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Introduction

The Isle of Man in Numbers 2018 presents a comprehensive range of economic and social data relating to the Isle of Man.

The following tables and charts contain the most recent data available and cover areas of public interest, including finance and commerce, transport and communications, population and employment.

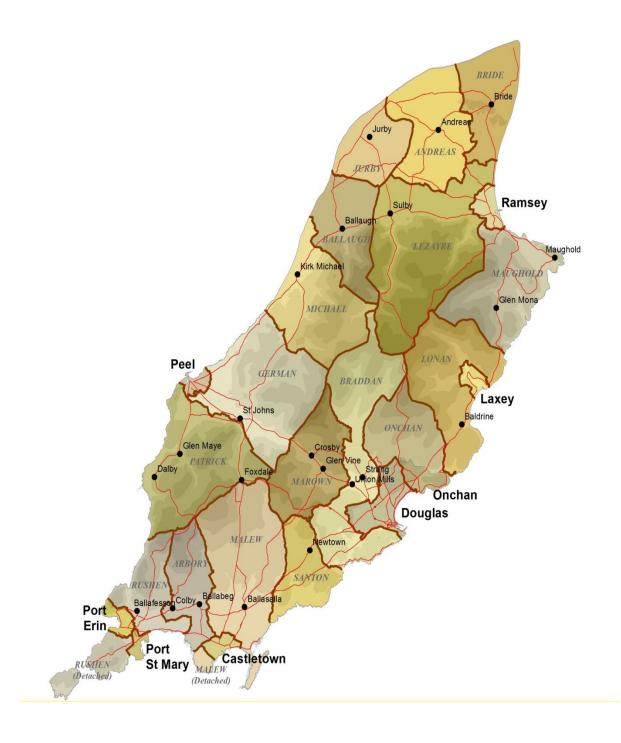
The information contained in this publication is provided in broadly two ways. In part it is generated by Economic Affairs itself, through exercises such as the Census, the Passenger Survey and the Earnings Survey. All other information is provided by a wide range of contributors within other Departments, Boards and Offices of Government.

Data tables are available on the Isle of Man Government website at: https://www.gov.im/about-the-government/departments/cabinet-office/economic-affairs-division/

Additional information may be obtained from:

Economic Affairs, Cabinet Office, Government Office, Bucks Road, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM1 3PN

Telephone: 01624 685743 Website: www.gov.im E-mail: economics@gov.im



The Island is a Crown Dependency which through its ancient parliament, Tynwald, enjoys a high degree of domestic legislative and political autonomy. Dating back to Viking origins over one thousand years ago, the Isle of Man Tynwald is the oldest continuously operating legislature in the world.

The Island, at 221 square miles, is home to 83,314 people and occupies a central position in the Irish Sea and the British Isles, sitting between England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. The Island is split into 24 districts comprised of 16 parishes, 4 towns and 4 villages, which all have individual local government boards, or commissioners.

Table 1 The Isle of Man Government

	Tynwald Court
Tynwald	House of Keys
	Legislative Council
	Cabinet Office
	Enterprise
	Education, Sport and Culture
Departments	Environment, Food and Agriculture
opar amena	Health and Social Care
	Home Affairs
	Infrastructure
	Treasury
	Communications Commission
	Financial Services Authority
Statutom	Gambling Supervision Commission
Statutory Boards	Isle of Man Office of Fair Trading
	Isle of Man Post Office
	Manx Utilities Authority
	Public Sector Pensions Authority
	Attorney General's Chambers
Offices	General Registry
	Isle of Man Information Commissioner

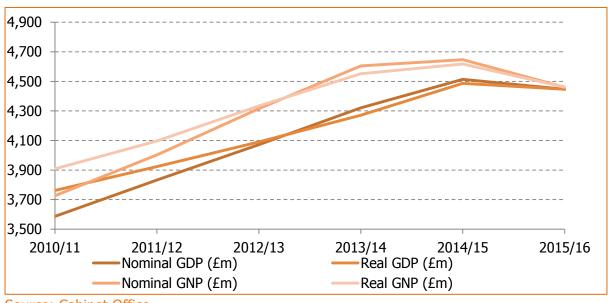
Table 2 Key Data

	Key economic indicators
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (2015/16)	£4.45bn
Consumer Price Index (CPI) (December 2017)	4.1%
Retail Price Index (RPI) (December 2017)	6.9%
Total number in employment (December 2017)	35,082
Registered unemployment rate (December 2017)	0.8%
Average weekly earnings (June 2017)	£760
Median weekly earnings (June 2017)	£558
	Key social indicators
Population (April 2016)	83,314
Average property price (Dec 2017)	£268,220
Recorded criminal offences (2017)	2,168
International aid (March 2017)	£1,963,270
Number of births (2017)	753
Number of deaths (2017)	837
Кеу	environmental indicators
Electricity consumption (2017, GWH sold)	359.8
Total treated water (2017, Million litres)	10,356
Greenhouse gas emissions (Thousands of tonnes, 2014)	793.41

Our Economy

National Income

Figure 1 Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Product



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 3 Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Income (ESA 10 Methodology)

Year	Nominal GDP (£m)	Change		Nominal GNP (£m)	Real GNP (£m)	GNP Change (%)
2010/11	3,587	3,762		3,726	3,908	
2011/12	3,833	3,923	4.3%	4,003	4,097	4.8%
2012/13	4,072	4,090	4.3%	4,315	4,334	5.8%
2013/14	4,321	4,271	4.4%	4,605	4,552	5.0%
2014/15	4,514	4,486	5.0%	4,647	4,618	1.4%
2015/16	4,446	4,446	-0.9%	4,460	4,460	-3.4%

Source: Cabinet Office

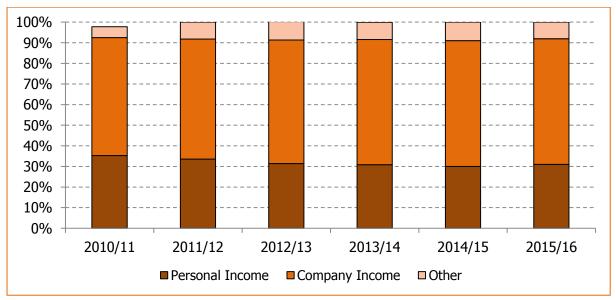
The Isle of Man prepares its National Income accounts using the income method for Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Gross National Product (GNP). This measure is therefore the sum of the Island's income (employed and self-employed income, company profits, rental income and profits from Government corporations). This measure is seen as one of the principal measures of economic performance for the Isle of Man.

Gross National Product is GDP plus income coming to, and leaving the Isle of Man through residents, non-residents and businesses.

Real GDP and GNP take into account the effects of inflation and the data has been presented in monetary values equivalent to March 2016, using the Consumer Price Index.

The GDP and GNP figures above are calculated using ESA10 methodology and therefore the percentage changes for 2013/14 and 2014/15 may not correspond to those published previously under ESA95 methodology.

Figure 2 Contributions to GDP



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 4 Nominal Contribution to GDP (£ million)

Year	Personal Income	Company Income	Other	GDP
2010/11	1,264	2,053	190	3,587
2011/12	1,286	2,233	314	3,833
2012/13	1,279	2,441	363	4,072
2013/14	1,334	2,622	364	4,321
2014/15	1,360	2,770	384	4,514
2015/16	1,377	2,711	357	4,446

Table 5 Real Contribution to GDP (£ million)

Year	Personal	Company	Other	GDP
	Income	Income		
2010/11	1,326	2,154	200	3,762
2011/12	1,316	2,286	321	3,923
2012/13	1,274	2,452	364	4,090
2013/14	1,319	2,592	360	4,271
2014/15	1,351	2,753	382	4,486
2015/16	1,377	2,711	357	4,446

Real GDP contribution takes into account the effects of inflation and the data has been presented in monetary values equivalent to March 2016.

Labour Market

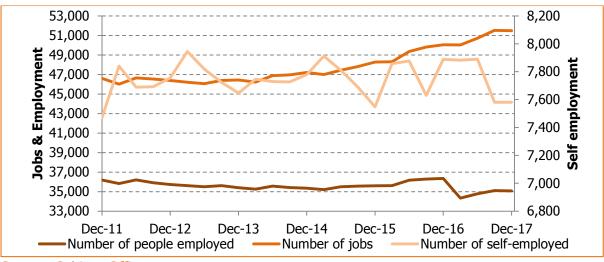
Figure 3 Economically Active Population, by Sex, by Employment Status, 2016



Source: Cabinet Office

The economically active population is defined as those who are currently employed, self-employed or actively seeking work. According to the 2016 Census, the total economically active population in 2016 was 42,777. Multiple responses were possible in the Census, figure 3 above includes those who classified themselves in multiple categories, therefore the sum of the graph will be greater that the total economically active population.

Figure 4 Working Population and Jobs



As at December 2017, the number of people in employment stood at 35,082 in 51,493 jobs. There were also 7,581 people who were self-employed. A person can be classified as both in employment and self-employed and so the total will be higher than the total of the economically active population. The number of self-employed should be read against the right hand axis.

Figure 5 Unemployment



Source: Cabinet Office

Unemployment as at December 2017 stood at 0.8% of the economically active population, or 335 people, of which 230 were men and 105 were women.

The Isle of Man rate of unemployment is calculated on a claimant count basis. Some other jurisdictions use various different methods, including the International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of unemployment, which includes those people who may be actively seeking

work, but not registered as such. Since the 2016 Census the Isle of Man has produced an estimate of the ILO unemployed rate. For December 2017, the estimated ILO unemployed rate was 1.8% or 780 persons.

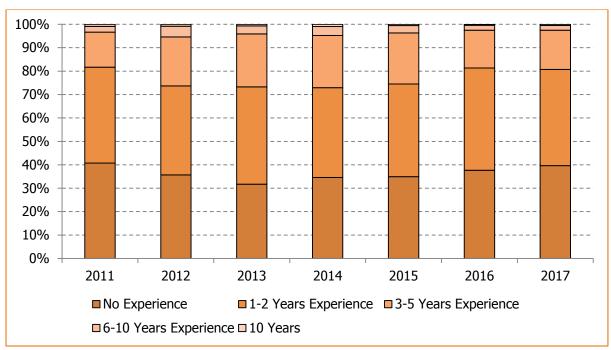
100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 ■ No Qualifications ■ Up to 4 GCSEs ■ 5 GCSEs or more at A to C ■ A-Levels □ Degree □ Post-Graduate

Figure 6 Job Vacancies by Required Experience

Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2017 of the 10,263 jobs advertised through the Jobcentre, 5,792 required no qualifications, 975 required up to 4 GCSEs at grade A to C or equivalent, 1,565 required 5 GCSEs at grade A to C or equivalent, 802 required A-Levels or equivalent, 454 required a degree or equivalent and 675 required a postgraduate qualification.

Figure 7 Job Vacancies by Required Qualifications



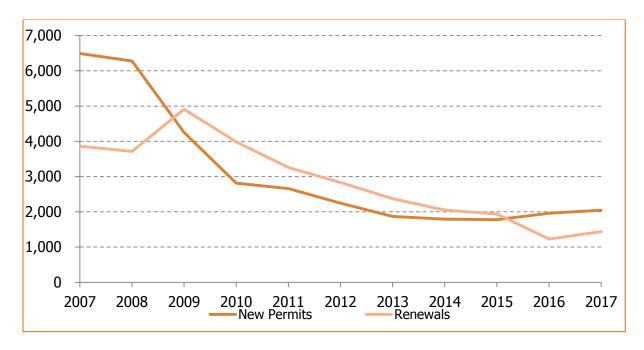
Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2017 there were 10,263 jobs advertised through the Jobcentre. 4,066 required no experience, 4,217 required 1-2 years of experience, 1,721 required 3-5 years of experience, 209 required 6-10 years of experience and 50 required at least 10 years of experience.

