towns:									
Douglas	19,944	20,368	22,214	23,487	25,347	26,218	27,935	26,997	26,677
Ramsey	5,818	5,778	6,496	6,874	7,322	7,309	7,809	7,845	8,288
Peel	3,688	3,660	3,829	3,819	3,785	4,280	5,092	5,374	5,710
Castletown	3,141	3,019	3,152	2,958	3,100	3,109	3,093	3,216	3,206
Village									
Districts:									
Port Erin	2,812	2,868	3,024	3,218	3,369	3,575	3,531	3,484	3,730
Port St. Mary	1,572	1,610	1,762	1,874	1,941	1,913	1,957	1,916	1,989
Laxey	1,257	1,279	1,367	1,433	1,725	1,768	1,707	1,676	1,656
Onchan	7,879	7,949	8,483	8,656	8,803	9,172	9,283	9,128	9,039
Parish									
Districts:	4 442	4 445	4.450	4 4 4 4	4.450	1 201	1 120	4 207	1 100
Andreas	1,113	1,115	1,156	1,144	1,152	1,381	1,428	1,397	1,400
Arbory	1,651	1,610	1,661	1,622	1,714	1,723	1,750	1,847	1,899
Ballaugh	681	745	802	812	868	1,042	1,042	1,032	1,041
Braddan	2,520	1,804	2,046	2,527	2,665	3,151	3,582	3,621	3,404
Bride	413	378	418	405	408	418	400	382	359
German	1,029	1,051	1,025	1,038	1,010	995	1,024	966	1,056
Jurby	616	582	682	624	677	659	795	776	780
Lezayre	1,468	1,362	1,503	1,047	1,134	1,237	1,282	1,276	1,230
Lonan	1,126	1,139	1,232	1,292	1,393	1,563	1,533	1,579	1,647
Malew	2,080	2,054	2,216	2,140	2,262	2,304	2,387	2,167	2,367
Marown	1,290	1,281	1,553	1,564	1,879	2,086	2,309	2,246	2,220
Maughold	759	755	828	858	941	950	980	985	952
Michael	977	1,044	1,244	1,261	1,431	1,640	1,727	1,591	1,522
Patrick	1,077	1,044	1,192	1,198	1,305	1,294	1,531	1,576	1,487
Rushen	1,341	1,360	1,446	1,441	1,504	1,591	1,629	1,537	1,661
Santon	427	427	457	422	580	680	691	700	749
Total	64,679	64,282	69,788	71,714	76,315	80,058	84,497	83,314	84,069

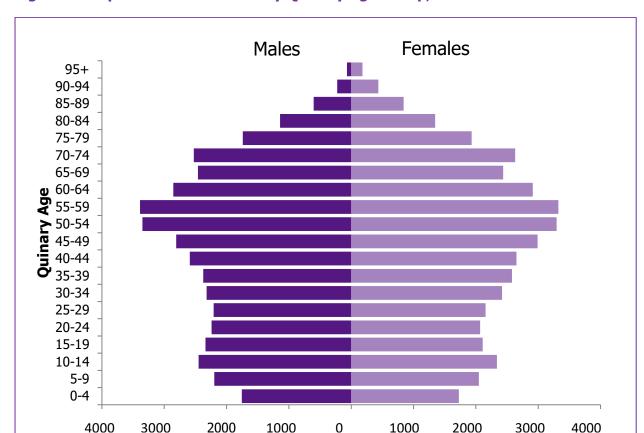


Figure 31 Population Distribution by Quinary Age Group, 2021

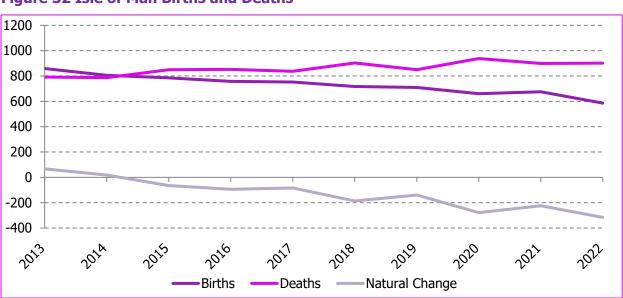
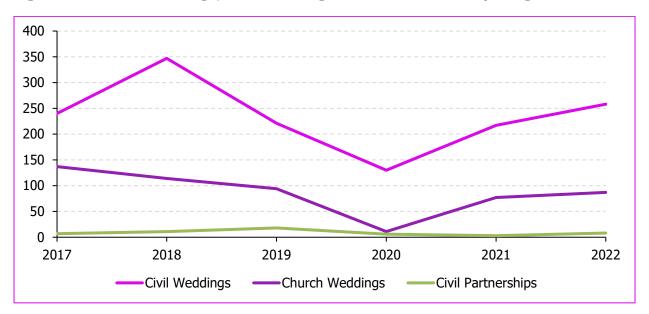


Figure 32 Isle of Man Births and Deaths

Source: Cabinet Office

During 2022, there were 586 births registered and 902 deaths, resulting in a natural change of -316 for the year.

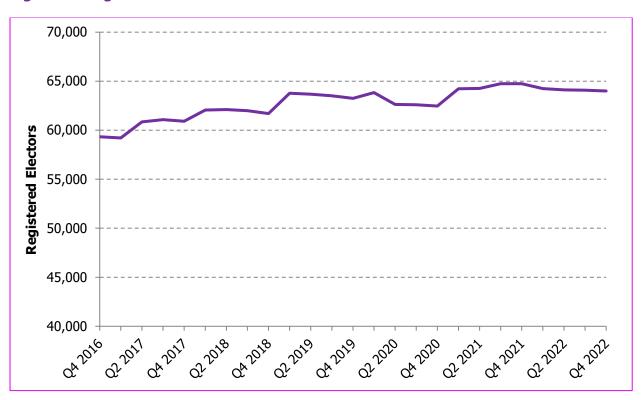
Figure 33 Church Weddings, Civil Weddings and Civil Partnerships Registered



Source: Department for Enterprise

During 2022, there were 87 church weddings, 258 civil weddings and 8 civil partnerships registered.

Figure 34 Registered Electors



Source: - Cabinet Office

As at 31 December 2022, there were 63,992 registered electors on the Isle of Man.

Table 12 Occupied Housing Stock by Size, 2021

Bedrooms	Detached House	Semi- Detached House	Terraced House	Purpose- built Flat	Flat in Converted House	Flat in commercial buiding	Other	Total
1	193	234	226	1,862	742	180	13	3,450
2	2,289	2,160	2,569	2,742	692	240	4	10,696
3	5,316	4,877	2,930	246	113	70	1	13,553
4	4,796	1,164	1,087	17	17	15	0	7,096
5	1,203	220	401	2	3	8	0	1,837
6+	322	61	192	1	4	7	1	588
Total	14,119	8,716	7,405	4,870	1,571	520	19	37,220

