COVID-19 Weekly Surveillance Report

11th November 2021

Public Health Directorate
This report is a summary of indicators which are used to understand the status of the current wave of COVID-19 on the Isle of Man.

This report will be published each Thursday for data up to and including the previous Sunday e.g. 12th August is for data up to 8th August.

Time periods, unless otherwise specified, will start from the 28th June which is taken to be the beginning of this current wave.

Confirmed cases are where a PCR test has returned a positive result.

The report has been compiled by the Public Health Intelligence Team using data from Manx Care and the Civil Registry.
Currently the Isle of Man is experiencing a third wave of widespread community transmission, the impact of which is significantly mitigated by the successful roll out of the vaccination programme and is being managed without recourse to statutory measures such as ‘lock down’ or non-pharmaceutical interventions. Consideration of NPIs (hands, face, space, fresh air) is encouraged for all.

A fourth wave is predicted for the UK at some point. This had been expected over Autumn/Winter but current patterns and some modelling suggests this may not now occur until later in 2022. Our patterns are also in line with this.

Following border relaxation, rates on island and patterns of incidence have, as expected, aligned with the pattern seen in the UK and this is clearly shown in the maps in this week’s report.

Over the past week, the trend towards a levelling off and fall in new infections has continued. Rates have fallen or levelled off in all age groups apart from those aged 15-19 where there has been a slight rise which may be related to schools returning after the half term break.
Autumn/Winter will likely see significant changes in mixing patterns (and hence COVID-19 and other respiratory pathogen transmission) due to people spending more time indoors with lower levels of fresh air/ventilation. Waning immunity from vaccination or previous infection will also impact on rates of spread of COVID-19 over coming months and we have not yet seen the impact of the booster programme and extension of vaccination into younger age groups.

Winter pressures on health and care may be significantly increased this year if a further wave of COVID-19 coincides with increased incidence of other seasonal respiratory infections (flu, RSV, etc) which were largely suppressed last year, including on Island, due to restrictions on mixing in place across.

The Island’s travel/border restrictions changed as of 00:01 on Thursday 16th September. As a result, we have seen a decrease in PCR tests through the UK arrivals pathway due to the easing of requirements for island residents to be tested on return to the island.
The current 7-day average for confirmed positive cases is around 37.
The current overall trend of confirmed cases is decreasing.
Most recent 7-day daily average test positivity rate is 18.5%.
The percentage of PCR tests from the LFD pathway is slightly decreasing, with percentage of UK Arrival tests slightly decreasing over the last two weeks.
89% of positive PCR tests are from the LFD pathway.
Over the last 7 days most confirmed positive cases have been in the 15 – 19 age group, most of these cases are unvaccinated.
The effective reproduction number ($R_t$) was 0.46 this week, indicating that the rate of spread of infection is currently slowing.
The snapshot census of the Hospital shows 5 patients currently admitted with a COVID positive status.
Daily and Weekly deaths continue to show a level trend overall.
Daily Positive Cases Update – Current Wave

Daily confirmed positive PCR tests

Number of daily confirmed positive PCR tests

- 7 day average
Age Group Analysis

Weekly confirmed positive PCR tests by age group (years)

Number of weekly confirmed cases

Week ending date


0 to 4
5 to 9
10 to 19
20 to 29
30 to 39
40 to 49
50 to 59
60 to 69
70 to 79
80+
Selected Age Group Analysis

Weekly confirmed positive PCR tests by selected age band (years)
The Effective Reproduction Number ($R_t$) represents the number of secondary infections generated by each case over time 't' (over a week as presented here) and can be dramatically modified by applying effective interventions.

When $R_t > 1$ there are more new infections than recoveries, thus the number of infected individuals in the population is increasing, while for $R_t < 1$ the number of infected individuals must be decreasing for the opposite reason.

The calculation of $R_t$ is as follows:\(^1\):

$$R_t (t_i) = \frac{\text{New Infections}}{\text{New Recoveries} + \text{New Deaths}}$$

The UK uses a more complex method of estimating $R_t$ which we are not able to replicate here. The use of this simplified methodology limits the robustness of comparing our $R_t$ value with UK estimates, however it provides a useful comparison between different time periods on Island. New Recoveries is calculated using the presumed 10 day recovery period from positive PCR test result.