Table 6 Employment by Sector 1951 to 2016

Industrial Sector	1951	1961	1971	1981	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Agriculture, forestry, fishing	2,542	1,911	1,433	1,412	1,240	938	543	642	850	810
Manufacturing	694	435	3,111	3,467	3,348	3,562	3,185	2,248	2,295	1,915
Construction	3,073	1,664	2,755	2,921	3,404	3,372	2,512	3,374	3,352	3,536
Gas, electricity and water	616	465	504	496	513	462	515	603	878	492
Transport and communication	2,180	1,875	2,122	2,624	2,437	2,693	3,331	3,809	3,037	2,442
Wholesale distribution		672	845	867	851	781	728	905	821	429
Retail distribution	3,315	2,411	2,696	2,687	2,993	2,911	3,644	3,645	3,683	3,253
Insurance, banking, finance and										
business services	357	370	760	1,515	4,353	5,941	8,959	9,395	9,444	10,057
Professional, educational,										
medical and scientific services	1,576	1,702	2,690	3,737	5,438	6,081	7,296	8,060	8,917	9,427
Tourist accommodation	-	-	1,451	987	856	765	743	362	679	629
Other catering and										
entertainment	4,605	4,344	678	996	1,403	1,156	2,116	1,897	2,129	1,735
Miscellaneous services	-	-	1,954	2,530	2,849	2,768	2,373	3,075	3,382	3,884
Public administration	1,870	1,250	1,134	1,625	2,144	2,147	3,105	2,898	3,058	3,027
Not stated or inadequately										
described		146							609	
Total	20,828	17,245	22,133	25,864	31,829	33,577	39,050	40,913	43,134	41,636

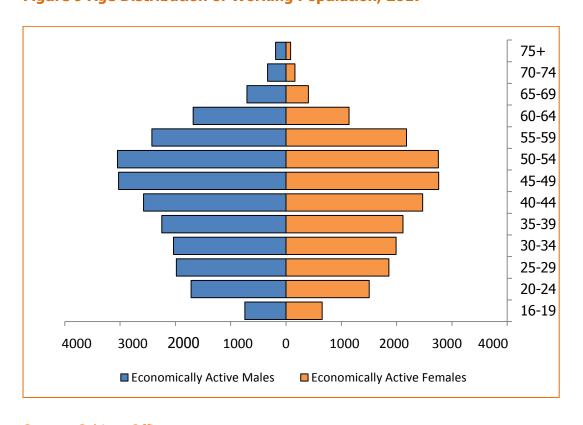
Figure 8 Work Permits Issued



Source: Department of Enterprise

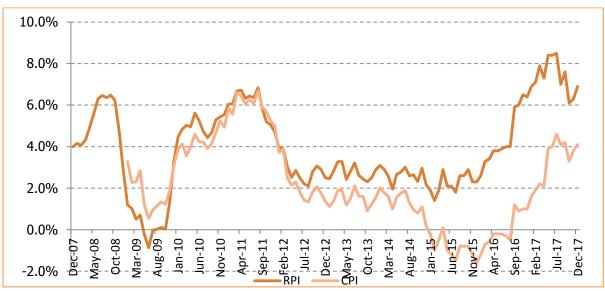
During 2017 there were 2,047 new permits issued, with 1,438 renewals also occurring during the year.

Figure 9 Age Distribution of Working Population, 2017



Inflation

Figure 10 Annual Rate of Inflation



Source: Cabinet Office

Note: The Isle of Man only began producing the CPI in 2008, with the first percentage rate produced in January 2009.

Table 7 RPI and CPI Reflation Factors (December 2017)

Year	RPI	CPI
2005	1.576	
2006	1.528	
2007	1.469	
2008	1.430	
2009	1.384	1.175
2010	1.312	1.119
2011	1.253	1.066
2012	1.223	1.051
2013	1.189	1.036
2014	1.164	1.035
2015	1.137	1.051
2016	1.069	1.041
2017	1.000	1.000

Source: Cabinet Office

The reflation factors shown in Table 7 can be used to convert a price or monetary value into real, or today's money, by multiplying by the appropriate reflationary factor. For example using the CPI as the main inflationary measure, £100 in 2010 is the equivalent to £111.90 in 2017 (£100 x 1.119). This means that to buy the same amount of goods and services in 2010, you would need £111.90 in 2017. The Isle of Man only began producing the CPI in 2008.

Table 8 RPI and CPI - Annual Rate of Inflation (%)

RPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2007	3.4	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.0
2008	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.6	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.2	4.7	2.8
2009	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.7	-0.2	-0.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.3	3.3
2010	4.5	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.6	5.3	4.7	4.4	4.7	5.3	5.4	5.5
2011	6.0	6.1	6.7	6.7	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.8	5.9	5.2	5.0	4.7
2012	4.0	3.9	3.0	2.5	2.9	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.8	3.1	2.9	2.5
2013	2.5	2.8	3.3	3.3	2.4	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.9
2014	3.1	2.9	2.6	1.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.3	3.0	2.2
2015	1.9	1.4	1.9	2.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.3
2016	2.6	3.3	3.4	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.0	5.9	6.0	6.5	6.4
2017	6.9	7.1	7.9	7.3	8.4	8.4	8.5	7.0	7.6	6.1	6.3	6.9

CPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2009	3.3	2.3	2.3	2.8	1.2	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.9	3.1
2010	3.9	4.1	3.6	4.0	4.6	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.1	4.7	5.2	4.9
2011	5.8	5.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.3	6.1	6.7	5.9	5.7	5.2	5.0
2012	3.7	3.9	2.5	2.1	2.3	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.4
2013	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.2	1.5	2.1	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.2	1.5
2014	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.2
2015	-0.2	-1.0	-0.5	0.1	-1.0	-1.2	-1.5	-0.8	-0.8	-0.8	-1.2	-1.6
2016	-1.2	-0.7	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.0
2017	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.1	3.9	4.0	4.6	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.8	4.1

Table 9 RPI and CPI Indices

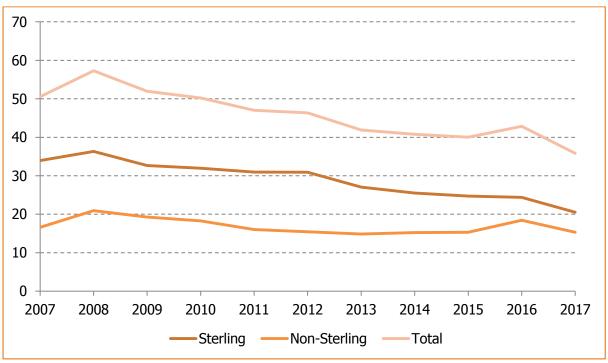
RPI												
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2007	125.7	126.1	126.3	127.2	127.8	128.1	128.0	128.4	128.9	129.1	129.6	130.2
2008	130.9	131.2	131.7	133.5	134.9	136.2	136.3	136.6	137.1	137.2	135.7	133.8
2009	132.5	132.5	132.4	134.4	134.6	135.0	136.2	136.6	137.2	137.2	137.5	138.2
2010	138.4	138.9	139.0	141.1	142.2	142.1	142.7	142.7	143.7	144.5	145.0	145.8
2011	146.8	147.4	148.3	150.6	151.1	151.3	151.8	152.4	152.1	152.0	152.3	152.7
2012	152.6	153.1	152.8	154.4	155.5	155.0	155.1	155.6	156.3	156.7	156.7	156.4
2013	156.4	157.5	157.8	159.4	159.2	159.4	160.1	159.7	160.2	160.3	160.6	160.9
2014	161.2	162.1	161.9	162.5	163.5	163.8	164.9	163.8	164.4	164.0	165.4	164.4
2015	164.3	164.3	165.0	167.2	166.9	167.2	167.8	168.2	168.6	168.8	169.1	168.2
2016	168.7	169.7	170.6	173.5	173.3	173.8	174.5	174.9	178.5	179.0	180.1	178.9
2017	180.3	181.8	184.1	186.2	187.8	188.4	189.3	187.2	191.9	189.9	191.5	191.3

CPI	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
2008	100.0	101.2	101.7	102.2	104.0	104.9	104.8	104.7	104.9	105.0	104.3	103.7
2009	103.3	103.5	104.0	105.1	105.2	105.5	105.8	105.9	106.3	106.3	106.3	106.9
2010	107.3	107.7	107.7	109.3	110.0	109.9	110.2	110.0	110.7	111.2	111.8	112.2
2011	113.6	113.7	114.8	116.3	116.7	116.8	116.9	117.4	117.3	117.6	117.7	117.8
2012	117.8	118.2	117.7	118.8	119.4	118.9	118.6	119.0	119.4	120.0	119.8	119.5
2013	119.0	119.8	119.9	120.9	120.7	120.6	121.0	120.7	121.2	121.1	121.0	121.2
2014	121.3	121.9	121.8	122.1	122.6	122.7	123.3	122.3	122.4	121.9	122.3	121.4
2015	121.2	120.7	121.2	122.3	121.3	121.2	121.4	121.3	121.4	120.9	120.9	119.5
2016	119.7	119.9	120.4	122.0	121.0	121.0	121.0	120.7	122.9	122.1	122.0	120.7
2017	121.6	122.2	123.1	124.6	125.8	125.8	126.6	125.6	128.0	126.1	126.6	125.6

Note: January 2000 = 100 for RPI.

Company Activity

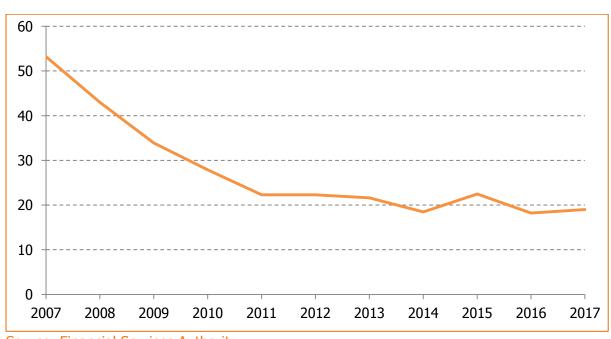
Figure 11 Bank Deposit Base (£ bn)



Source: Financial Services Authority

As of December 2017, sterling bank deposits stood at £20.51bn, non-sterling at £15.30bn, with total deposits standing at £35.81bn.

Figure 12 Funds under Management (US\$ bn)



Source: Financial Services Authority

As of December 2017, Funds under Management amounted to US\$ 19.0bn.

Figure 13 Authorised Insurers, by type

Source: Financial Services Authority

As at December 2017, the total number of authorised insurers on the Isle of Man was 124, with 83 of these licences relating to Captive Insurers and 15 to Life Insurance.

■ Life ■ Captive ■ General ■ Reinsurance ■ Composite ■ Mutual

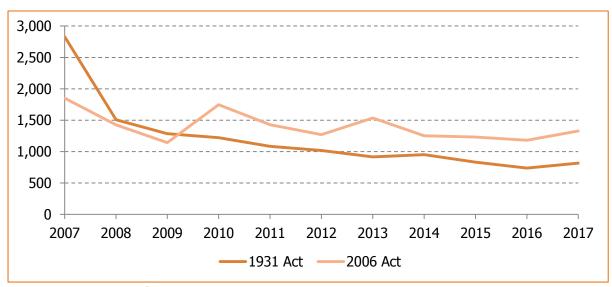


Figure 14 New Company Registrations

Source: Department for Enterprise

During 2017, 817 new companies were registered under the 1931 Act, along with 1,328 companies under the 2006 Act.

35,000 25,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

Figure 15 Total number of Companies Registered on the Isle of Man

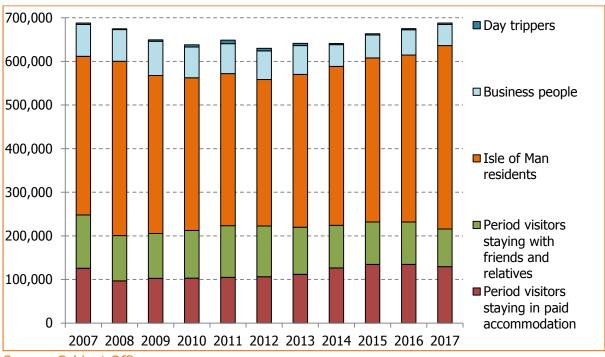
Source: Department for Enterprise

At the end of 2017, there were 17,090 companies registered under the 1931 Act and 9,570 companies registered under the 2006 Act on the Isle of Man.

■1931 Act ■2006 Act

Passenger Movements and Tourism

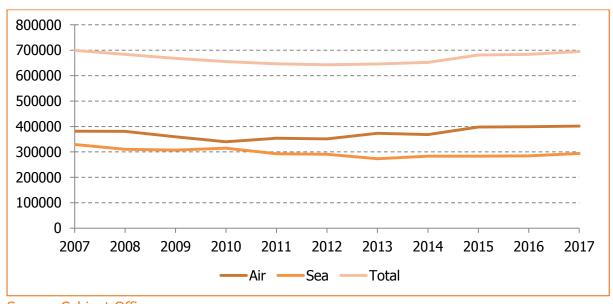
Figure 16 Scheduled Passenger Departures by Category



Source: Cabinet Office

During 2017, there were 687,981 passenger departures from the Isle of Man. Isle of Man residents made up 421,131 of these passengers, with 129,860 passengers staying in paid accommodation on the Island 85,623 staying with friends or family, 48,157 business visitors and 3,210 day trippers. The figures above exclude cruises and around the Island cruises and may not match those published elsewhere for this reason.

Figure 17 Passenger Arrivals by Mode of Travel



During 2017 total arrivals to the Isle of Man were 695,397 with 401,642 arrivals by air and 293,755 arrivals by sea. The figures above exclude cruises and around the Island cruises and may not match those published elsewhere for this reason.

