# Department of Education and Children

## Rheynn Ynsee as Paitchyn

Reading Moderation Visit

School: Sulby

Key Stage: One and Two

Levels Moderated: 1b (from Y1) 3c (from Y2) 4a (from Y3) 4c (from Year 4) 3a (from Year 5) 5c (from Year 6)

Date: 8th November 2016

Focus of visit:

redacted observed 6 guided reading sessions from each year in KS1 and KS2. These sessions were moderated against the Isle of Man Level Descriptors for Reading and judgements were discussed with the class teachers and head teacher.

## Group 1 - Year 1

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 1b. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

#### Group 2- Year 2

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 1a. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

#### Group 3 - Year 3

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 3c. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

#### Group 4 - Year 4

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 4c. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

### Group 5 - Year 5

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 3a. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

#### Group 6 - Year 6

This group was assessed by the school as working at level 5c. Moderator agreed with the teacher. See additional notes.

#### **General Commentary**

- ✓All levels were accurate
- ✓All staff knew the children's strengths and weaknesses, and were able to identify next steps.
- ✓Assessments were all up to date and Island Level Descriptors are being used throughout the school.
- ✓Reading Expectations are very high thought the school.
- √Reading Journals provide great evidence of Reading progression across the school.
- √Whole Class texts are used effectively alongside Guided Reading sessions to ensure greater text coverage.
- ✓Class Libraries are very well stocked and there is a good Reading ethos in the school.

#### Recommendations

- ★Ensure all teachers share Guided Reading session objectives/Skills with the children at the start of the session
- ★Develop Opportunities for guided sessions to include a wider variety of activities (e.g. hot-seating, drama, paired work, use of white boards/post its for children to record ideas) and encourage children to show their responses to texts in a fun and active way.
- ★Consider using Running Records as aids for diagnostic assessment in KS1

# Sulby School 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016 Year 1 Level 1b

AF1 Letters and Sounds Secure in working at Phases 3 and 4	AF1 Book Bands Green and Orange	AF1 Fluency Reads short sentences.  Is confident enough to tackle longer sentences. May still read in a monotone voice	independently.	AF1 Punctuation Independently takes more note of punctuation.	AF1 Whole text strategies Recognises importance of print. Priorities the print but may use pictures as a confirmer
Josie and the Play Rigby Star Bookband Blue (1C)  Letters and Sounds - Phase 3 sounds					AF 2 & 3 Supported by the teacher's questions, can respond to the book by identifying
AF1 All the children participated well in this session and were able to use picture cues and some word attack strategies (initial sound cues) to read words when encouraged. The children knew that print carries meaning, and is read from left to right and from top to bottom. Although some children needed to be prompted to use phonic cues to sound out and blend unfamiliar words, redacted was able to do so confidently. When encouraged, the children showed a sound understanding of speech marks, and were able to change their voices in response to them. All children are working within Phase 3 Letters and Sounds.				some significant events.  Show simple understanding when questions/prompts are used e.g. sequencing cards  AF 4	
(AF1 1c)  Pupils showed good literal understanding during discussions about the text, and were able to respond to some events. (AF2 1b)					AF 5
Planning has Assedevelop high frequence Record keeping sphases. Guided reading of Moderator agreed It is important that further develop African develop Africa	uency wor hows clea bjectives a I that these t these pup	d understandin r progression tl are reinforced tl e pupils are wo	ig. hrough Letters an nrough homework rking within level	d Sounds activities. 1b.	AF 6
Turiner develop Ar	i skiiis.				

## Sulby School 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016 Year 2 Level 1a

AF1 Letters and Sounds Working at Phase 5 √	AF1 Book Bands Turquoise √	AF1 Fluency Reads short sentences with fluency. √Beginning to read longer sentences with fluency. May include expression √	AF1 Word identification Reads a range of familiar words and longer sentences independently. Relies mainly on phonic strategies	AF1 Punctuation Shows an emerging knowledge of simple punctuation, √ but does not always respond correctly	AF1 Whole text strategies Uses illustrations/text features to confirm and enhance meaning and to make predictions√
Text - Is the Wise Bookband – Turqu  AF1  Most children readquite fluently. Some encouraged to remain the second s	oise  d accuratel e children read with e	y, and most co read quite exp expression "Do	ressively, and all it, do it do"(level	were 2c).	AF 2 & 3 Is beginning to retell a simple story when supported by the teacher.   Engages well with the text e.g. responds to
The teacher read pages allowed which demonstrated to the children what a good reader does.  The children were aware that they needed to change their voice when they saw a question mark.					humour.  Can make simple predictions when supported by the teacher  AF 4
All the children engaged well with the text, and participated well in the discussions. They were able to select relevant information from the text, both to answer questions, and to retell the story. There was evidence to show that the majority of the children in the group had achieved level 1a in AF2, and were working within level 2c.					AF 5
The session was well planned with AF objectives and NC levels identified. Clear links to L&S phase 5 and Support for Spelling were evident during the session. The teacher showed a very good understanding of all of the children both strengths and weaknesses.					AF 7
Reading Journals weekly. Evidence from the the writing genre, or The moderator against are already working the second sec	discussio or the clas rees that t	n showed that g s topic. hese children h	guided reading li	nks to either	AF 7