Table 13 Number of Households by Area of Residence, 1991-2021

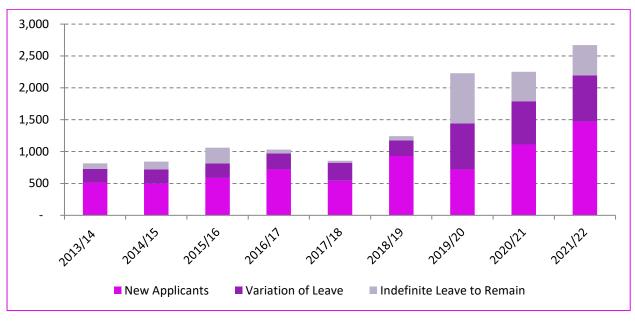
Area	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2021
Towns:							
Douglas	8,447	9,512	10,332	10,835	11,697	11,592	11,806
Ramsey	2,740	3,054	3,281	3,253	3,526	3,598	3,875
Peel	1,462	1,529	1,522	1,807	2,169	2,295	2,503
Castletown	1,237	1,225	1,284	1,291	1,350	1,434	1,493
Village Districts:							
Port Erin	1,240	1,369	1,478	1,577	1,631	1,611	1,741
Port St. Mary	710	788	803	848	864	881	930
Laxey	584	614	715	726	717	715	729
Onchan	3,349	3,532	3,680	3,882	4,000	3,974	4,054
Parish Districts							
Andreas	455	482	481	575	596	595	607
Arbory	684	685	730	737	758	805	850
Ballaugh	346	362	387	439	438	442	453
Braddan	687	896	1,000	1,227	1,349	1,346	1,358
Bride	170	165	170	176	168	181	174
German	398	417	407	406	433	417	445
Jurby	234	229	243	241	263	273	278
Lezayre	622	439	471	500	510	510	520
Lonan	502	532	556	627	621	644	674
Malew	852	863	914	936	978	959	1,068
Marown	600	630	744	811	883	863	905
Maughold	349	361	383	393	404	406	402
Michael	454	470	556	670	682	659	674
Patrick	444	458	516	506	604	611	631
Rushen	588	599	630	651	675	651	737
Santon	162	166	238	276	283	301	313
Total	27,316	29,377	31,521	33,390	35,599	35,763	37,220

Figure 35 Number of Passports Issued



During 2022 there were 7,463 passports issued.

Figure 36 Immigration Applications Received



Source: Cabinet Office

During the year to 31 March 2022 there were 2,671 immigration applications received, of which 1,471 of these were new applicants, 723 Variation of Leave applications and 477 Indefinite Leave to Remain applications.

Table 14 Naturalisation and Registration applications

Year	Applications received	Applications declined
2013/14	215	3
2014/15	85	2
2015/16	108	3
2016/17	99	3
2017/18	90	0
2018/19	149	0
2019/20	76	0
2020/21	99	0
2021/22	108	0

British citizenship is one of the six different forms of British nationality. Some of these were defined in the British Nationality Act 1981, which came into force on 1 January 1983. The forms of nationality are:

- British citizenship;
- British overseas citizenship;
- British overseas territories citizenship;
- British national (overseas);
- British protected person; and
- British subject.

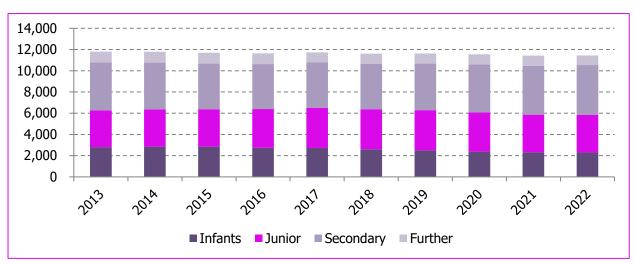
British nationality is complicated and is defined in law. Whether a person has a claim to British nationality can be determined by applying the definitions and requirements of the British Nationality Act 1981 and related legislation to the facts of their date and place of birth and descent.

Table 15 - Summary of applications received by immigration route.

Name	Entry	Further	Indefinite	Indefinite	Grand
Name	Entry				
	Clearance	Leave To	Leave to	Leave to	Total
Adult Danas dant Dalatina		Remain	Enter	Remain	
Adult Dependent Relative BN(O)- Adult Dependant		1	1	2	3 4
BN(O)- Child Dependant	5	7			12
British National Overseas	6	9			15
Business Migrant - Child Dependent	13	5			18
Business Migrant - United Dependent Business Migrant - Innovator	12	3			15
Business Migrant - Start Up	2	1			3
Business Migrant (Innovator) (Adult dependant)	7	2			9
CAS (Confirmation of Acceptance of Studies)	50	1			51
Child of a Settled Parent/Relative	1	2			3
Child of settled parent (Part 8)	1	_			1
Confirmation of Employment	620	141			761
COS (Certificate of Sponsorship)	10	111			10
Domestic Violence Victim				2	2
EEA Family Permit		1		_	1
EU Settlement Scheme		179		391	570
EUSS FAMILY PERMIT	3				3
Leave Outside The Rules	1				1
Long Residence				1	1
Non Acquisition of British Citizenship		2		6	8
Parent of a Settled Child - Appendix FM	1	1			2
Returning Resident	1				1
Settlement - Adult	4			1	5
Settlement - Child	7	3		1	11
Settlement - Partner	23	49		24	96
Tier 1 (Entrepreneur)		6			6
Tier 1 (Entrepreneur) - Adult Dependent	3	3			6
Tier 1 (Entrepreneur) - Child Dependent	5	1			6
Tier 1 (Investor) - Child Dependant	1				1
Tier 4 (Child)	21	1			22
Tier 4 (Student)	18				18
Tier 4 (Student) Adult Dependent		1			1
Tier 5 (Government Authorised Exchange)	3				3
Tier 5 (Temporary Worker)	6				6
Tier 5 Temp Worker - Adult dependant	1				1
Turkish Businessperson ECAA - Dependant		2		1	3
UK Ancestry	9			6	15
UK Ancestry - Adult Dependant	6				6
UK Ancestry - Child Dependant	5				5
Ukraine Family Scheme (VISA)	2				2
Ukraine Sponsorship Scheme	1				1
Visit Visa	130				130
Visit Visa - Business	2				2
Visit Visa - Child	6				6
Visit Visa - Marriage or Civil Partnership (includes Fiancee)	1				1
Worker (ICT) Migrant	75	67			142
Worker (ICT) Migrant - Child Dependent	3	10			13
Worker (ICT) Migrant - Child Dependent Worker (ICT) Migrant- Adult Dependent	3	12			15
Worker Migrant	176	92		24	292
Worker Migrant - Adult Dependant	85	40		8	133
Worker Migrant - Child Dependant	93	49		9	151
Worker Migrant - Health Visa	49	29			78
Grand Total	1,471	723	1	476	2,671
		,		.,,	_, _, _

Education

Figure 37 School Age Population



Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

The total school population for the Isle of Man in 2022 was 11,444, of which 2,309 were infants, 3,521 were Junior school age, 4,701 of Secondary school age and 913 in Further Education. Details relate to the beginning of the Autumn Term.

Figure 38 Percentage of students gaining 5 or more Level 2 Qualifications (including English and Maths)



Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

Note: From 2018 Level 2 qualifications include IGSCEs, GCSEs, BTEC, SQA and other qualifications, not all of these qualifications are graded A*-C.

Following the cancellation of all external examinations during Summer 2020 and 2021 due to the Covid 19 global pandemic, students were certificated by Awarding Bodies through Centre Assessed Grades

6000 5000 4000 3000 2000 1000 2014/15 2016/17 2017/18 2018119 2019/20 2020121 2013/14 ■ Linked and sampler course ■ Non-vocational afternoon and evening classes ■ Part time day release and vocational courses ■ Full time day release and vocational courses

Figure 39 Students at University College Isle of Man

Source: University College Isle of Man

During the year 2021/22 there were 1,022 full time day and vocational, 1,101 part time day release and vocational, 1,068 non-vocational afternoon and evening and 446 linked and sampler students.