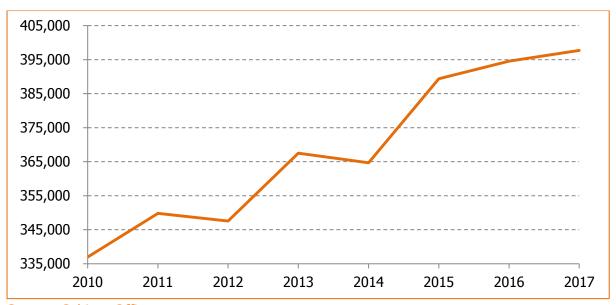
850,000 800,000 750,000 700,000 650,000 600,000 2007 2009 2010 2008 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Scheduled passenger movements -Total passengers

Figure 18 Passenger Traffic by air

Source: Cabinet Office

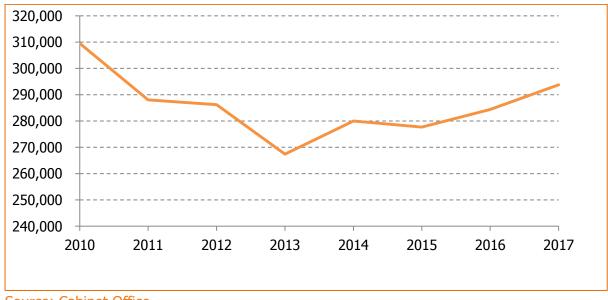
Passenger movements are the combination of both those arriving at and departing from the airport. During 2017, 799,377 passengers passed through the airport on scheduled flights, with a total of 807,338 passengers doing so during the year. Non-scheduled passenger traffic includes chartered or private flights and any military flights.

Figure 19 Passenger Departures by Air



During 2017, there were 397,735 departures by air from the Island.

Figure 20 Scheduled Passenger Departures by Sea



Source: Cabinet Office

During 2017, there were 290,240 departures by sea from the Island.

Figure 21 Area of Residence of Visitors Staying in Paid Accommodation, 2017

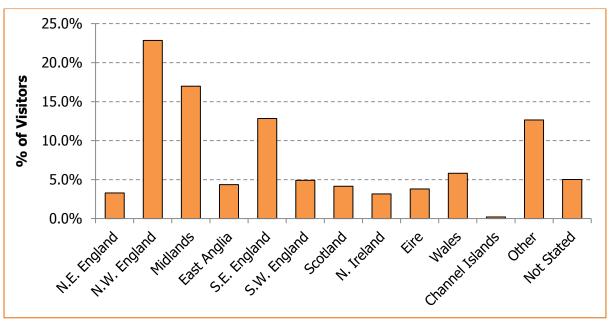
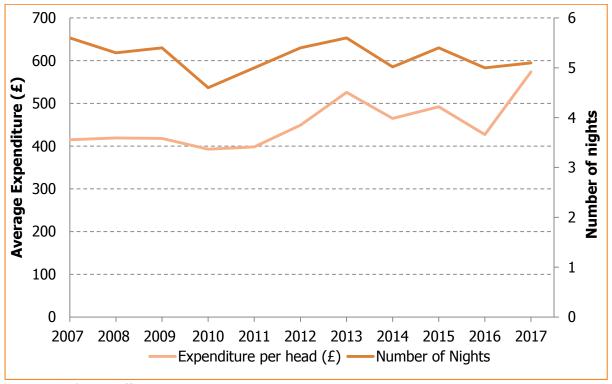


Figure 22 Average Expenditure per head and Average Length of Stay

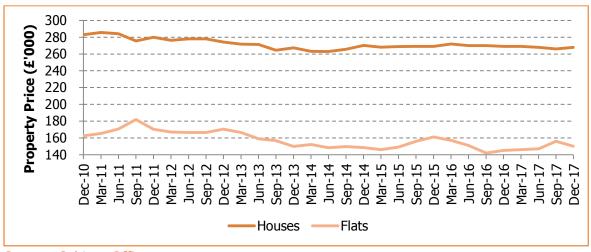


Source: Cabinet Office

In 2017 the average length of stay for visitors staying in paid accommodation was 5.1 nights, the expenditure per head was £574, and average expenditure per head per day £111.89.

Housing Market

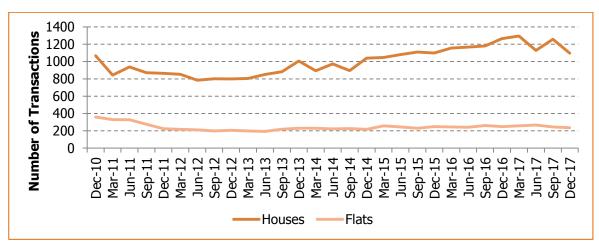
Figure 23 Average Property Price (£'000)



Source: Cabinet Office

For the 12 months to December 2017, the average house price in the Isle of Man stood at £268,220 and the average flat price was £149,991. The data is calculated on the basis of a 12 month rolling average to the end of each quarter. Data relating to 2017 is provisional and may be subject to change.

Figure 24 Number of Property Transactions

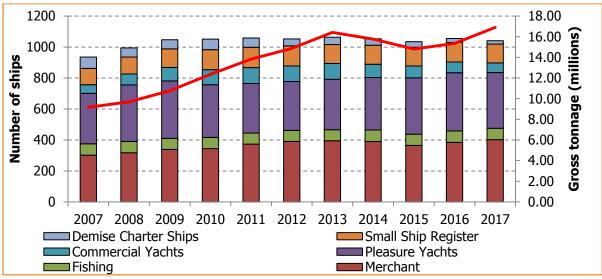


Source: Cabinet Office

For the 12 months to December 2017, 1,257 house transactions were lodged with the Land Registry, and 236 flat transactions. The data is calculated on the basis of a 12 month rolling average to the end of each quarter. Data relating to 2017 is provisional and may be subject to change.

Shipping Registries

Figure 25 Ship Registry

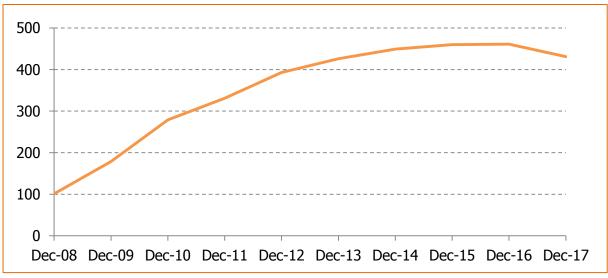


Source: Department for Enterprise

As at 31 December 2017, there were 402 merchant ships, 74 fishing vessels, 359 pleasure yachts, 63 commercial yachts and 22 demise charter ships registered in the Isle of Man. The Small Ship Register also had 121 ships registered at the end of the year. The gross tonnage for all ships registered amounted to 16.91(millions) tonnes.

Aircraft Registries

Figure 26 Aircraft Registry

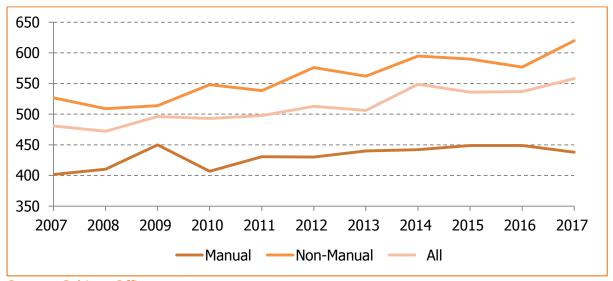


Source: Department for Enterprise

As at the 31 December 2017 the total number of aircraft registered in the Isle of Man was 431.

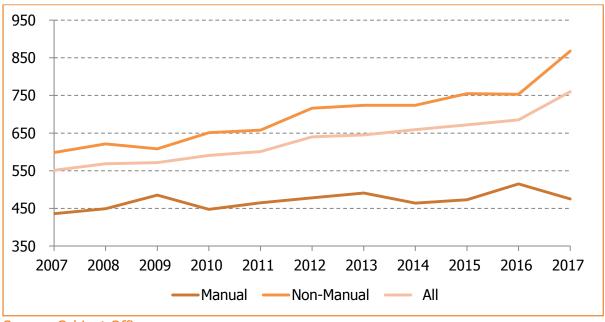
Earnings

Figure 27 Median Weekly Earnings (£)



Source: Cabinet Office

Figure 28 Average Weekly Earnings (£)

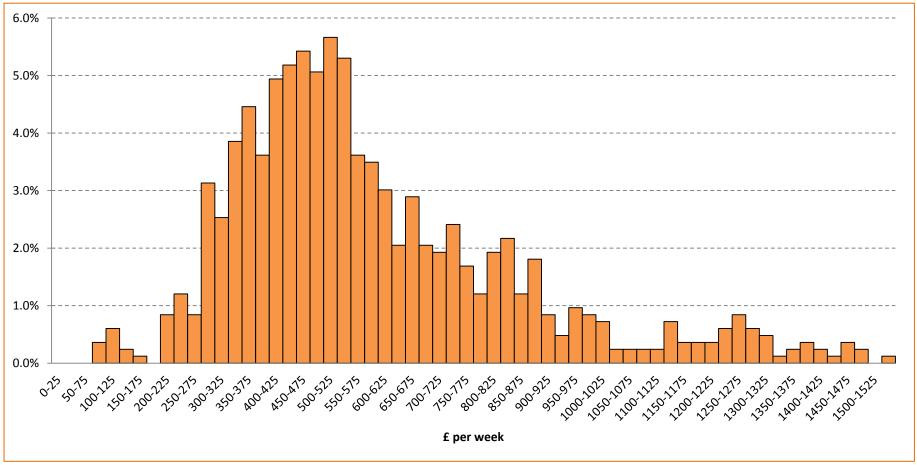


Source: Cabinet Office

The earnings survey pay period relates to June. Both the median and average weekly earnings figures only include full time employees, on adult rates, whose earnings were not affected by absence. The median weekly earnings is the level of earnings such that half the sample has earnings greater, and the other half lower. A full time employee is classified as anyone working 30+ hours a week, with the exception of teachers.

The median weekly earnings for 2017 were £558, and the average weekly earnings were £760.

Figure 29 Distribution of Weekly Earnings 2017

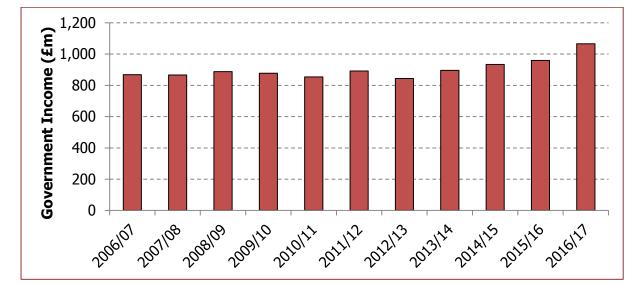


Note: The data relates to those classified as full time employees, on adult rates, whose pay during the survey period was not affected by absence.

Income and Expenditure

Government Revenue and Expenditure

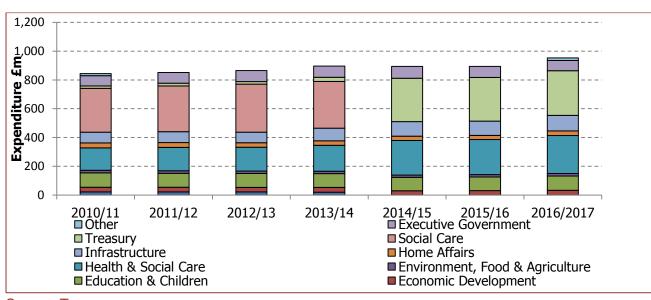
Figure 30 Government Income (£m)



Source: Treasury

For the year to 31 March 2017, Government income totalled £1,066m, compared with £959m the previous year.

Figure 31 Government Expenditure (£m)



Source: Treasury

During the year to 31 March 2017, Isle of Man Government Gross Expenditure was £985 million. During 2014/15 Social Security spending moved into Treasury.

Table 10 Treasury Receipts (£'000)

Source	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Customs & Excise	429,889	408,470	372,922	350,001	366,350	296,000	312,000	319,700	355,005	348,549
Resident Income Tax	151,610	174,865	174,703	168,993	167,010	180,809	193,199	196,671	193,242	207,036
Non-resident Income Tax	7,783	9,622	11,766	4,690	3,963	5,170	2,917	6,374	6,280	9,783
National Insurance								199,361	202,229	210,138
Interest on Investments	7,097	3,606	7,900	11,078	12,591	12,206	10,051	7,129	7,207	7,513
General Receipts	1,468	1,273	1,297	2,036	2,237	1,004	1,213	2,472	1,419	2,113
Total Receipts	597,847	597,836	568,588	536,798	552,151	495,189	519,380	731,707	765,382	785,132
Post Office (Philately)	471	892	999	855	1,245	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1,715
Total Receipts Incl IOMPO	598,318	598,728	569,587	537,653	553,396	497,189	521,380	733,707	767,382	786,847
Total Receipts (at constant										
prices)	828,548	779,474	740,777	667,974	649,456	567,653	581,077	796,634	812,442	786,847
Inflation Index	128.9	137.1	137.2	143.7	152.1	156.3	160.2	164.4	168.6	178.5

Source: Treasury

Note: The Isle of Man RPI as at September 2017 has been used to calculate constant prices.