## Sulby School 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016 Year 3 Level 2a

AF1	AF1 Fluency	AF1 Word	AF1	AF1 Whole text
Letters and Sounds	The reading is	identification	Punctuation	strategies
Confident at Phase 6	accurate and	Uses a	Usually uses	Beginning to select and
AF1 Book Bands	unfamiliar words	combination of	knowledge of	use appropriate
White	are usually tackled	phonic and	common	strategies. For example,
	independently.	contextual clues	punctuation	notices when the reading
√	The pace and	appropriately.	marks to	does not make sense
	fluency show	$ \sqrt{} $	enhance	and uses an effective
	confidence.		phrasing,	strategy e.g. self-
	Expression and		intonation and	corrects; or looks
	intonation are used		comprehension	forward/backward in the
	to enhance			text to make use of the
	meaning.		$ \sqrt{} $	context. √

## Text Tarquin the Wonder Horse

All children were quite secure in AF1.

All children read quite fluently and accurately.

Although the children are beginning to select and use appropriate strategies to tackle unfamiliar words, they still rely on the teacher for guidance and prompts.

There was evidence to show that the children are working within level 3c in AF1.

The children were able to recap previous reading, and answer literal questions well.

There was evidence to show that these pupils are working within level 3c in AF2.

All the pupils were beginning to demonstrate an awareness of inference. All were able to offer thoughtful answers to explain their understanding of the text, and all were given the opportunity to predict what might happen next – and what they would do if they were in the same situation.

There was evidence to show that these pupils are working within level 3c in AF3.

The pupils discussed some language used in the text, and the effect that the language had on the reader.

There was evidence to show that these pupils are working within level 3c in AF5.

The session was well planned and prepared for, and the teacher demonstrated that she knew the children well, both strengths and weaknesses.

Records showed clear Assessment Focus and Support for Spelling links.

Reading objectives are further reinforced through regular homework activities.

The moderator agreed that these pupils have achieved level 2a, and are working within level 3c.

I would recommend that these pupils now read level 3c books in order to develop AF1 objectives, whilst completing outstanding level 2a objectives for AFs 4, 6 & 7.

#### AF 2 & 3

Retelling is balanced is clear. Is able to identify and comment upon main characters and how they are linked. Can confidently answer literal questions. Is able to respond when questioned about extensions or alternatives to events or actions. Gives thoughtful answers to 'Why do you think..? an "How do you Engages well with the text e.a. responds to humour. √ know .. ?' questions.

#### AF 4.

Is able to comment on some of the ways text has been written or presented. Can discuss the role of the blurb. Can confidently discuss the role of chapters, headings, diagrams and sub-headings.

#### AF 5.

Response to the text includes reference to a wide range of features at word level e.g. rhyming words, compound words, adjectives, synonyms, opposites, verbs etc √

#### AF 6

Is able to talk about feelings created by the story.

#### AF 7.

Notices similarities between texts in a series and/or texts by the same author

## Sulby School 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016 Year 4 Level 4c

AF 2 & 3	AF 4	AF 5	AF6	AF 7
When responding	(N) Is beginning to	Is beginning to	Can express what	Is beginning to categorise
to text, the pupil is	identify and	explain how the way	they liked and	text by genre and
beginning to	discuss significant	in which words are	disliked about a	demonstrate the ability to
identify key themes	or pivotal	used creates a	text and can	identify features of that
and ideas, using	moments in a text.	specific effect on	identify the main	genre using evidence
inference and	(NN) Is beginning	the reading	purpose of a text.	from the text. Can place
deduction	to identify key	$ \sqrt{} $	$ \sqrt{} $	a text within it's social,
$ \sqrt{} $	facts/information			cultural and historical
	and summarise to			context
	display			$ \sqrt{} $
	understanding √			

Non-Narrative text - How to Upset a Victorian

## AF 2&3

During the session, there was some evidence of inference from the children. They were able to discuss how the characters would be feeling and the children were able to back this up with evidence from the passages being read.

#### AF4:

The students were able to identify the features of a non-narrative text and used them confidently to locate further information. (Glossary/Index, blurb pre-read) With some teacher prompts and modelling they were able to summarise key themes within the information they were reading and feed this back to other students in the group. Teacher prompts also aided with this - "What clues in the text...? How could we find out..?