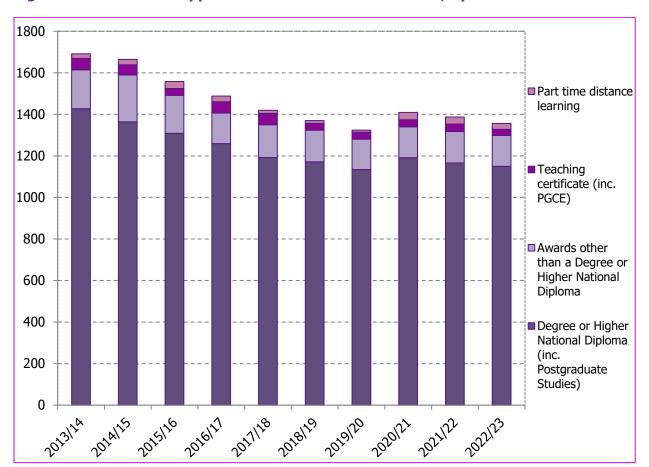


Figure 40 Number of Support Grants Provided to Students, by course

Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

In 2022/23, there were 1,150 people in receipt of grants relating to courses for a degree or Higher National Diploma (HND), 148 for those on courses for awards other than a degree or HND, 30 for courses leading to a teaching certificate and 28 for part time distance learning.

Health and Medicine

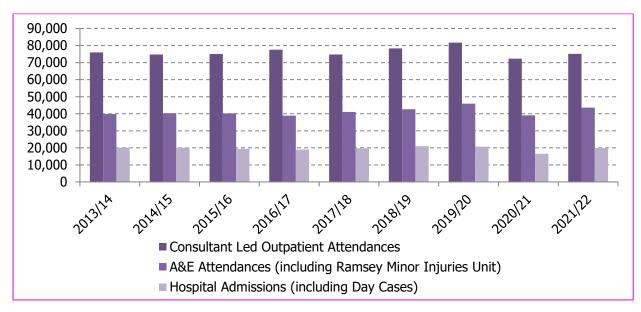
Table 16 General Practitioners and Patients

Year	Number of General Practitioners	Number of patients on lists	Average number of patients per practitioner	Number of patients over 65
2010	46.3	86,476	1,870	14,835
2011	47.0	86,925	1,851	14,946
2012	45.0	87,048	1,936	15,484
2013	45.8	87,195	1,903	16,244
2014	45.4	87,140	1,921	16,692
2015	46.5	87,026	1,871	17,132
2016	46.5	86,962	1,870	17,486
2017	44.6	87,248	1,956	17,758
2018	42.5	87,399	2,056	18,015
2019	40.4	87,790	2,173	18,314
2020	38.6*	88,151	2,283	18,592
2021	41.8	88,466	2,116	18,857
2022	40.3	88,354	2,192	19,084

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

The number of General Practitioners refers to full time equivalents and all figures are recorded at 31st March with the exception of 2020 which was recorded in June.

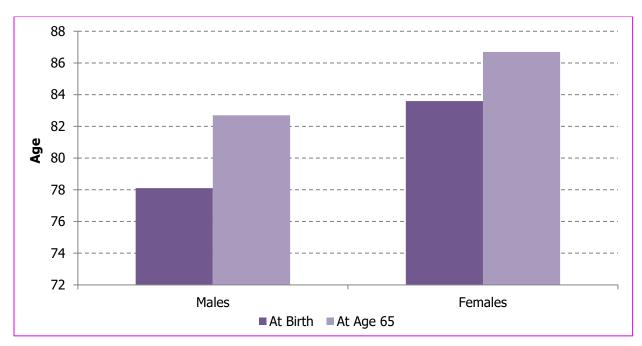
Figure 41 Noble's and Ramsey Cottage Hospital Activity (excluding Private Patients)



Source: Department of Health and Social Care

During the year to 31 March 2022, there were 75,099 consultant led outpatient attendances, 43,566 accident and emergency attendances and 19,855 hospital admissions.

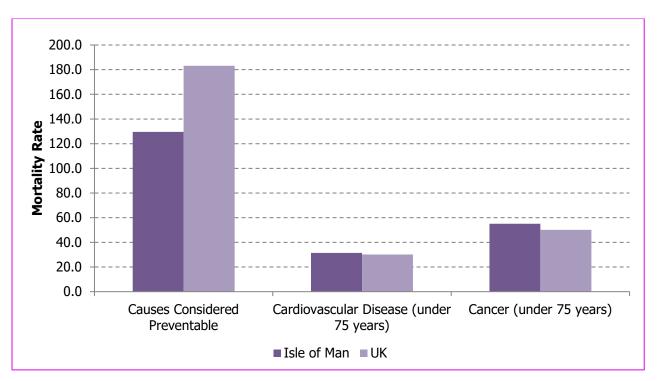
Figure 42 Life Expectancy



Source: Department of Health and Social Care, Public Health Directorate

Life expectancy for the Isle of Man has been calculated based on a 3 year period covering 2019-2021. Life expectancy for males is expected to be 78.1 years at birth and 82.7 years at age 65 in the Isle of Man. This compares to 83.6 years at birth and 86.7 years at age 65 for females.

Figure 43 Mortality Rates



Source: Department of Health and Social Care, Public Health Directorate

Mortality rates are now reported on a single year, instead of over a roling three year period like they have previously.

During 2022 there were 129.6 deaths from causes considered preventable per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 183.2 per 100,000 population in England. Cardiovascular mortality rates were 31.4 per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 30.2 per 100,000 population in England. Mortality rates for all cancers were 55.2 per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 50.1 per 100,000 population in England.

Over the period Infant mortality rates were 3.9 per 1,000 per population in the England, and 1.94 per 1,000 in the Isle of Man.

Table 17 Employment in Professional Medical Services

Year	General Practioners	NHS Dentist	Private Dentist	Opticians	District Nurses	Health Visitors
2015	53	5	27	28	59	19.0
2016	53	8	27	28	54	16.0
2017	53	7	29	29	59	15.0
2018	54	7	37	26	48	15.6
2019	52	4.73	35	27	42	14
2020	57	4.73	23	26	48	9
2021	56	29	24	34	48	8.2
2022	52				44	7.4

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

From 2021, NHS dentists include all contracted practices that offer NHS services. Previously, this has only included dentists that work in the Central Community Dental Service. Not all 2022 data was available at time of publishing.

Table 18 Mental Health Services

	No. of people open to specialist Mental Health services	Current Alcohol	Current Drugs	Both Alcohol and Drugs
2014/15	3,061	119	94	24
2015/16	3,389	118	94	20
2016/17	3,842	91	107	18
2017/18	4,260	55	175	85
2018/19	4,389	68	207	99
2019/20	4,579	143	127	35
2020/21	4,811			
2021/22	5,136	184	71	21
2022/23	5,066	145	72	30

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

The methodology of collection changed in 2021 and therefore can't be used a direct comparison to previous years.

The figures provided are based on the main reason for referral, for all new referrals to the Drug and Alcohol Team.

Keeping People Safe

800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
Crimes recorded — Crimes detected

Figure 44 Offences against the Person

Source: Department of Home Affairs

During 2022, there were 712 crimes recorded as Offences against the Person, with 267 of these being detected. Crimes detected are defined as a recorded crime where one or more persons have been identified and linked to the crime as subjects. Whilst this often results in them being charged, it does not necessarily mean they are convicted.