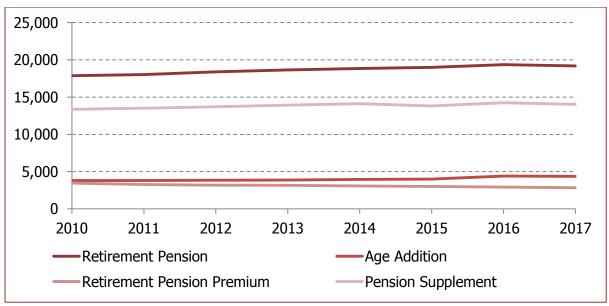
Table 11 Value of Manx Currency in Circulation (£'000)

	Face Value of Notes and Coins
Year	in Circulation (£'000)
2008/09	69,278
2009/10	67,523
2010/11	66,091
2011/12	70,900
2012/13	72,663
2013/14	72,275
2014/15	76,255
2015/16	77,937
2016/17	77,808

Source: Treasury

Pensions and Benefits

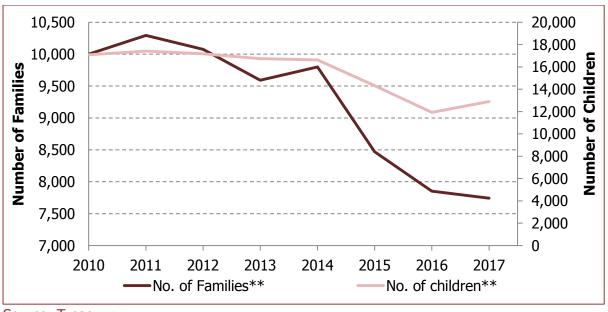
Figure 32 Pension and Other Retirement Related Benefits



Source: Treasury

As of 31 March 2017, there were 19,190 people claiming the Retirement Pension, with 14,035 in receipt of the Pension Supplement. Those in receipt of the Retirement Pension Premium numbered 2,863 and 4,372 for the Age Addition benefit.

Figure 33 Child Benefit

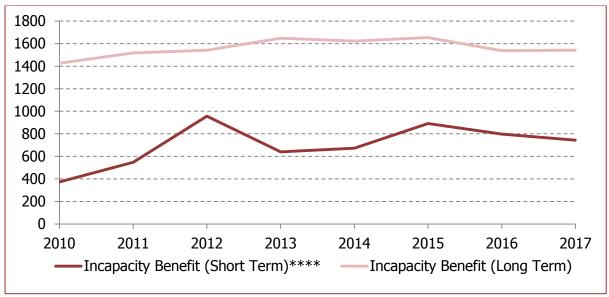


Source: Treasury

As of 31 March 2017, there were 7,742 families in receipt of Child Benefit, relating to 12,906 children.

^{**} Entitlement became income tested from April 2014

Figure 34 Incapacity Benefit Recipients

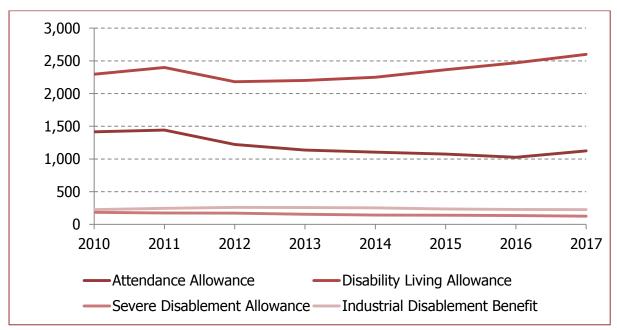


Source: Treasury

**** Erratic caseload, therefore annual averages figures shown above

As of 31 March 2017, there were 743 people claiming short term Incapacity Benefit, along with 1,542 claiming long term Incapacity Benefit.

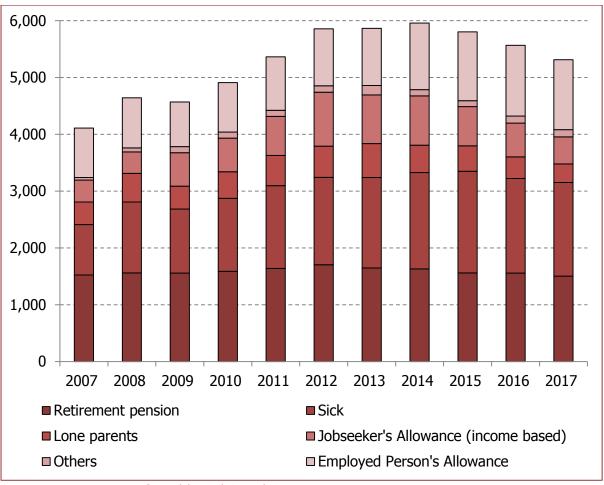
Figure 35 Attendance and Disability Living Allowances



Source: Treasury

As of 31 March 2017, 2,600 people were claiming Disability Living Allowance, 1,124 claiming the Attendance Allowance, 227 claiming Industrial Disablement Allowance and 126 claiming for Severe Disablement Allowance.

Figure 36 Recipients of Employed Person's Allowance and Income Support, by type



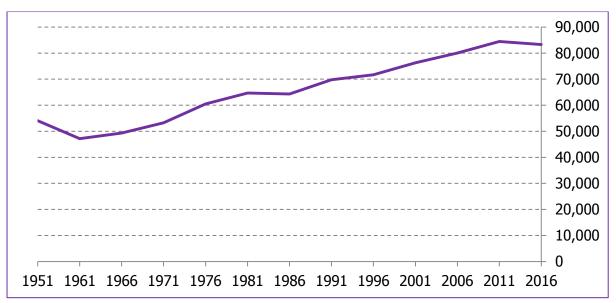
Source: Department of Health and Social Care

As of 31 March 2017, 1,231 people were claiming Employed Person's Allowance, 1,505 people in receipt of the Retirement Pension were claiming Income Support, along with 1,648 registered as sick, 475 people registered as looking for work and 326 lone parents or widows under pension age were claiming Income Support.

Our Society

Population

Figure 37 Isle of Man Resident Population



Source: Cabinet Office

Table 12 Isle of Man Population

	Resident		
Date of Census	Population	Visitors to the Island	Census Population
1951 - April 8/9	54,024	1,229	55,253
1961 - April 23/34	47,166	967	48,133
1966 - April 24/25	49,312	1,111	50,423
1971 - April 25/26	53,228	1,353	54,581
1976 - April 4/5	60,496	1,227	61,723
1981 - April 5/6	64,679	1,422	66,101
1986 - April 6/7	64,282	1,778	66,060
1991 - April 14/15	69,788	1,479	71,267
1996 - April 14/15	71,714	2,966	74,680
2001 - April 29/30	76,315	1,951	78,266
2006 - April 23/24	80,058	1,894	81,952
2011 - March 27/28	84,497	1,219	85,716
2016 - April 24/25	83,314	1,285	84,599

Table 13 Resident Population by Country of Birth, 2016

6		As a percentage of total resident		
Country of Birth	Total	population		
Isle of Man	41481	49.8		
England	28214	33.9		
Wales	878	1.1		
Scotland	2473	3.0		
N.Ireland	1660	2.0		
Channel Islands	169	0.2		
Republic of Ireland	1526	1.8		
Other Europe (EU)	2539	3.0		
Other Europe (Non EU)	226	0.3		
Middle East	105	0.1		
Asia	1669	2.0		
Africa	1302	1.6		
North America	381	0.5		
Central America	32	0.0		
South America	112	0.1		
Caribbean	247	0.3		
Australasia	287	0.3		
Other/Unidentified	13	0.0		
Total Resident				
Population	83,314	100.0		

Figure 38 Population in Key Towns, 2016

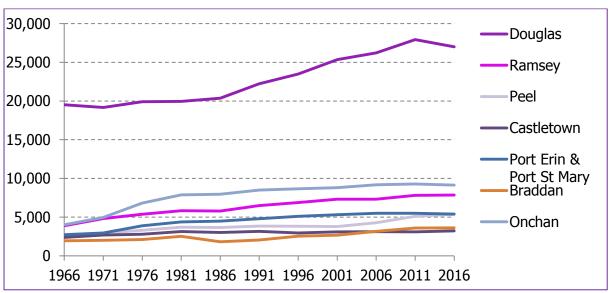


Table 14 Population by Town, Village and Parish

Location	1976	1981	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Towns:									
Douglas	19,897	19,944	20,368	22,214	23,487	25,347	26,218	27,938	26,997
Ramsey	5,372	5,818	5,778	6,496	6,874	7,322	7,309	7,821	7,845
Peel	3,295	3,688	3,660	3,829	3,819	3,785	4,280	5,093	5,374
Castletown	2,788	3,141	3,019	3,152	2,958	3,100	3,109	3,097	3,216
Village									
Districts:									
Port Erin	2,356	2,812	2,868	3,024	3,218	3,369	3,575	3,530	3,484
Port St.									
Mary	1,525	1,572	1,610	1,762	1,874	1,941	1,913	1,953	1,916
Laxey	1,242	1,257	1,279	1,367	1,433	1,725	1,768	1,705	1,676
Onchan	6,809	7,879	7,949	8,483	8,656	8,803	9,172	9,273	9,128
Parish									
Districts:									
Andreas	949	1,113	1,115	1,156	1,144	1,152	1,381	1,426	1,397
Arbory	1,414	1,651	1,610	1,661	1,622	1,714	1,723	1,747	1,847
Ballaugh	655	681	745	802	812	868	1,042	1,042	1,032
Braddan	2,095	2,520	1,804	2,046	2,527	2,665	3,151	3,586	3,621
Bride	428	413	378	418	405	408	418	401	382
German	866	1,029	1,051	1,025	1,038	1,010	995	1,024	966
Jurby	640	616	582	682	624	677	659	797	776
Lezayre	1,339	1,468	1,362	1,503	1,047	1,134	1,237	1,282	1,276
Lonan	1,129	1,126	1,139	1,232	1,292	1,393	1,563	1,533	1,579
Malew	2,116	2,080	2,054	2,216	2,140	2,262	2,304	2,385	2,167
Marown	1,230	1,290	1,281	1,553	1,564	1,879	2,086	2,311	2,246
Maughold	763	759	755	828	858	941	950	977	985
Michael	839	977	1,044	1,244	1,261	1,431	1,640	1,729	1,591
Patrick	1,078	1,077	1,044	1,192	1,198	1,305	1,294	1,527	1,576
Rushen	1,274	1,341	1,360	1,446	1,441	1,504	1,591	1,629	1,537
C	397	427	427	457	422	580	680	691	700
Santon	337	127	,						

Figure 39 Population Distribution by Quinary Age Group, 2016

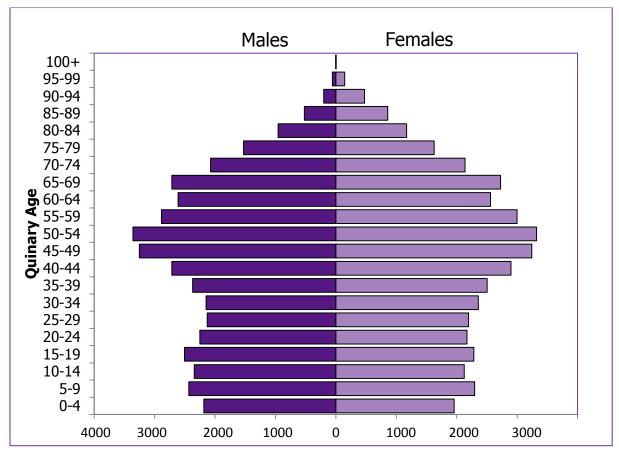
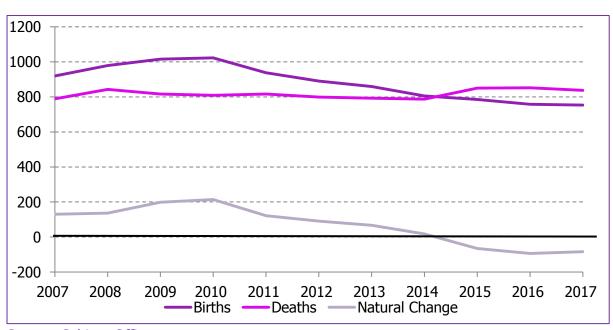


Figure 40 Isle of Man Births and Deaths



Source: Cabinet Office

During 2017, there were 753 births and 837 deaths, resulting in a natural change of -84 for the year.

Figure 41 Registered Electors



As of 1st January 2018, there were 60,917 registered electors on the Isle of Man.

