





This information is for children and young people and their families and carers.



Coronavirus is an illness that can make you poorly.



It is about coronavirus, also known as Covid-19 and the vaccine.



Most children and young people won't have any symptoms or feel very poorly if they get coronavirus.



If you catch coronavirus, you might feel like you have a bad cold.





The vaccine will help protect you from getting very poorly from coronavirus.



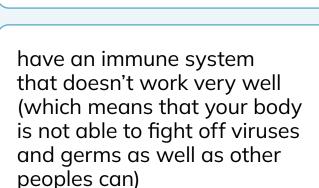
It is very important for you to get the vaccine because you have a health condition that means you are more likely to get very poorly if you get coronavirus.



If you are aged 12 – 15 years old, you should have the coronavirus vaccine if you:

are disabled in a way that affects how your brain works with your body, like having cerebral palsy or epilepsy



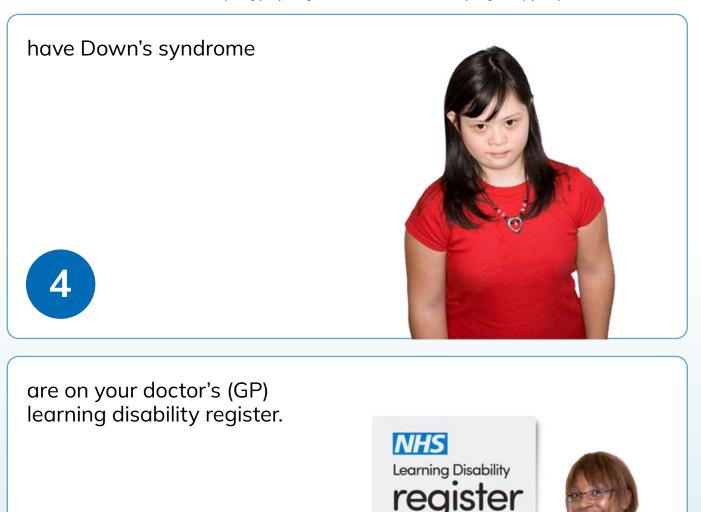




have a learning disability that means you need the most support. This is sometimes called a 'severe learning disability'.







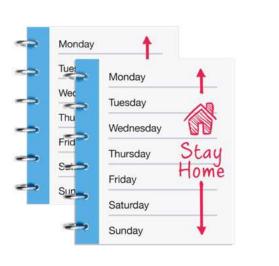


If you are not sure if you should have the vaccine you, or your parent or carer can contact your doctor (such as your GP or paediatrician). They should be able to check for you.

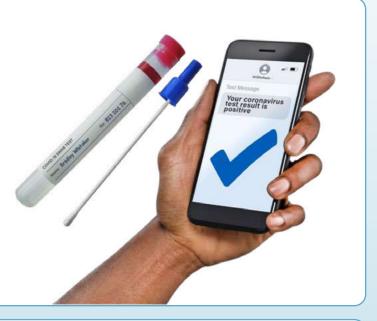


You should not go for your vaccine if you:

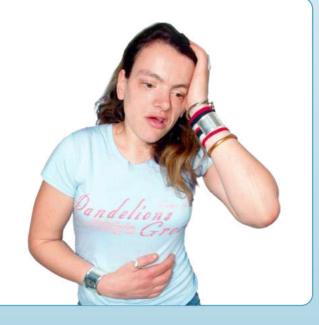
Are staying at home because you have been around someone who has coronavirus.



Think you might have coronavirus and are waiting for a test.



Are feeling poorly, or if you are feeling different to how you usually feel.



About the vaccine

You will need to have two vaccines to keep you as safe as possible.

The second vaccine should be 8 to 12 weeks after your first vaccine.

8 to 12 weeks is the same as 2 to 3 months.

The vaccine has been tested by lots of people who have made sure that is it safe.

The vaccine will help to stop you getting as poorly if you coronavirus.









How to book your appointment

You and your parent or carer will get a letter or a phone call to invite you for your vaccine.



If you have not had a letter or a phone call you or your parent or carer can ring COVID 111 to book an appointment.



When you get your vaccine

You can talk to the nurse or doctor who will give you your vaccine, about any support that will help make it easier for you.

This is sometimes called reasonable adjustments.

Your family member can support you to do this or do it for you.



If you or your parent or carer is worried about you having the vaccine, you can talk to your doctor.



NHS

Don't forget your

COVID-19 vaccination

Make sure you keep this record

card in your purse or wallet

For more information on the COVID-19 vaccination or what to do after your vaccination, see www.nhs.uk/covidvaccine COVID-19 immunisation

Protect yourself.