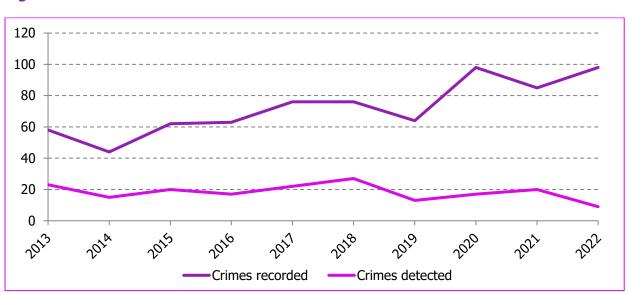
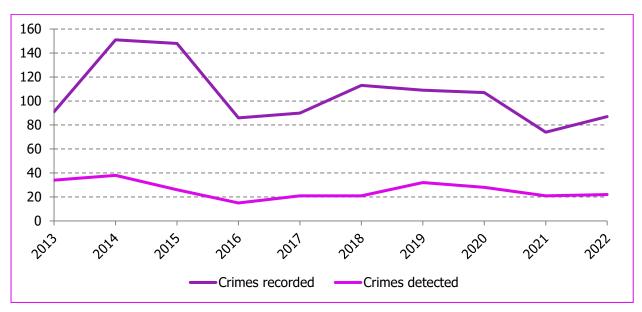


Figure 45 Sexual Offences

Source: Department of Home Affairs

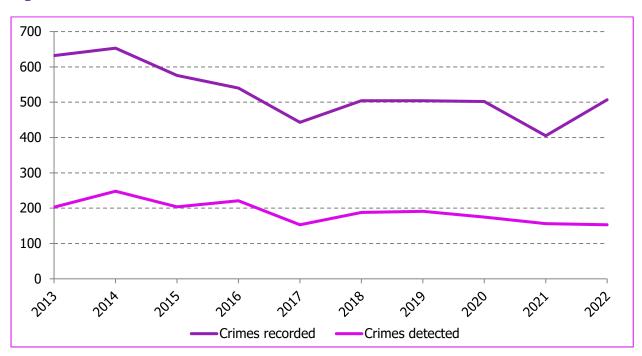
During 2022, there were 98 crimes recorded as Sexual Offences, with 9 of these being detected.

Figure 46 Burglary Offences



During 2022, there were 87 crimes recorded as Burglary Offences, with 22 of these being detected.

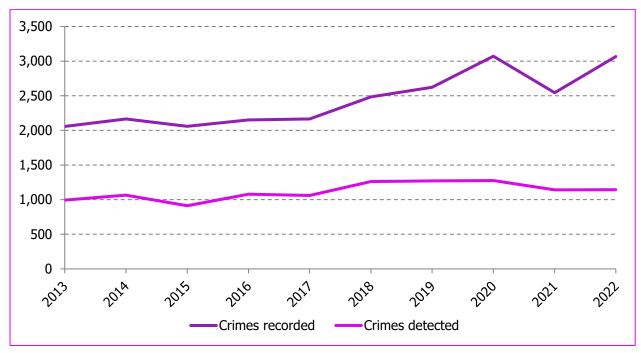
Figure 47 Theft Offences



Source: Department of Home Affairs

During 2022, there were 507 crimes recorded as Theft Offences, with 153 of these being detected. Theft Offences now include Robbery and Proceeds of Crime offences (previously in Miscellaneous and Fraud/Economic Crime categories respectively).

Figure 48 Total Offences



During 2022, there were 3,067 crimes recorded, with 1,143 of these being detected.

Figure 49 Average Prison Population



Source: Department of Home Affairs

The average prison population for 2022 was 93.

Figure 50 December 2022 Prison Population by Age

In December 2022, there was 1 prisoner under the age of 21, 32 aged 21 to 30, 29 aged 31 to 40, 21 aged 41 to 50, and 18 at 50 and above.

■Under 21 ■ 21 to 30 ■ 31 to 40 ■ 41 to 50 ■ 50+

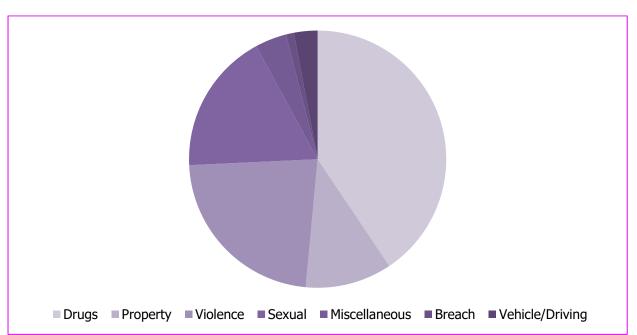
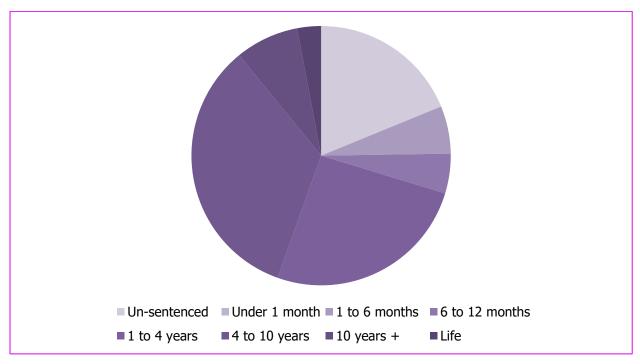


Figure 51 December 2022 Prison Population by Offence

Source: Department of Home Affairs

In December 2022, the largest offence category within the Isle of Man prison was drug offences. Of the 101 people in prison, 41 were there for drug offences.

Figure 52 December 2022 Prison Population by Length of Sentence



In December 2022 there were 45 people serving sentences of 4 years and above.

Table 19 Volume of Drugs Seized, by Type (measured in grams, unless otherwise stated)

Drug	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Heroin	157	744	280	431	624	574	962	438	93	950
Cocaine	519	2,854	18	446	569	1,862	1,295	3,856	1,361	1,013
Crack Cocaine	9	7						10	1	1
LSD	-	-	1	1			34	5	56	-
Amphetamine	-	737	1	6	21	219	5	2	-	1,621
Ecstasy	1,821	1,013	765	79	1,723	688	11,054	142	1,828	218
MDMA Crystal					244	165	34	40	32	4
Cannabis Resin	78,339	27,021	22,749	27,411	71,276	66,600	27,311	1,089	1,689	1,220
Herbal Cannabis	6,962	1,696	3,446	17,497	12,308	14,406	25,775	26,874	34,185	18,947
Cannabis Plant	144	81	58	50	24	79	29	6	90	5
Ketamine								61	421	28
Diazepam								367	722	464
Other	61	1	-	21	-	-	-	-		

Notes: The following drugs included within Other: Mephadrone, MDPV, PZP, Methyl Cathinone and BZP

- LSD and Diazepam volume is measured in tabs
- Ecstasy volume is measured in units
- Cannabis Plant volume is measured in no. plants

Table 20 Value of Drugs Seized, by Type (£)

Drug	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Heroin	15,647	74,394	28,016	43,136	62,427	57,370	96,226	43,792	9,282	95,030
Cocaine	31,115	171,234	1,093	26,756	28,459	186,244	129,547	385,615	136,061	101,323
Crack Cocaine	222	185	-	-				1,299	163	119
LSD	-	-	5	5			170	25	250	-
Amphetamine	-	16,375	5	62	213	3,285	77	27		24,321
Ecstasy	9,103	5,108	3,825	393	17,225	6,876	110,542	1,415	18,282	2,176
MDMA Crystal	-	-	-	-	12,200	6,615	1,355	1,597	1,266	152
Cannabis Resin	414,415	142,939	120,341	145,004	377,050	380,285	155,948	6,217	9,645	6,966
Herbal Cannabis	36,826	8,970	18,230	92,559	246,168	288,121	515,505	537,489	683,700	378,937
Cannabis Plant	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	6,000	44,240	16,240	3,360	50,400	2,800
Ketamine						-		2,428	16,845	1,112
Diazepam						-		367	722	464
Other	1,224	21	-	418			-			
Total	508,552	419,226	171,515	308,332	749,742	973,036	1,025,610	983,631	926,654	613,400

Values in this chart are based on average price where a range exists. This value is based purely on quantity seized and current intelligence of street value for a deal, but takes no account of purity, which for large seizures of high purity made in operations may considerably underestimate the final street value that could be achieved.