Table 15 Occupied Housing Stock by Size, 2016

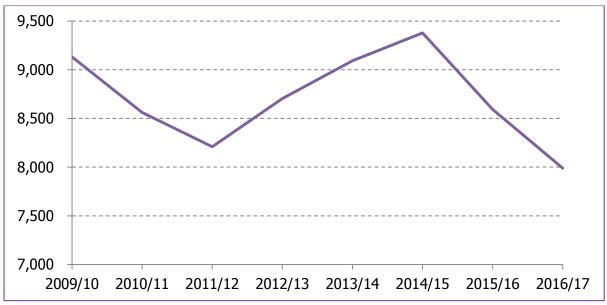
Bedrooms	Detached House	Semi- Detached House	Terraced House	Purpose- built Flat	Flat in Converted House	Other	Total
1	198	150	186	1,646	770	170	3,120
2	2,107	1,676	2,437	2,517	717	165	9,619
3	5,250	4,404	3,097	258	121	56	13,186
4	4,665	1,123	1,120	23	13	21	6,965
5	1,355	231	493	5	4	10	2,098
6+	389	83	297	2	2	2	775
Total	13,964	7,667	7,630	4,451	1,627	424	35,763

Source: Cabinet Office

Table 16 Number of Households by Area of Residence, 1991-2016

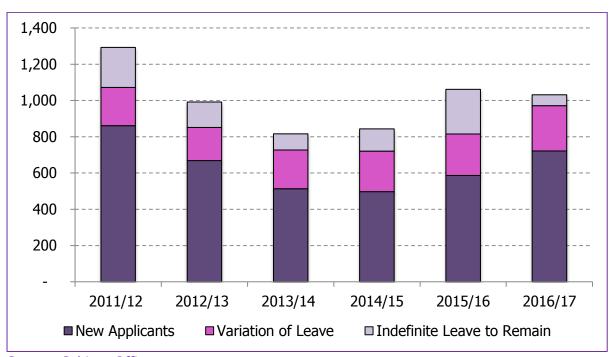
Area	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Towns:						
Douglas	8,447	9,512	10,332	10,835	11,697	11,592
Ramsey	2,740	3,054	3,281	3,253	3,526	3,598
Peel	1,462	1,529	1,522	1,807	2,169	2,295
Castletown	1,237	1,225	1,284	1,291	1,350	1,434
Village Districts:						
Port Erin	1,240	1,369	1,478	1,577	1,631	1,611
Port St. Mary	710	788	803	848	864	881
Laxey	584	614	715	726	717	715
Onchan	3,349	3,532	3,680	3,882	4,000	3,974
Parish Districts						
Andreas	455	482	481	575	596	595
Arbory	684	685	730	737	758	805
Ballaugh	346	362	387	439	438	442
Braddan	687	896	1,000	1,227	1,349	1,346
Bride	170	165	170	176	168	181
German	398	417	407	406	433	417
Jurby	234	229	243	241	263	273
Lezayre	622	439	471	500	510	510
Lonan	502	532	556	627	621	644
Malew	852	863	914	936	978	959
Marown	600	630	744	811	883	863
Maughold	349	361	383	393	404	406
Michael	454	470	556	670	682	659
Patrick	444	458	516	506	604	611
Rushen	588	599	630	651	675	651
Santon	162	166	238	276	283	301
Total	27,316	29,377	31,521	33,390	35,599	35,763

Figure 42 Number of Passports Issued



During 2017 there were 7,990 passports issued.

Figure 43 Immigration Applications Received



Source: Cabinet Office

During the year to 31 March 2017 there were 1,031 immigration applications received, of which 721 of these were new applicants, 250 Variation of Leave applications and 60 Indefinite Leave to Remain applications.

Table 17 Naturalisation and Registration applications

Year	Applications received	Applications declined
2009/10	175	1
2010/11	248	2
2011/12	242	5
2012/13	233	7
2013/14	215	3
2014/15	85	2
2015/16	108	3
2016/17	99	3

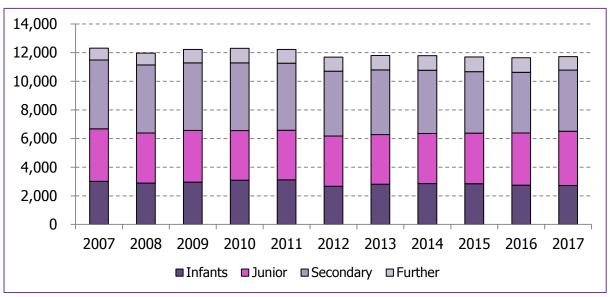
British citizenship is one of the six different forms of British nationality. Some of these were defined in the British Nationality Act 1981, which came into force on 1 January 1983. The forms of nationality are:

- British citizenship;
- British overseas citizenship;
- British overseas territories citizenship;
- British national (overseas);
- British protected person; and
- British subject.

British nationality is complicated and is defined in law. Whether a person has a claim to British nationality can be determined by applying the definitions and requirements of the British Nationality Act 1981 and related legislation to the facts of their date and place of birth and descent.

Education

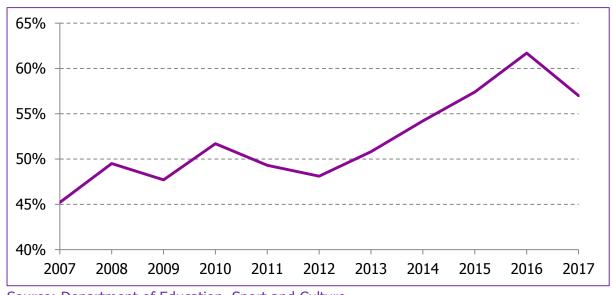
Figure 44 School Age Population



Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

The total school population for the Isle of Man in 2017 was 11,725, of which 2,727 were infants, 3,789 were Junior school age, 4,265 of Secondary school age and 944 in Further Education. Details relate to the beginning of the Autumn Term.

Figure 45 Percentage of students gaining A* to C grades at GCSE (including English and Maths)



Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

The Isle of Man pass rate for 2017 for those achieving 5 A* to C grade GCSEs, including English and Maths was 57%.

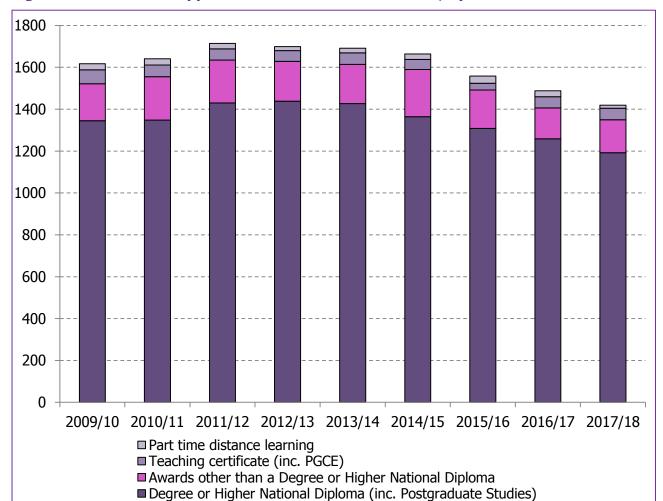


Figure 46 Number of Support Grants Provided to Students, by course

Source: Department of Education, Sport and Culture

In 2017/18, there were 1,192 people in receipt of grants relating to courses for a degree or Higher National Diploma (HND), 158 for those on courses for awards other than a degree or HND, 55 for courses leading to a teaching certificate and 14 for part time distance learning.

Health and Medicine

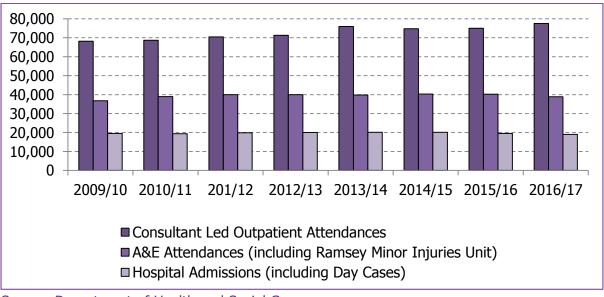
Table 18 General Practitioners and Patients

Year	Number of General Practitioners	Number of patients on lists	Average number of patients per practitioner	Number of patients over 65
2007	45.8	83,987	1,836	13,944
2008	46.3	84,689	1,831	14,251
2009	47.3	85,826	1,962	14,498
2010	46.3	86,476	1,870	14,835
2011	47.0	86,925	1,851	14,946
2012	45.0	87,048	1,936	15,484
2013	45.8	87,195	1,903	16,244
2014	45.4	87,140	1,921	16,692
2015	46.5	87,026	1,871	17,132
2016	46.5	86,962	1,870	17,486
2017	44.6	87,248	1,956	17,758

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

The number of General Practitioners refers to full time equivalents and all figures are recorded at 31 March 2017.

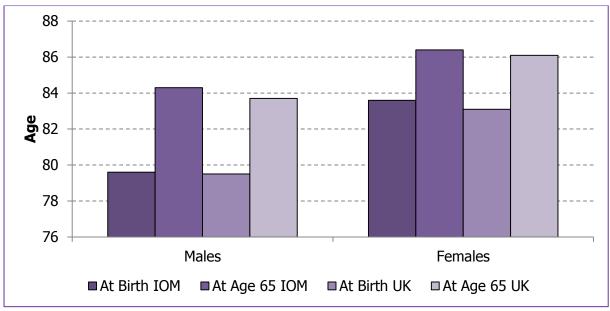
Figure 47 Noble's and Ramsey Cottage Hospital Activity (excluding Private Patients)



Source: Department of Health and Social Care

During the year to 31 March 2017, there were 77,579 consultant led outpatient attendances, 38,846 accident and emergency attendances and 19,012 hospital admissions.

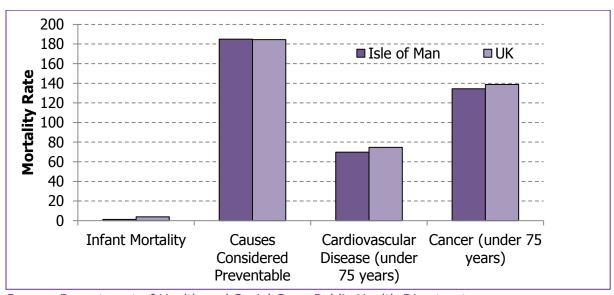
Figure 48 Life Expectancy



Source: Department of Health and Social Care, Public Health Directorate

Life expectancy has been calculated based on a 3 year period covering 2013-2015. Life expectancy for males is expected to be 79.6 years at birth and 84.3 years at age 65 in the Isle of Man, or 79.5 years at birth and 83.7 years at age 65 in the UK. This compares to 83.6 years at birth and 86.4 years at age 65 in the Isle of Man, or 83.1 years at birth and 86.1 years at age 65 in the UK for females. The Department of Health and Social Care are currently undertaking an intensive study of life expectancy and mortality on the Isle of Man.

Figure 49 Mortality Rates



Source: Department of Health and Social Care, Public Health Directorate

Over the period 2013-2015, infant mortality, which is a general health indicator of the entire population, was 1.2 per 1,000 live births, whereas it was 3.9 per 1,000 live births in

England. Note that UK infant mortality data relates to 2013-2015. Mortality from causes considered preventable are those that, in the light of the understanding of the determinants of health at the time of death, all or most deaths from the underlying cause (subject to age limits if appropriate) could potentially be avoided by public health interventions in the broadest sense.

Over the period there were 184.9 per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 184.5 per 100,000 population in England. Cardiovascular mortality rates were 69.7 per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 74.6 per 100,000 population in England. Mortality rates for all cancers were 134.3 per 100,000 population in the Isle of Man and 138.8 per 100,000 population in England.

170.00
160.00
150.00
140.00
120.00
100.00
2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17

Figure 50 Employment in Hospital Medical Services (Full time Equivalent)

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

In 2016/17, employment in hospital medical services was equivalent to 146 full time employees.

Table 19 Employment in Professional Medical Services

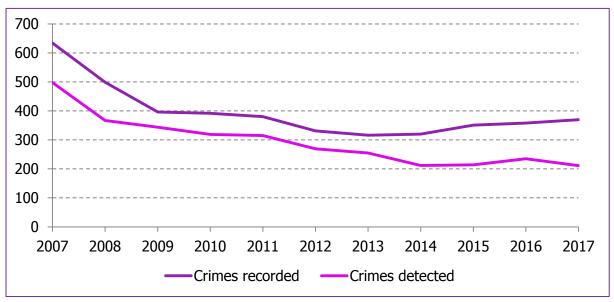
Year	General Practitioners	NHS Dentist	Private Dentist	Opticians	District Nurses	Health Visitors	Podiatrists	Speech Therapists	Pharmacies
2007	50	20	19	10	53	42	8	7	24
2008	50	13	24	13	53	42	6	8	24
2009	51	11	33	13	55	35	8	7	24
2010	51	17	23	13	55	21	8	9	24
2011	50	10	29	13	57	19	8	8	23
2012	50	8	29	13	56	19	8	8	23
2013	52	7	29	24	56	16	9	8	23
2014	52	7	27	24	56	17	9	8	23
2015	53	5	27	28	59	19	10	8	23
2016	53	8	27	28	54	16	9.3	12	23
2017	55	7	29	29	59	15	8.5	11	23

Source: Department of Health and Social Care

^{*} The presentation of the data relating to dentists has been changed for 2016 due to the discovery of a classification issue in previous years. Due to the way in which many dentists may carry out both NHS and private dental practice, splitting individual dentists between NHS and private may lead to a misrepresentation.