When you have had your vaccine, you should be given a card which can be used to show people you have had your vaccine.

Keep your card somewhere safe.

If you lose your card after your first vaccine, you can still get your second vaccine.

They will give you another one when you get your second vaccine.

It takes about 2 weeks for the vaccine to start working and give you protection from coronavirus.

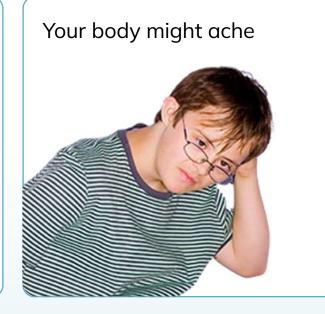




After having the vaccine

Your arm might feel heavy or sore





You might feel like you have a cold or the flu



You might have a headache



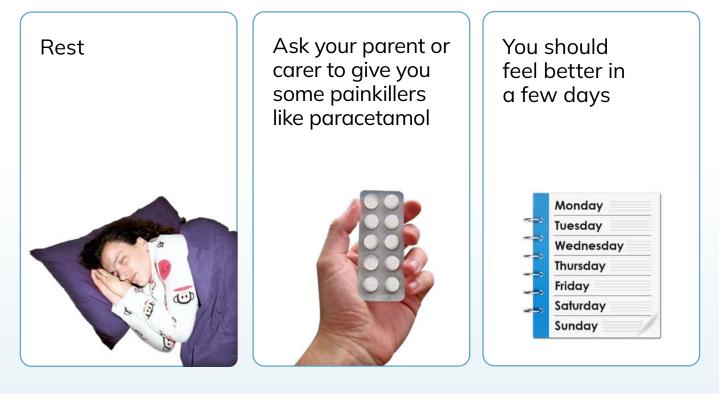
You might feel tired



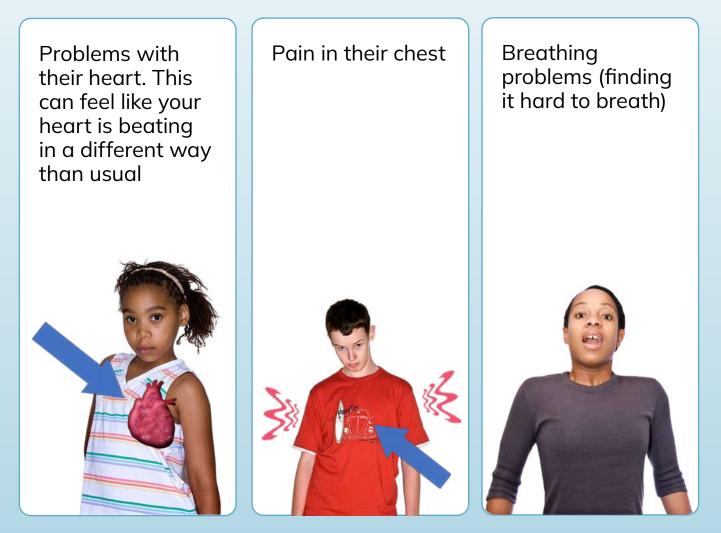
You might feel very hot or very cold



If you feel poorly, you can:



A very small number of people may get:



If you think there is a problem with your heart or breathing, you can ring 999.

Or tell your parent or carer and they can ring 999 for you.



You can also ring COVID 111 if you are not sure what help you need.

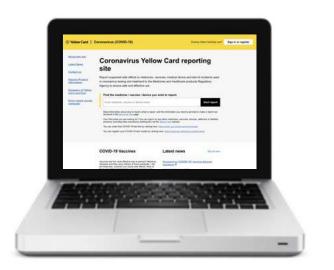
They will tell you what to do.

If it is an emergency, they will be able to send an ambulance.



If you feel poorly after your vaccine, your parent or carers can report it using the yellow card website https://coronavirusyellowcard.mhra.gov.uk

This helps find out how different people feel after the vaccine and makes sure the vaccine keeps people safe.



Things you can do to keep protecting yourself from coronavirus

Wash your hands or use hand sanitiser lots. This is important when you are out and when you have just come home.



If you are meeting people who do not live with you, try to meet them outside.

There is much less chance of getting coronavirus outside.

If you do meet people inside, have doors and windows open so that there is more air coming in. You don't have to wear a mask, but it can help keep you and other people safe.







More information

There is more information on coronavirus on the NHS website - nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/symptoms



You can also get more coronavirus information by phoning COVID 111.