14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 0 2015 2013 2018 2014 2016 2017 2019 2020 2021 2022 ■ 999 Calls ■ GP Calls & Air Ambulance Transfers

Figure 53 Ambulance Emergency calls

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

During 2022, there were 10,587 emergency calls made to 999, and 2,394 GP calls and Air Ambulance Transfers. GP and Air Ambulance transfers includes all non emergency work, including clinics and hospital discharges.

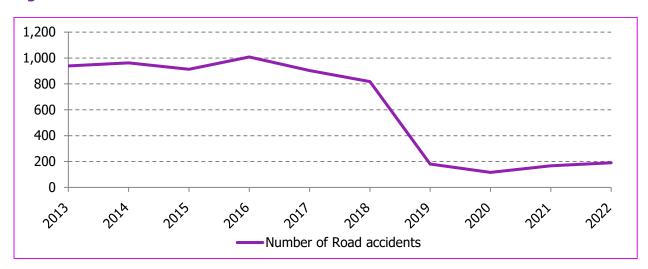


Figure 54 Number of Road Accidents

Source: Department of Home Affairs

During 2022, there were 190 personal injury collisions on the Isle of Man.

From 2019, damage only collisions are no longer recorded in the crime recording system, unless there is a clear policing purpose for doing so (for example, offences have been committed that require investigation). Therefore, we no longer report damage only collisions within the total number of collisions. To ensure this is clear we will refer to collisions as 'personal injury collisions'.

250
200
150
100
8
8
9
10
4
12
10
8
7
10
10
10

Serious Injuries — Slight Injuries — Fatalities

Figure 55 Injuries Sustained in Vehicle Accidents by Type

During 2022, there were 55 serious injuries, 166 slight injuries, and 4 fatalities due to collisions on the Isle of Man.

Data reported from 2019 onwards is relating to casualties. Therefore if a collision occurred that involved multiple casualties, they are each represented within the statistics classified by their personal injury severity. So a collision with two seriously injured casualties and one slightly injured casualty would all be counted as such, whereas prior to 2019 this would be recorded as one serious incident.

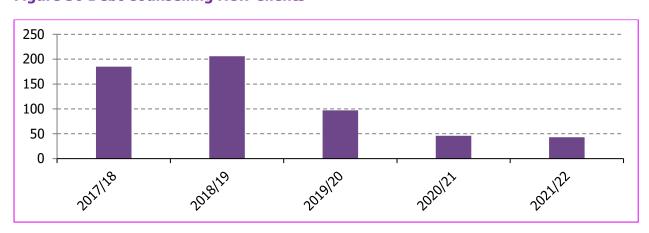


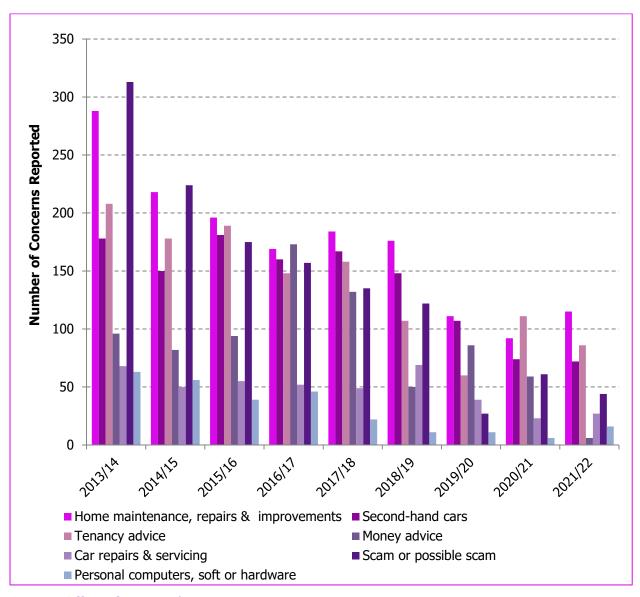
Figure 56 Debt Counselling New Clients

Source: Office of Fair Trading

Note: Data for the above years have been restated to financial years instead of calendar years.

In 2021/22 The Office of Fair Trading had 43 new debt counselling clients

Figure 57 Consumer Concerns Recorded by the OFT - Subject Matters Consistently in the Top 10



Source: Office of Fair Trading

In 2021/22 there were 115 complaints regarding home maintenance, repairs and improvements, 72 regarding second hand cars, 86 regarding tenancy advice, 6 regarding money advice, 27 regarding car repairs and servicing, 44 regarding scams or possible scams and 16 regarded personal computers, software or hardware.

"Money advice" does not include advice provided to clients of the OFT's debt counselling service.

International Development

Figure 58 International Development expenditure, by region (£)

Source: Cabinet Office

The Council of Ministers agreed in February 2017 to support the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) through a one-off donation of £973,000 to provide aid and humanitarian assistance to Syrian refugees in neighbouring countries.

This donation was made in the 2017- 2018 financial year and was provided by £654,953 which was accrued from the 2016-2017 budget, and the remaining amount of £318,047 originating out of the transition from the multi-year grant funding to the newly created International Development Partnerships budget.

Note: The annual budget for International Development since the 2018/19 financial year has been £2.5m. However, the actual amount expended during a financial year may fluctuate due to payments being staggered or delayed. The above information reflects actual expenditure in each financial year.

Total expenditure in 2020/21 was lower than budgeted due to the Covid-19 pandemic. All unspent funds at the end of the financial year were re-allocated or accrued into the 2021/22 budget to cover the cost of postponed projects due to Covid-19.

Note: Crown and External Relations confirmed the figure of £408,298.81 provided for 2020/2021 financial year was incorrect, and this error has been corrected in the graph above.

Environment and Infrastructure

Climate

Table 21 Meteorological Data 2022

Month	Average Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Total Sunshine (hours)	Total Rainfall (mm)	Highest Daily Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Lowest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Number of days of rain	Average Wind Speed (knots)
January	9.2	61.1	24.6	5.6	13.3	1.8	14.0	13.0
February	9.6	88.6	87.5	18.0	13.2	0.4	23.0	18.8
March	10.5	185.4	39.4	14.8	14.8	0.7	10.0	11.2
April	11.9	201.5	34.2	7.9	17.0	0.7	11.0	10.7
May	14.5	175.1	61.3	17.2	18.3	8.5	18.0	10.7
June	16.7	222.6	28.9	6.1	20.0	6.3	12.0	10.1
July	19.3	234.7	31.9	13.1	26.9	10.0	12.0	9.7
August	19.9	235.9	54.7	16.6	27.9	10.6	10.0	8.5
September	17.1	180.5	120.9	17.8	20.6	7.1	16.0	10.2
October	15.0	113.3	106.6	12.3	16.2	5.0	20.0	15.1
November	12.5	77.6	108.8	12.6	16.0	3.2	25.0	15.9
December	8.2	72.2	85.5	10.0	12.7	-3.1	21.0	13.2
Annual	13.7	1,848.5	784.3	18.0	27.9	-3.1	192.0	12.3

Source: Department of Infrastructure

Note: 2022 was the warmest and sunniest year for Ronaldsway sicne records began in 1947.