Keeping People Safe

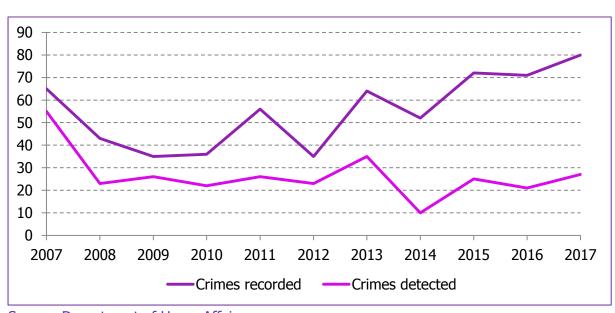
Figure 51 Offences against the Person



Source: Department of Home Affairs

During 2017, there were 370 crimes recorded as Offences against the Person, with 211 of these being detected. Crimes detected are defined as a recorded crime where one or more persons have been identified and linked to the crime as subjects. Whilst this often results in them being charged, it does not necessarily mean they are convicted.

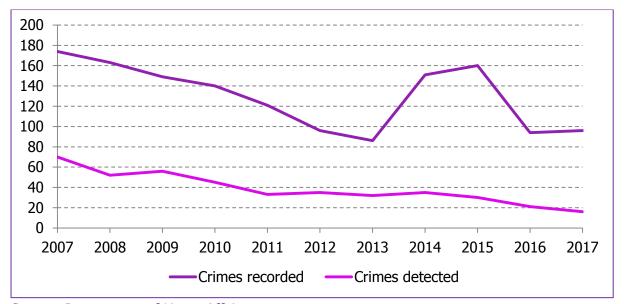
Figure 52 Sexual Offences



Source: Department of Home Affairs

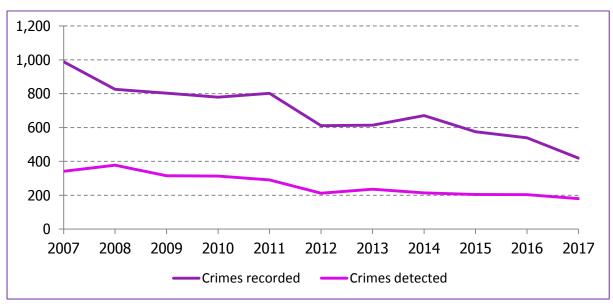
During 2017, there were 80 crimes recorded as Sexual Offences, with 27 of these being detected.

Figure 53 Burglary Offences



During 2017, there were 96 crimes recorded as Burglary Offences, with 16 of these being detected.

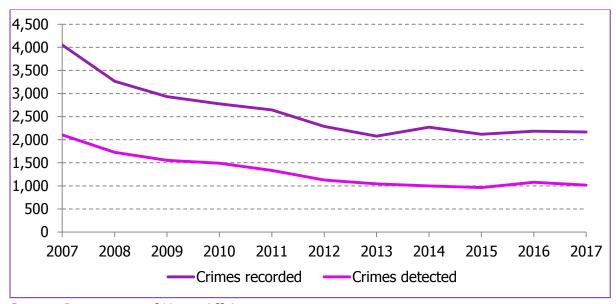
Figure 54 Theft Offences



Source: Department of Home Affairs

During 2017, there were 419 crimes recorded as Theft Offences, with 180 of these being detected.

Figure 55 Total Offences



During 2017, there were 2,168 crimes recorded, with 1,016 of these being detected.

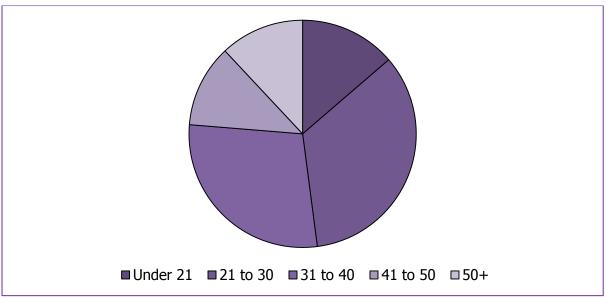
Figure 56 Average Prison Population



Source: Department of Home Affairs

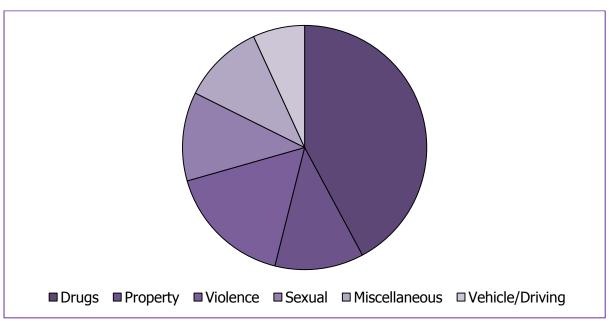
In August 2008, the new prison in Jurby became operational, with a maximum capacity of 138 places, replacing the existing prison facility in Douglas which had a maximum capacity of 92. The average prison population for 2017 was 87.

Figure 57 December 2017 Prison Population by Age



In December 2017, there were 14 prisoners under the age of 21, 35 aged 21 to 30, 29 aged 31 to 40, 12 aged 41 to 50, and 12 at 50 and above.

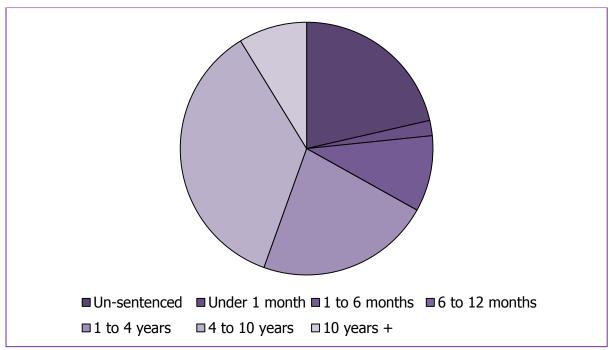
Figure 58 December 2017 Prison Population by Offence



Source: Department of Home Affairs

In December 2017, the largest offence category within the Isle of Man prison was drug offences.

Figure 59 December 2017 Prison Population by Length of Sentence



In December 2017 there were 45 people serving sentences of 4 years and above.

Table 20 Volume of Drugs Seized, by Type

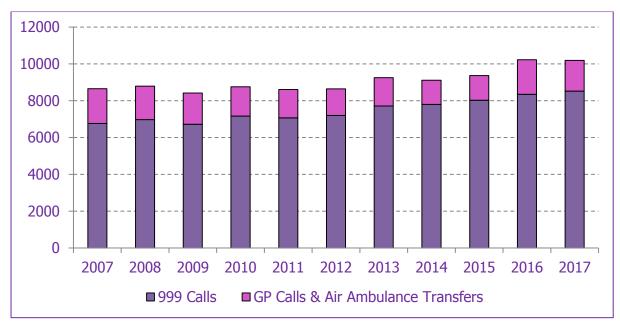
Drug	Unit	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Heroin	Grams	289	889	289	141	380	157	744	280	431	624
Cocaine	Grams	1,265	2,904	1,411	1,684	606	519	2,854	18	446	569
Crack Cocaine	Grams	11	-	-	-	-	9	7			
LSD	Grams	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	
Amphetamine	Grams	189	611	13	7	-	-	737	1	6	21
Ecstasy	unit	7,616	501	1,019	1	23	1,821	1,013	765	79	1,723
Cannabis											
Resin	Grams	6,358	10,470	7,583	6,357	7,475	78,339	27,021	22,749	27,411	71,276
Cannabis Bush	Grams	436	298	2,317	619	6,018	6,962	1,696	3,446	17,497	12,308
Cannabis											
Plant	plant	-	-	40	290	125	144	81	58	50	24
Other	Grams	-	-	426	78	559	61	1	-	21	-

Note: The following drugs included within Other: Mephadrone, MDPV, PZP, Methyl Cathinone and BZP

Table 21 Value of Drugs Seized, by Type (£)

Drug	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Heroin	28,854	89,929	28,866	14,144	37,995	15,647	74,394	28,016	43,136	62,427
Cocaine	101,211	232,349	112,838	101,038	36,386	31,115	171,234	1,093	26,756	28,459
Crack Cocaine	803	-	-	-	-	222	185	-	-	
LSD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	
Amphetamine	1,887	6,108	130	70	-	-	16,375	5	62	213
Ecstasy	45,696	3,006	5,059	5	115	9,103	5,108	3,825	393	17,225
MDMA Crystal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,200
Cannabis										
Resin	17,941	29,524	21,383	33,627	39,542	414,415	142,939	120,341	145,004	305,468
Cannabis Bush	1,691	8,916	89,882	3,276	31,834	36,826	8,970	18,230	92,559	160,639
Cannabis										
Plant	n/a	6,000								
Other	-	-	8,515	1,559	11,181	1,224	21	-	418	
Total	198,083	369,832	266,673	153,719	157,053	508,552	419,226	171,515	308,332	592,650

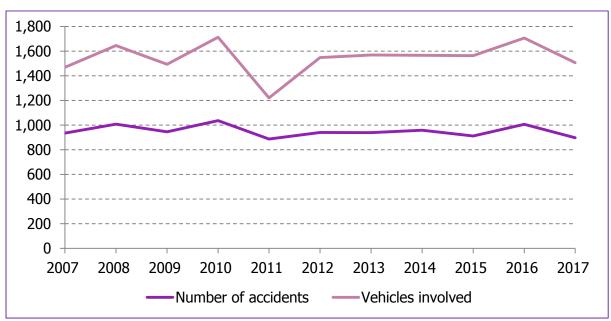
Figure 60 Ambulance Emergency calls



Source: Department of Health and Social Care

During 2017, there were 8,522 emergency calls made to 999, and 1,673 GP calls and Air Ambulance Transfers.

Figure 61 Number of Road Accidents and Vehicles involved



Source: Department of Home Affairs

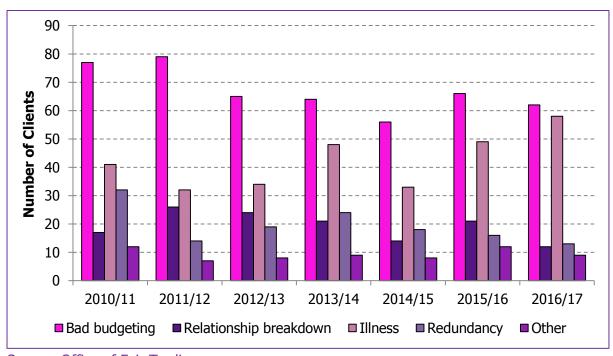
During 2017, there were 898 road accidents on the Isle of Man, involving 1,507 vehicles.

300 12 Serious and Slight Injuries 250 10 200 8 **Fatalities** 150 100 50 2 0 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2007 2015 2016 2017 Serious Injuries Slight Injuries Fatalities

Figure 62 Injuries Sustained in Vehicle Accidents by Type

During 2017, there were 39 serious injuries, 174 slight injuries, and 3 incidents that caused fatalities on the Isle of Man.

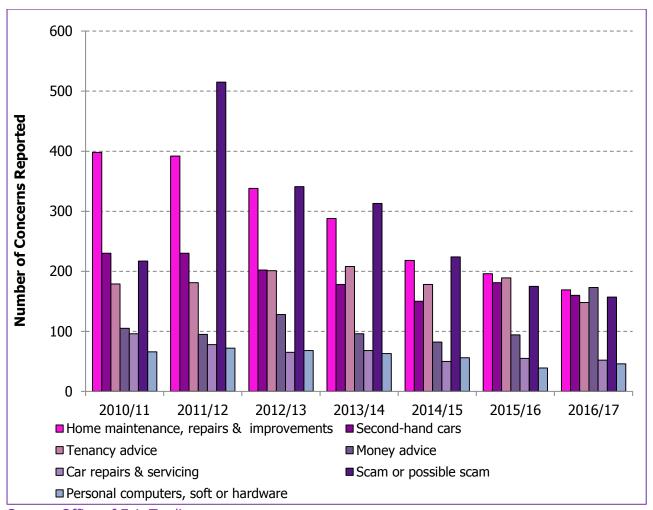
Figure 63 Debt Triggers for Clients of the Office of Fair Trading's Debt Counselling Service



Source: Office of Fair Trading

In 2016/17, 62 debt cases were triggered by bad budgeting, 12 by relationship breakdown, 58 by illness, 13 by redundancy and 9 by "other", which includes bereavement, gambling debts, self-employed business debts and student debts.