A full table of daily $R_t$ values for the current wave is available in Appendix 1.
The Isle of Man (shown in red), has the 177th highest 7-day notification rate per 100,000 population when included in the upper tier local authorities of the UK.
The Isle of Man (shown in red), has the 339th highest 7-day notification rate per 100,000 population when included in the lower tier local authorities of the UK.
## 14-day Notification Rate Comparison

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Week ending date</th>
<th>14 day rate</th>
<th>Lower CI</th>
<th>Upper CI</th>
<th>14 day rate</th>
<th>14 day rate</th>
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<td>772.89</td>
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<td>07/11/2021</td>
<td>878.49</td>
<td>865.69</td>
<td>891.29</td>
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- The 14-day rate is calculated by totalling new confirmed cases over the past 14-day period, dividing this number by the total population, and then multiplying by 100,000 to enable area comparisons.

- Since the week ending 10/10/21, the Isle of Man has had significantly higher 14 day notification rates than the UK.
PCR Testing Update

Current 7-day positivity rate = 18.5%
Number of weekly PCR tests by testing reason, with percentage of total weekly PCR tests

- Other PCR
- LFD to PCR
- UK Arrival PCR

Week ending date

PCR Tests by Pathway

See last page for definitions
Weekly Positive Cases by Age Group

Positive confirmed cases by age band and vaccination status - last 7 days

Current available data only allows for most recent 7 days. This will be expanded in future reports.
This data will be expanded in future reports to show % of eligible population vaccinated.
Hospitalised Patients

This figure is a snapshot census of the cases in Hospital.

When broken down into vaccination status all numbers are 5 or below. Therefore, further sub-analysis of weekly figures cannot be produced due to the caveats and identifiable nature of small numbers.

**SUMMARY**

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<table>
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<tr>
<td>Total Patients</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>With COVID-19 Symptoms</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Without COVID-19 Symptoms</td>
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<table>
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<th>Vaccination Status of Hospital Admissions</th>
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<td>Fully Vaccinated (2+2)</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partially Vaccinated</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unvaccinated</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
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Daily Deaths – current wave

Numbers up to date at time of publication.

Note: Death registrations are often delayed and therefore deaths occurring in a given week may not be input into the week of which death occurred until a later date, meaning figures are likely to change retrospectively as data is updated and the most recent week’s numbers will be incomplete.

*COVID deaths are those where COVID-19 is mentioned anywhere within the death certificate.
Numbers up to date at time of publication.

*Note:* Death registrations are often delayed and therefore deaths occurring in a given week may not be input into the week of which death occurred until a later date, meaning figures are likely to change retrospectively as data is updated and the most recent week’s numbers will be incomplete.

*COVID deaths are those where COVID-19 is mentioned anywhere within the death certificate. This differs from the definition used by Public Health England, who classify a COVID death as “people who had had a positive test result for COVID-19 and dies within 28 days of the first positive test result.”
Daily Positive Cases Update – Whole Pandemic

Daily confirmed positive PCR tests

Number of daily confirmed PCR tests

17/03/2020 17/06/2020 17/09/2020 17/12/2020 17/03/2021 17/06/2021 17/09/2021
Daily Active Cases (assumed 10 day recovery period)

This data was calculated on 09/11/2021 for historic data dating back to 17/03/2020, using the current guidance of an assumed 10 day recovery period.
**Definitions**

- **Testing Pathways**
  - Other PCR = hospital, surveillance, symptomatics, other travel
  - LFD to PCR = positive LFD subsequently confirmed by PCR
  - UK Arrivals = identified arrivals from UK requiring PCR testing

- **LFD Pathway**
  - See above LFD to PCR definition

- **Vaccination Status**
  - 2 doses = those who have received two doses
  - 1 dose = those who have received one dose
  - Current available data doesn’t allow for confirmation that those who’ve had 2 doses are fully vaccinated i.e. 2+2
## Appendix 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Daily $R_t$</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Daily $R_t$</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Daily $R_t$</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Daily $R_t$</th>
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<th>Daily $R_t$</th>
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<td>6.00</td>
<td>20-Jul</td>
<td>11.67</td>
<td>08-Aug</td>
<td>0.67</td>
<td>27-Aug</td>
<td>0.54</td>
<td>15-Sep</td>
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<td>04-Oct</td>
<td>1.76</td>
<td>23-Oct</td>
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<td>16-Sep</td>
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$R_i$ Area Comparison data has been removed from this week’s report due to source data for UK areas not being updated past week ending 24/10/2021. The removal of this data until updated data can be provided maintains the timeliness and accuracy of analysis.