Table 22 Meteorological Data 1987-2020 30 year average (extremes 1947 to 2021)

Month	Average Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Average Sunshine (hours)	Average Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Daily Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Lowest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Average Days of Rain	Average Wind Speed (knots)
January	8.4	56.0	82.8	40.5	13.5	-7.8	18	15.5
February	8.3	83.9	65.1	34.5	13.2	-7.4	16	14.6
March	9.4	124.0	63.1	69.6	17.2	-6.7	16	13.2
April	11.4	177.9	54.4	38.5	20.1	-3.4	14	11.4
May	14.3	228.9	54.7	28.8	23.7	-1.4	14	10.8
June	16.5	206.9	62.9	48.7	27.5	1.4	13	9.8
July	18.2	198.3	60.1	68.9	28.9	3.9	15	9.4
August	18.1	187.6	68.2	48.1	27.8	4.8	15	9.9
September	16.5	142.6	69.9	48.0	26.5	0.6	15	11.3
October	13.8	106.5	103.0	75.1	20.3	-1.9	18	13.5
November	11.1	67.2	105.3	43.1	16.2	-4.5	20	14.5
December	9.1	48.9	95.3	51.9	14.2	-9.1	19	15.2
Annual	12.9	1,628.7	884.8	75.1	28.9	-9.1	191.6	12.4

Source: Department of Infrastructure

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Thousands of tonnes of CO₂ equivalent ■ Fluorinated gases ■ Nitrous Oxide Methane ■ Carbon Dioxide

Figure 59 Greenhouse Gas Emissions, by Type

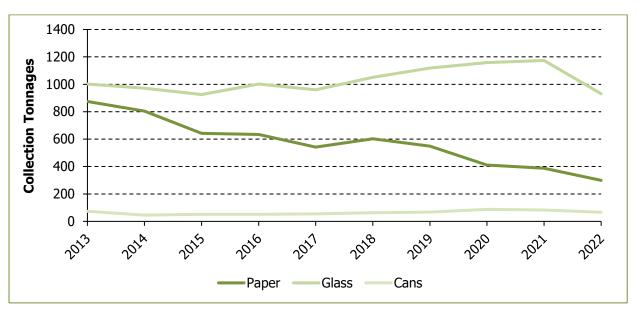
Source: Data compiled and prepared by Aether Limited, and provided by Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture.

The most recent data available concerning emissions on the Isle of Man relates to 2021. In March 2013, the Isle of Man adopted a target to reduce CO₂ emissions by 80% by 2050, which is in line with targets in the United Kingdom. In 2021, the Isle of Man produced 453.85 kilotonnes of CO₂, 99.02 kilotonnes of methane, 33.50 kilotonnes of nitrous oxide and 18.53 kilotonnes of fluorinated gases (hydrofluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride).

The data for previous years is updated each year, as the methodology for how the data is collected changes on an annual basis. Data for 2022 was not available at the time of publishing.

Waste and Recycling

Figure 60 Tonnes of Materials Recycled Collected at Bring Banks



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2022, 299 tonnes of paper, 931 tonnes of glass and 66 tonnes of cans were recycled after being collected at bring banks.

Figure 61 Kilograms of Dry Cell (Household) Batteries Recycled by Collection



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2022 a total of 7,440kg of batteries were recycled, of which 6,280kg were collected at local amenity sites, 960kg at local Co-operative stores and 200kg through schools.

60,000
50,000
40,000
10,000
10,000

20,000
10,000

■ Domestic ■ Commercial

Figure 62 Tonnes of Waste Processed at the Energy from Waste Plant

Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2021/22 there were 36,240 tonnes of domestic waste and 16,836 tonnes of commercial waste processed at the Energy from Waste Plant.

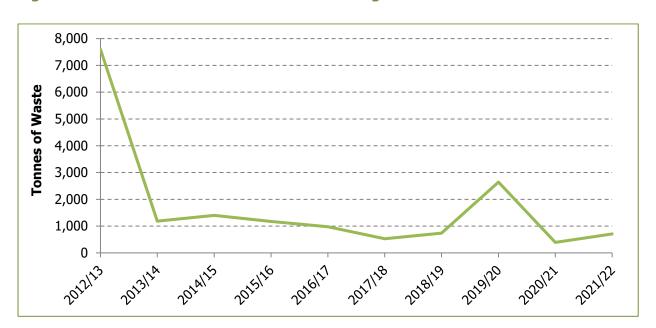


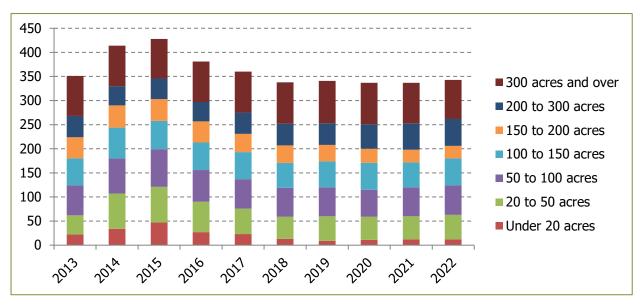
Figure 63 Tonnes of Waste Processed at the Wrights Pit North

Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2021/22, 704 tonnes of waste were processed at the Wrights Pit North. The large increases between 2011 and 2013 were caused by asbestos removal at Janets Corner.

Agriculture

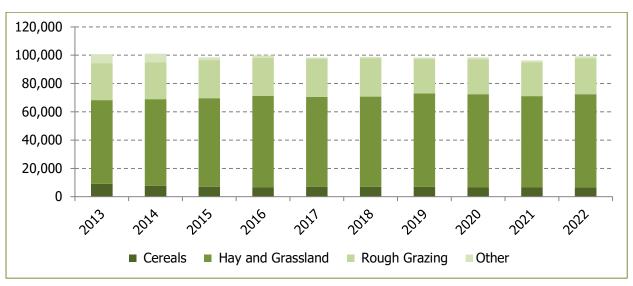
Figure 64 Agricultural Land Holdings, by Size (acres)



Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

As at 31 December 2022, there were 343 farms, of which 81 were over 300 acres in size, 56 between 200 and 300 acres, 26 between 150 and 200 acres, 56 between 100 and 150 acres, 61 between 50 and 100 acres, 51 between 20 and 50 acres and 12 farms under 20 acres in size.

Figure 65 Agricultural Land Use (acres)

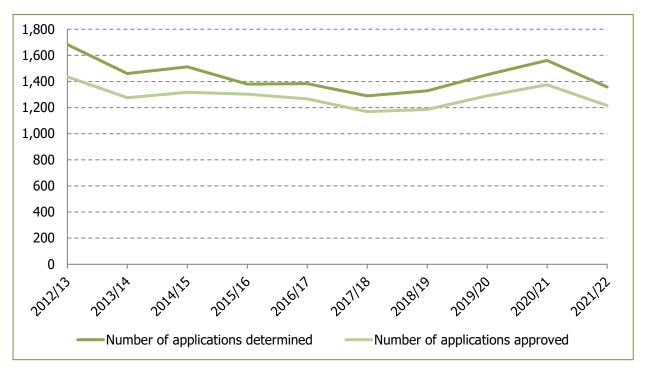


Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

As of 31 December 2022, 6,583 acres were used to grow cereals, 65,875 acres for hay and grassland, 25,372 acres for rough grazing and 1,324 acres used for other activities. There was also 3 acres for Green crops, Orchards and Miscellaneous use.

Planning and Construction

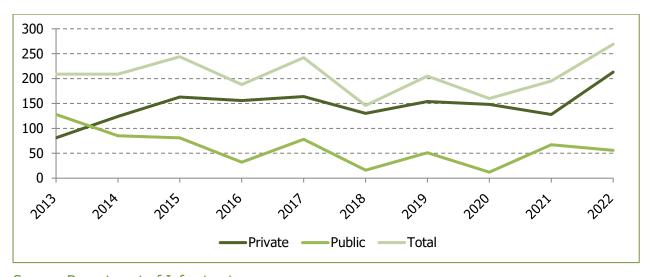
Figure 66 Planning Applications Determined and Approved



Source: Department of Infrastructure

As of March 2022, there had been 1,358 planning applications determined, 1,216 of which were approved.