Figure 64 Consumer Concerns Recorded by the OFT - Subject Matters Consistently in the Top 10



Source: Office of Fair Trading

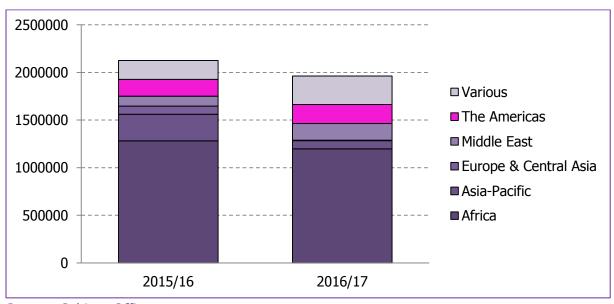
In 2016/17 there were 169 complaints regarding home maintenance, repairs and improvements, 160 regarding second hand cars, 148 regarding tenancy advice, 173 regarding money advice, 52 regarding car repairs and servicing, 157 regarding scams or possible scams and 46 regarding personal computers, soft or hardware.

In 2010/11 "Scam or possible scam" was interpreted more narrowly than in subsequent years, and so some concerns about scams or possible scams may have been recorded under other subject matters during that year.

"Money advice" does not include advice provided to clients of the OFT's debt counselling service.

International Development

Figure 65 International Development expenditure, by region (£).



Source: Cabinet Office

The annual budget for the International Development Committee is £2.4m. However, the actual amount expended during a financial year may fluctuate due to payments being staggered or delayed. Therefore, the above information reflects expenditure that was committed during each financial year.

Total expenditure in the 2016/2017 was lower than budgeted because of the review of, and subsequent changes to, the International Development funding streams. All unspent funds at the end of the year were re-allocated or accrued into the 2017/18 budget; therefore, no funding was lost due to the transition period to the new funding streams.

Environment and Infrastructure

Climate

Table 22 Meteorological Data 2017

Month	Average Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Total Sunshine (hours)	Total Rainfall (mm)	Highest Daily Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Lowest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Number of days of rain	Average Wind Speed (knots)
January	8.9	52.4	47.3	10.0	11.5	-0.5	12	13.0
February	9.0	49.4	100.9	30.5	13.2	0.1	18	15.4
March	10.6	121.9	89.5	19.3	13.4	1.9	21	12.5
April	11.6	154.8	5.8	1.3	14.7	1.9	7	10.6
May	15.8	273.8	32.1	21.0	22.5	3.4	8	10.0
June	16.6	174.0	143.8	46.5	22.0	7.4	18	11.9
July	17.9	229.1	65.6	15.9	22.5	9.2	18	10.0
August	17.4	187.7	84.4	47.1	19.1	7.2	19	10.8
September	15.8	133.4	107.3	17.3	17.6	7.4	20	11.7
October	14.6	74.4	97.8	18.7	17.7	3.2	20	14.9
November	10.8	88.5	115.8	43.1	14.5	0.4	22	12.6
December	9.0	43.7	97.3	18.9	12.7	-2.9	21	13.6
Annual	13.2	1,583.1	987.6	47.1	22.5	-2.9	204	12.3

Source: Department of Infrastructure

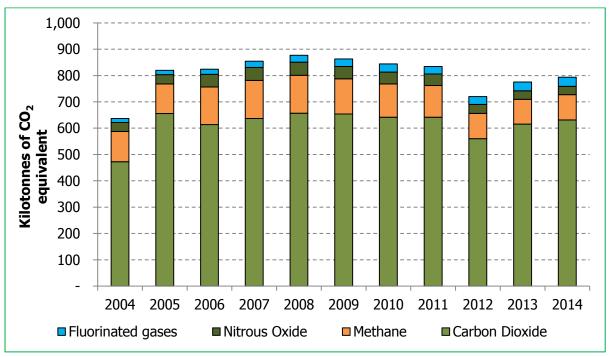
Table 23 Meteorological Data 1987-2016 30 year average (extremes 1947 to 2016)

Month	Average Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Average Sunshine (hours)	Average Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Daily Rainfall (mm)	Highest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Lowest Recorded Temperature (°C)	Average Days of Rain	Average Wind Speed (knots)
January	8.2	54.4	83.2	40.5	13.5	-7.8	18.1	15.7
February	7.9	78.5	57.1	34.5	13.2	-7.4	15.3	14.8
March	9.2	115.0	66.0	69.6	17.2	-6.7	17.3	13.2
April	11.1	169.8	55.2	38.5	20.1	-3.4	14.2	11.1
May	14.1	225.4	50.5	28.8	23.7	-1.4	13.7	10.5
June	16.3	200.5	58.5	48.7	26.8	1.4	13.5	9.7
July	18.1	195.9	56.6	68.9	28.9	3.9	13.2	9.5
August	18.1	185.6	65.3	48.1	27.8	4.8	14.3	9.8
September	16.3	138.1	74.9	48.0	26.5	0.6	14.8	11.2
October	13.6	103.6	102.1	75.1	20.3	-1.9	18.3	13.6
November	10.8	64.6	102.9	43.1	16.2	-4.5	19.4	14.2
December	8.8	46.7	91.8	51.9	14.2	-9.1	18.2	14.8
Annual	12.7	1,578.1	864.1	75.1	28.9	-9.1	190.3	12.3

Source: Department of Infrastructure

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Figure 66 Greenhouse Gas Emissions, by Type

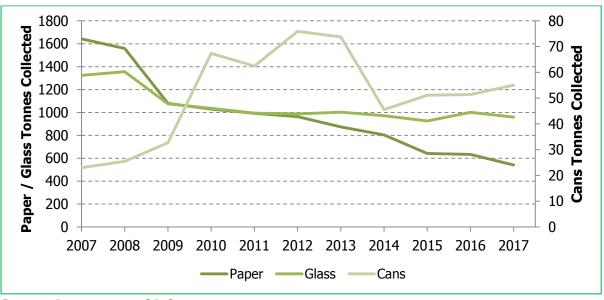


Source: Data compiled and prepared by Aether Limited, and provided by Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture.

The most recent data available relating to emissions on the Isle of Man relates to 2014. In March 2013, the Isle of Man adopted a target to reduce CO₂ emissions by 80% by 2050, which is in line with targets in the United Kingdom. In 2014, the Isle of Man produced 632 kilotonnes of CO₂, 96 kilotonnes of methane, 32 kilotonnes of nitrous oxide and 34 kilotonnes of fluorinated gases (hydrofluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride).

Waste and Recycling

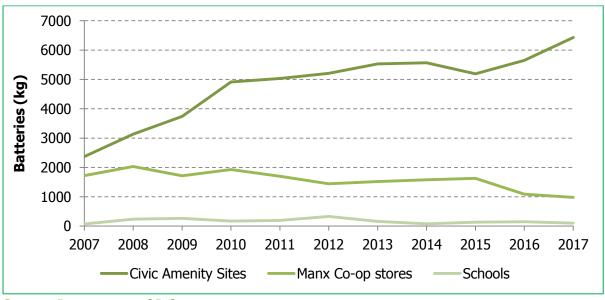
Figure 67 Tonnes of Materials Recycled Collected at Bring Banks



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2017, 541 tonnes of paper, 960 tonnes of glass and 55 tonnes of cans were recycled after being collected at bring banks.

Figure 68 Kilograms of Dry Cell (Household) Batteries Recycled by Collection Source



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2017 a total of 7,510kg of batteries were recycled, of which 6,430kg were collected at local amenity sites, 980kg at local Co-operative stores and 100kg through schools.

■ Domestic ■ Commercial

2014/15

2015/16

2016/17

Figure 69 Tonnes of Waste Processed at the Energy From Waste Plant

Source: Department of Infrastructure

209/10

0

During 2016/17 there were 34,725 tonnes of domestic waste and 15,495 tonnes of commercial waste processed at the Energy from Waste Plant.

Figure 70 Tonnes of Waste Processed at the Wrights Pit North

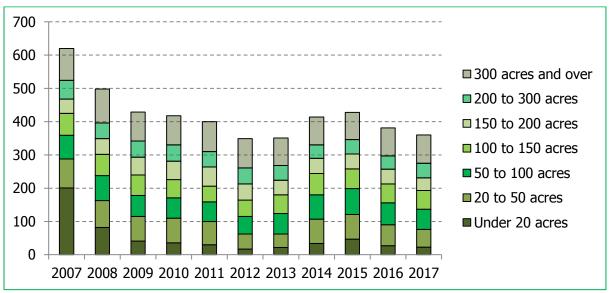


Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2016/17, 973 tonnes of waste were processed at the Wrights Pit North. In 2009/10 there was no waste processed due to expiry of the waste licence. The large increases between 2011 and 2013 were caused by asbestos removal at Janets Corner.

Agriculture

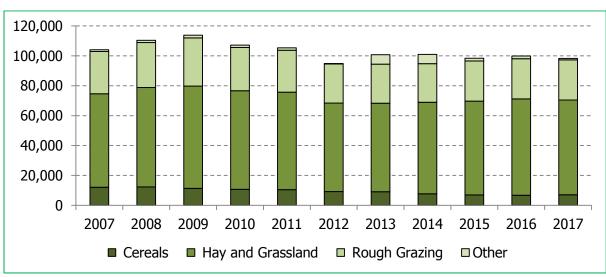
Figure 71 Agricultural Land Holdings, by Size (acres)



Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

As at 31 December 2017, there were 360 farms, of which 85 of these were over 300 acres in size, 44 between 200 and 300 acres, 38 between 150 and 200 acres, 56 between 100 and 150 acres, 61 between 50 and 100 acres, 53 between 20 and 50 acres and 23 farms under 20 acres in size. In 2012 only applicants to the Countryside Care Scheme were sent forms and the statistics are compiled from their claim data.

Figure 72 Agricultural Land Use (acres)



Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

As of 31 December 2017, 7,039 acres were used to grow cereals, 63,439 acres for hay and grassland, 26,829 acres for rough grazing and 1,048 acres used for other activities, including the growing of protein crops, potatoes and trees.

Planning and Construction

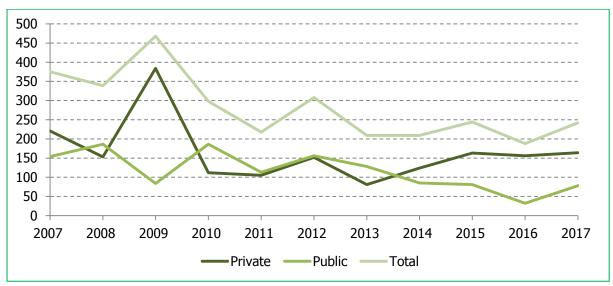
Figure 73 Planning Applications Determined and Approved



Source: Department of Infrastructure

As of March 2017, there had been 1,383 planning applications determined, of which 1,267 applications were approved.

Figure 74 Dwellings Completed



Source: Department of Infrastructure

Note: Private housing includes all new housing excluding affordable housing, and public housing includes first time buyer and public rented housing.

During 2017, 164 private dwellings were completed, along with 78 public dwellings. 2017 private dwelling figures are provisional and therefore may be subject to change.

Table 25 Occupational Injuries, by Type

Type of injury	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Cases of fatal injury	-	1	-	-	-	2	1	2	-	2
Serious injuries	21	18	22	33	122	95	100	44	76	82
Over 3 day										
injuries	159	141	133	278	82	112	146	120	91	146
Dangerous occurrence										
S	18	19	64	24	13	29	12	27	20	19
Disease	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
1-3 day injuries	-	-	-	17	29	17	15	-	-	7

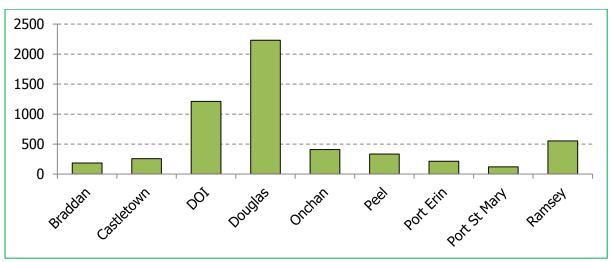
Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

Note: (i) An 'Over 3 day injury' is an injury resulting in the worker being unfit for work for more than three days.

(ii) The category 1-3 day injuries was introduced in 2010.

Housing

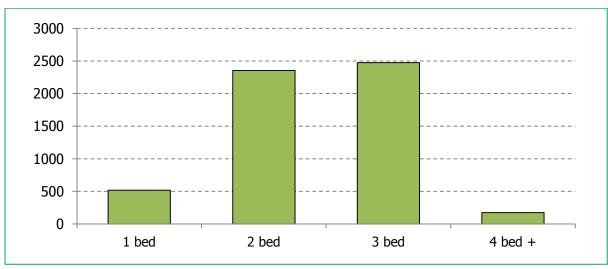
Figure 75 2017 Local Authority Housing Stock by Location



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2017, Local Authority housing stock consisted of 185 properties in Braddan, 258 in Castletown, 2,232 in Douglas, 408 in Onchan, 334 in Peel, 215 in Port Erin, 122 in Port St Mary and 553 in Ramsey, alongside 1,213 Department of Infrastructure owned properties. Malew and Rushen have 8 and 4 houses respectively, but have not been included in the chart above due to the small numbers involved.