Figure 67 Dwellings Completed



Source: Department of Infrastructure

Note: Private housing includes all new housing excluding affordable housing, and public housing includes first time buyer and public rented housing.

During 2022, 213 private dwellings were completed, along with 56 public dwellings.

Table 23 Occupational Injuries, by Type

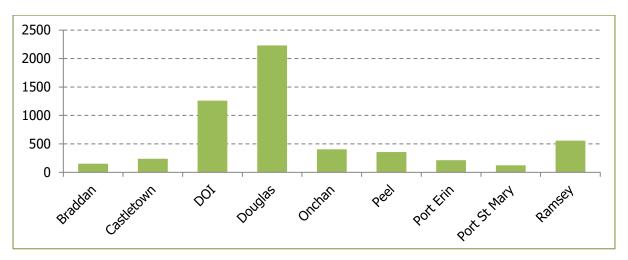
Type of injury	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Cases of fatal injury	1	2	-	2	-	2	2	1	1
Major injury	100	44	76	82	64	79	49	78	84
Over 3 day injuries	146	120	91	146	165	119	84	140	145
Dangerous	12	27	20	19	15	23	19	26	23
occurrences									
Disease	-	-	-	1	-	-	27	11	4

Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

Note: An 'Over 3 day injury' is an injury resulting in the worker being unfit for work for more than three days. What was formerly classed as a 'Serious injury', is now a 'Major injury'.

Housing

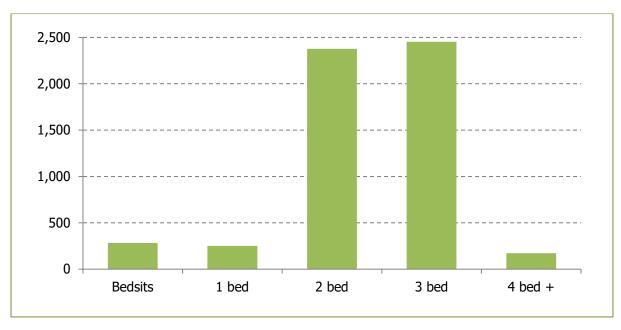
Figure 68 2022 Local Authority Housing Stock by Location



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2022, Local Authority housing stock consisted of 151 properties in Braddan, 239 in Castletown, 2,231 in Douglas, 406 in Onchan, 357 in Peel, 214 in Port Erin, 122 in Port St Mary and 557 in Ramsey, alongside 1,260 Department of Infrastructure owned properties. Rushen has four houses not included in the graph above due to the small number involved.

Figure 69 2022 Local Authority Housing Stock by Property Type



Source: Department of Infrastructure

As at 1 April 2022, Local Authority housing stock consisted of 283 bedsits, 251 one bedroom properties, 2,377 two bedroom properties, 2,453 three bedroom properties and 173 properties with four or more bedrooms.

Table 24 House Purchase Assistance Statistics

Year	First Time Buyer Transactions	Open Market Transactions	Total Assistance Paid	Average Assistance
2009-2010	29	26	£1,605,279	£29,187
2010-2011	86	12	£3,297,679	£33,650
2011-2012	41	12	£1,291,771	£24,373
2012-2013	38	13	£1,227,019	£24,059
2013-2014	72	15	£2,086,490	£23,983
2014-2015	9	14	£578,417	£25,149
2015-2016	24	25	£1,543,393	£31,498
2016-2017	13	22	£1,025,545	£29,301
2017-2018	12	17	£804,954	£27,757
2018-2019	19	11	£835,370	£27,846
2019-2020	19	7	£777,444	£29,902
2020-2021	9	11	£648,689	£32,434
2021-2022	5	7	£331,730	£27,644

Source: Department of Infrastructure

The numbers of "approved" properties fluctuate year on year as the programme for completion is determined by the developers who deliver these properties to the Department's special and technical standards, under section 13 of the Town and County Planning Act 1999. Demand for these properties also fluctuates depending on the locations available. Over 57% of those currently on the First Time Buyer Register want Douglas and the East as their area of choice for purchase.

90%
80%
70%
60%
40%
30%
20%
10%
0%

Incomes Over £26k

% of Applicants Single Persons

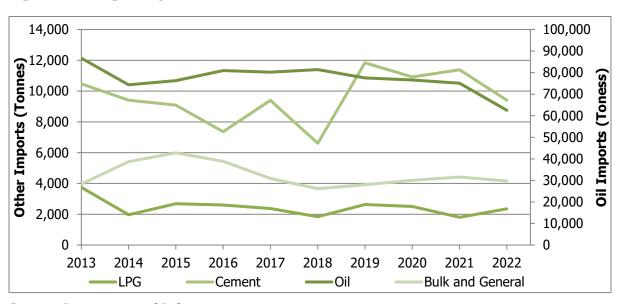
Figure 70 House Purchase Assistance Applicant Demographics

Source: Department of Infrasructure

During the financial year 2021/22, 26% of applicants for house purchase assistance were under 25 years of age, 43% earned more than £26,000 per annum and 71% were single applicants.

Freight

Figure 71 Freight imports

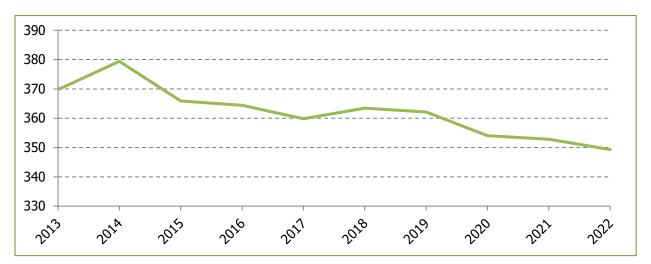


Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2022 there were 62,536 tonnes of oil, 2,355 tonnes of LPG, 9,407 tonnes of cement, and 29,725 tonnes of bulk and general imports.

Energy Production

Figure 72 Electricity: Units sold (GWH)

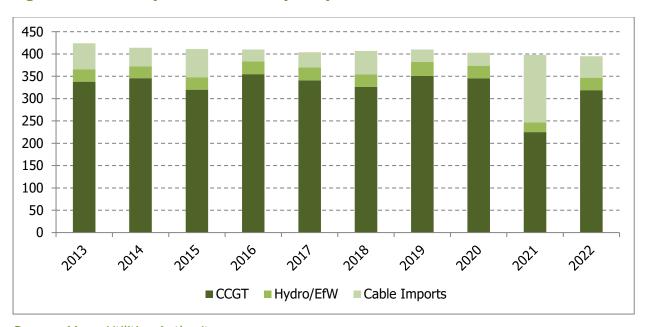


Source: Manx Utilities Authority

Note: 1GWH = 1 million kilowatt hours

During 2022, 349.3 Gigawatt hours were sold on the Isle of Man to residential, commercial and industrial customers.

Figure 73 Electricity Generation Mix (GWH)



Source: Manx Utilities Authority

To December 2022, 80% of electricity on the Isle of Man was produced by the Combined Cycle Gas Turbine facility at Pulrose, Douglas. Imported electricity made up 12% of the generation mix, with renewable sources such as Hydro power making up 7%. The remaining 1% is made up by Diesel.

50,000 48,000 46,000 44,000 42,000 40,000 38,000 36,000 2015 2013 2016 2018 2020 2014 2017 2019 2021 2022

■ Domestic ■ Commercial ■ Industrial

Figure 74 Number of Electricity Customers, by Type

Source: Manx Utilities Authority

In 2022, the Manx Utilities Authority had 43,522 domestic customers, 5,442 commercial customers and 318 industrial customers.