Figure 76 2017 Local Authority Housing Stock by Property Type



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2017, Local Authority housing stock consisted of, 518 one bedroom properties, 2,355 two bedroom properties, 2,475 three bedroom properties and 174 properties with four or more bedrooms, and 9 bedsits, these have not been included in the chart above due to the small numbers involved.

Table 26 House Purchase Assistance Statistics

Year	First Time Buyer Transactions	Open Market Transactions	Total Assistance Paid	Average Assistance
2006-2007	20	78	£2,167,881	£22,121
2007-2008	108	57	£5,792,870	£35,108
2008-2009	78	19	£3,247,457	£33,479
2009-2010	30	26	£1,605,279	£28,666
2010-2011	86	12	£3,297,679	£33,650
2011-2012	41	12	£1,291,771	£24,373
2012-2013	38	14	£1,235,569	£23,761
2013-2014	72	14	£2,075,955	£24,139
2014-2015	9	14	£625,617	£27,201
2015-2016	24	25	£1,543,393	£32,116
2016-2017	13	21	£1,001,408	£29,453

Source: Department of Infrastructure

The numbers of "approved" properties fluctuate year on year as the programme for completion is determined by the developers who deliver these properties to the Department's special and technical standards, under section 13 of the Town and County Planning Act 1999. Demand for these properties also fluctuates depending on the locations available. Over 80% of those currently on the First Time Buyer Register want Douglas and the East as their area of choice for purchase.

80%
70%
60%
50%
40%
30%
20%
10%
0%

© of Applicants Under 25 Years © Incomes Over £26k © % of Applicants Single Persons

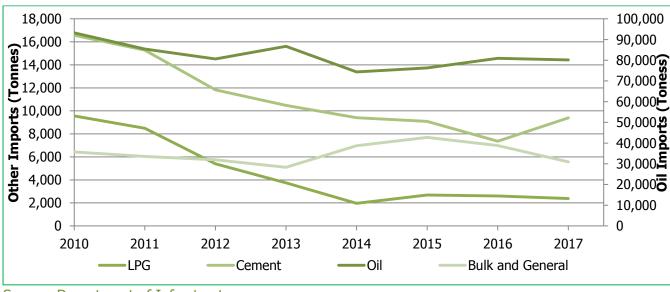
Figure 77 House Purchase Assistance Applicant Demographics

Source: Department of Infrastructure

During the financial year 2016/17, 39% of applicants for house purchase assistance were under 25 years of age. 31% earned more than £26,000 per annum and 64% were single applicants.

Freight

Figure 78 Freight imports



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2017 there were 80,189 tonnes of oil, 2,373 tonnes of LPG, 9,397 tonnes of cement, and 30,885 tonnes of bulk and general imports.

Energy Production

Figure 79 Electricity: Units sold (GWH)

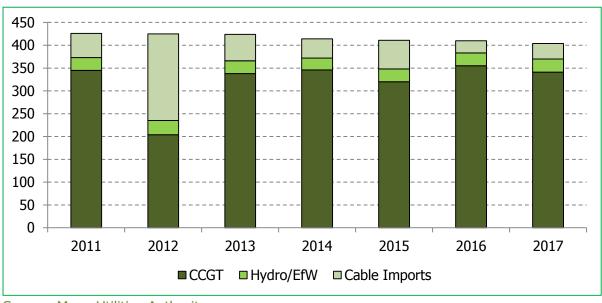


Source: Manx Utilities Authority

Note: 1GWH = 1 million kilowatt hours

During 2017, 359.8 Gigawatt hours were sold on the Isle of Man to residential, commercial and industrial customers.

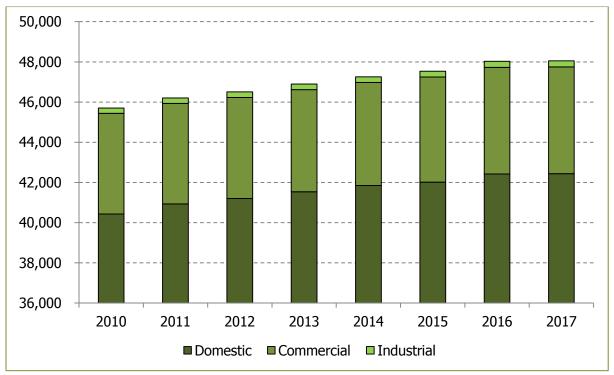
Figure 80 Electricity Generation Mix (GWH)



Source: Manx Utilities Authority

To December 2017, 84% of electricity produced on the Isle of Man was produced by the Combined Cycle Gas Turbine facility at Pulrose, Douglas. Imported electricity made up 8% of the generation mix, with renewable sources such as Hydro power making up 7%.

Figure 81 Number of Electricity Customers, by Type



Source: Manx Utilities Authority

In 2017, the Manx Utilities Authority had 42,436 domestic customers, 5,314 commercial customers and 301 industrial customers.

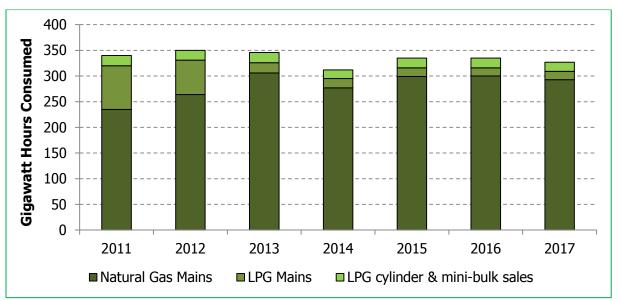
Figure 82 Number of Electricity Customer Minutes Lost



Source: Manx Utilities Authority

In 2016/17 the Manx Utilities Authority lost 13.6 customer minutes due to faults and damages. Pre-arranged outages are not included in the figures above.

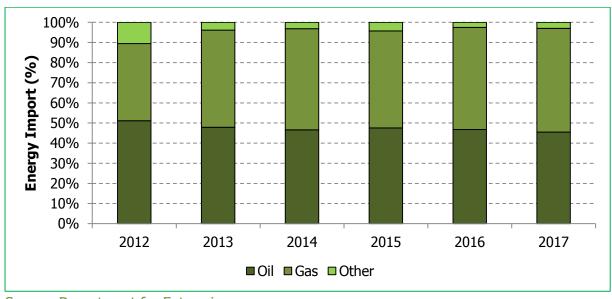
Figure 83 Gas Consumption, by Type



Source: Office of Fair Trading

During 2017, 293 Gigawatt hours of gas consumed was natural gas, 16 Gigawatt hours was LPG Mains gas and 18 Gigawatt hours was LPG cylinder and mini bulk sales. 2012 data is affected by conversion of some mains sectors from LPG to natural gas.

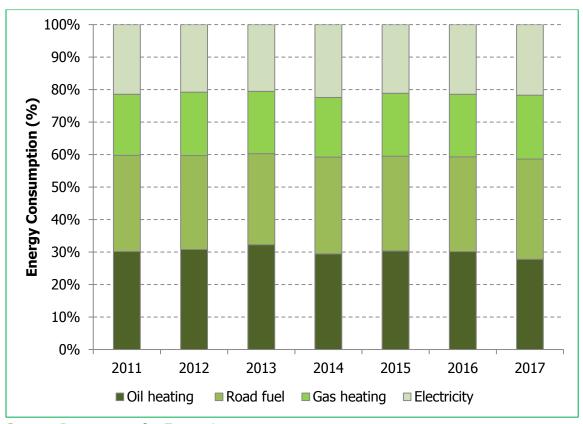
Figure 84 Fuel Types Imported into the Island



Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2017, 973 Gigawatt hours of oil, 1,102 Gigawatt hours of gas and 63 Gigawatt hours of other fuels were imported into the Isle of Man.

Figure 85 Fuel Types Consumed on Island

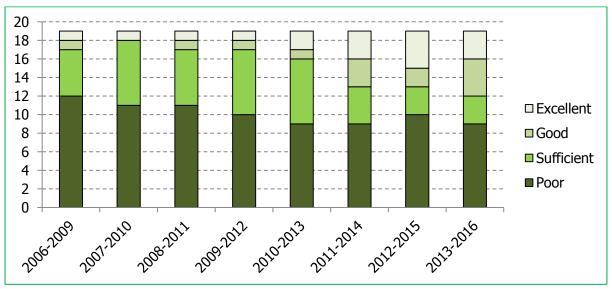


Source: Department for Enterprise

In 2017 there was 461 Gigawatt hours of oil, 512 Gigawatt hours of road fuel, 327 Gigawatt hours of gas and 360 Gigawatt hours of electricity consumed on the Island.

Water

Figure 86 Bathing Water Quality at Island Beaches



Source: Department of Environment, Food and Agriculture

Note: Assessed against European Parliament Directive 2006/7/EC

Under the assessment period of 2013 to 2016, 9 beaches on the Isle of Man were deemed to have poor bathing water quality under the European Parliament directive, with 3 being deemed as sufficient, 4 as good and 3 as excellent.

Table 27 Water Treatment and Water Mains

Year	Treated Water (Daily average ML/d)	Treated Water (Total ML/y)	Length of Water Mains (km)
2010	29	10,508	1,644.49
2011	30	10,943	1,685.22
2012	28	10,173	1,691.49
2013	29	10,590	1,714.99
2014	29	10,653	1,734.35
2015	28	10,270	1,767.00
2016	29	10,528	1,803.37
2017	28	10,356	1,830.00

Source: Manx Utilities Authority

Note: ML/d refers to Million Litres per day and ML/y refers to Million Litres per year.

Transport

Figure 87 Numbers of Driving Tests Taken



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2017 there were 2,575 driving tests taken in the Isle of Man. This includes car, motorcycle and HGV and other driving tests.

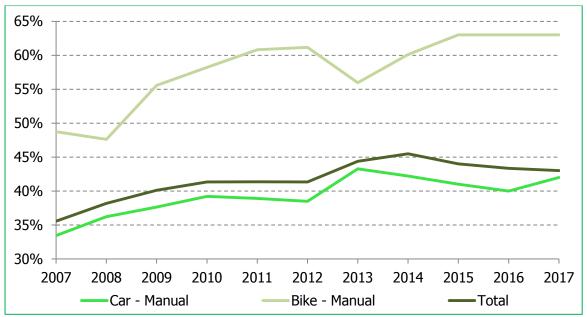
Figure 88 Driving Test Pass Rates by Gender (%)



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2017 the average pass rate for males was 45%, whereas the average pass rate for females was 39%, for all vehicles.

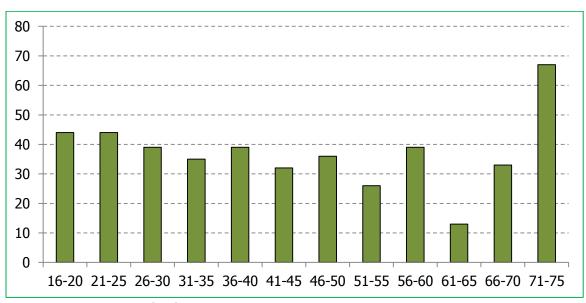
Figure 89 Driving Test pass rates by Vehicle



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During 2016/17, 42% of tests undertaken in manual cars passed, 63% of manual bikes and in total 43% of all tests were passed. Total includes all types of tests undertaken such as cars, bikes, HGVs and other vehicles.

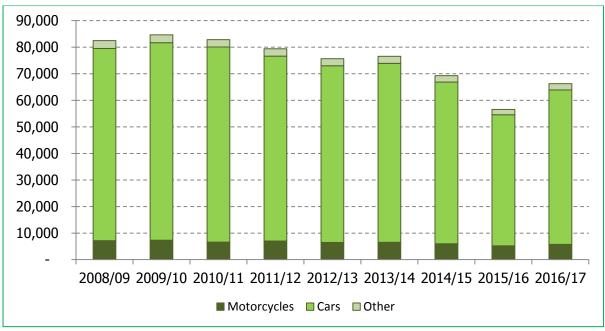
Figure 90 Driving Test Pass Rates by Age Bracket (%)



Source: Department of Infrastructure

In 2017 the highest average pass rate % was for the 71-75 year old age bracket, at 67%. The lowest pass rate was 13% for the 61-65 age bracket.

Figure 91 Vehicle Registration



Source: Department of Infrastructure

During the 2016/17 financial year, 52,277 cars were registered, 5,403 motorcycles and 1,995 other types of vehicle were registered. The other category includes Goods, Articulated Goods, Buses/Minibuses and agricultural or plant vehicles.





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