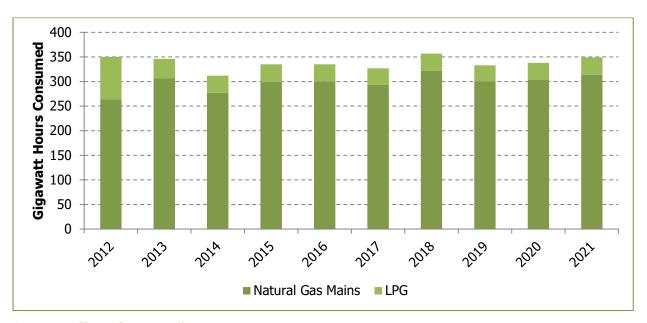


Figure 75 Number of Electricity Customer Minutes Lost

Source: Manx Utilities Authority

In 2021/22 the Manx Utilities Authority lost 15.9 average customer minutes due to faults and damages. Pre-arranged outages are not included in the figures above.

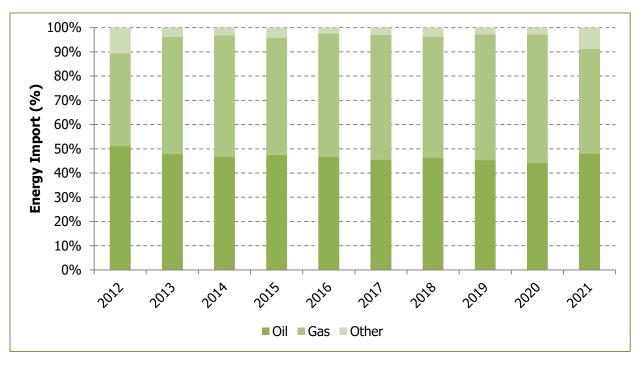
Figure 76 Gas Consumption, by Type



Source: Office of Fair Trading

During 2021, 314 Gigawatt hours of gas consumed was natural gas and 35 Gigawatt hours was LPG. The 2012 data is affected by conversion of some mains sectors from LPG to natural gas. Data for 2022 was not available at the time of publishing.

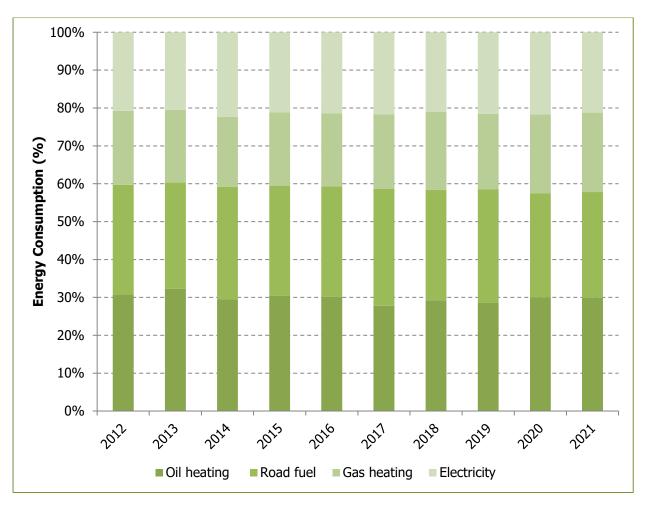
Figure 77 Fuel Types Imported into the Island



Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2021, 962 Gigawatt hours of oil, 860 Gigawatt hours of gas and 176 Gigawatt hours of other fuels were imported into the Isle of Man. Data for 2022 was not available at the time of publishing.

Figure 78 Fuel Types Consumed on Island



Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2021 there were 498 Gigawatt hours of oil, 464 Gigawatt hours of road fuel, 349 Gigawatt hours of gas and 353 Gigawatt hours of electricity consumed on the Island. Data for 2022 was not available at the time of publishing.

Water

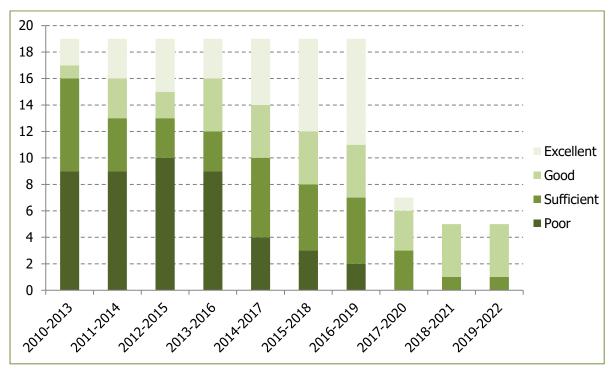


Figure 79 Bathing Water Quality at Island Beaches

Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

Note: Assessed against European Parliament Directive 2006/7/EC

Under the assessment period of 2019-2022, no beaches on the Isle of Man were deemed to have poor bathing water quality under the European Parliament directive, with one being deemed as sufficient, four as good and none as excellent.

Because of COVID the bathing water monitoring was reduced significantly in 2020, and from 2021 there was a reduction in the number of samples as there are now only five designated beaches. Samples were collected on a weekly basis from Port Erin, Port St Mary, Douglas Central, Ramsey South and Castletown.

Transport

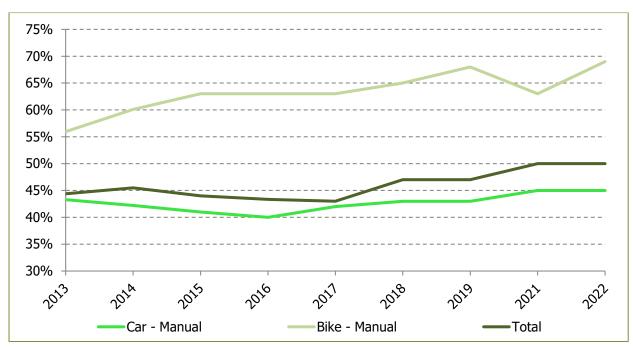
Figure 80 Numbers of Driving Tests Taken



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2022 there were 3,037 driving tests taken in the Isle of Man. This includes car, motorcycle and HGV and other driving tests.

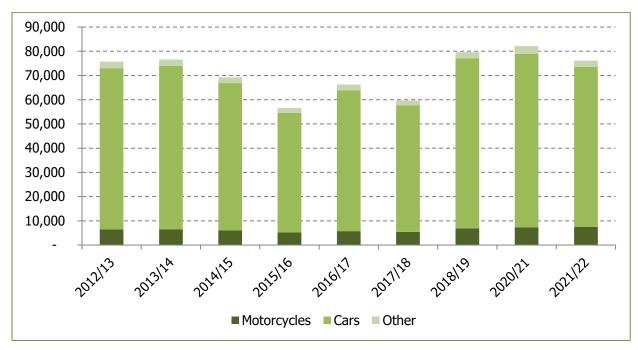
Figure 81 Driving Test pass rates by Vehicle



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2022, 45% of tests undertaken in manual cars passed, 69% of manual bikes and in total 50% of all tests were passed. Total includes all types of tests undertaken such as cars, bikes, HGVs and other vehicles.

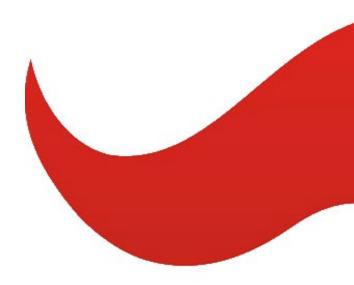
Figure 82 Vehicle Registration



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During the 2021/22 financial year, 66,075 cars, 7,506 motorcycles and 2,560 other types of vehicle were registered. The other category includes Goods, Articulated Goods, Buses/Minibuses and agricultural and plant vehicles.





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