#### AF5:

Most of the students were able to explain why certain features has been used in the text to show the different era's (Victorian/Modern day). They used evidence, and text examples to show their understanding, however, some teacher led questioning was needed with some of the children.

All students were asked to read aloud.

#### AF6

Opinions on the text were shared well by all children. Most were able to explain and back up their ideas by relating it to examples from the text.

## AF7

All of the group were able to talk confidently about the Victorian period and could find some evidence in the text to back up their ideas of the books Historical context. They then compared Victorian life to Modern day, and the students appeared to grow in confidence in this area, as the session progressed.

## Sulby School 8th November 2016 Year 5 Level 3a

AF1 Fluency	AF1 Word	AF1 Punctuation	AF1 Whole text strategies
Reads a range of texts	identification	Uses knowledge of an	Uses a range of strategies
fluently and accurately.	Applies knowledge	increasing range of	automatically to monitor
	and uses word	punctuation marks to	and maintain reading e.g.
$ \sqrt{} $	identification	enhance phrasing,	anticipation of the next
	strategies	intonation and	word; self-correction;
	appropriately and	comprehension.	rereading; reading on;
	automatically when		slowing down and sub-
	encountering an	$ \sqrt{} $	vocalising when
	unknown word		encountering difficult texts;
	$ \sqrt{} $		using knowledge of
			context, print conventions
			and key words.

Narrative Text - Danny the Champion of the World

#### AF1

Each student read a short section of the text. They used a range of techniques to de-code any unfamiliar words and were ale to use punctuation to enhance their reading style. The reading was fluent and generally accurate.

## AF2 and 3

All students enjoyed creating a story mountain and were able to use this to discuss information related to plot, characters and main ideas. Teacher prompts, developed their understanding of this further and discussions were often linked closely to previous texts read.

The children were able to explain what inference was "Work out was has happened, even though we haven't bee told it by the writer".

## AF4

The main focus of the session was to identify pivotal moments within the text. After some discussion the students were all able to plot key, pivotal moments and explain why they were important by finding examples in the text. These were plotted on the story Mountain and used as discussion points. Some children needed reassurance from the teacher and their peers as they lacked confidence, but they all achieved it with some level of independence by the end of the session.

#### AF6

The group were all able to discuss their thoughts and feelings about the text so far and are beginning to evaluate critically. Further work within AF6 is needed to secure this area within Level 3a.

## AF 2 & 3

Can retell and comment upon events or ideas from a range of texts, providing information related to plot and characterisation in fiction or to main ideas and supporting detail in non-fiction, Can read beyond the literal to explain how or why something happens.

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#### AF 4.

(N) Can confidently discuss the plot structure and how sections relate e.g. devise a story mountain, flow chart, and storyboard. (NN) Can confidently and consistently locate information efficiently by using organisational features e.g. index, glossary, headings, fact boxes.

#### AF 5.

Can confidently and consistently identify, from within a text, examples of words or literary features (e.g. alliteration, variation in sentence structure) chosen by the author to create a desired effect

#### AF 6

Is beginning to evaluate critically the effectiveness of a text.

## Sulby School 8<sup>th</sup> November 2016 Year 6 Level 5c

AF 2 & 3	AF 4	AF 5	AF6	AF 7
AF 2 & 3 Can respond to texts by exploring underlying themes and ideas. Makes inferences based upon implicit information drawn	AF 4 (N) Is beginning to make comparisons and critical judgements about texts e.g. how ideas within a text link, the relative	AF 5 Is beginning to distinguish and explain subtle differences with a writer's use of language and it's effect on a reader	AF6 Can express clearly and confidently what they liked and disliked about a text and can identify confidently	AF 7 Using texts of increasing complexity begins to relate them to their social, cultural or historical context and use evidence from the text to support conclusions.
from text. Can provide justification for those inferences by returning	impact of a story opening etc. (NN) Is beginning to assess the impact of presentational	(e.g. shades of meaning, onomatopoeia etc)	and consistently the main purpose of a text.	√ V
purposefully to the text √	features when making critical conditions.			

## Narrative text - Goodnight Mister Tom

#### AF 2&3

One focus within the session was underlying themes in the text, which was discussed in a variety of ways throughout the reading session and all children were able to discuss this with confidence. There was evidence of information being drawn from the text, but also from other texts read(AF4).

Children were able to refer to these examples with ease and found a number of examples in the text.

The students were able to explain what inference was "We know it because of what is written" and were able to provide lots of examples of this understanding throughout the session. 'It said he doesn't behave - we thought he was a naughty boy. We inferred wrongly". Talking about Willie - "Well, He just hasn't had a nice life". There was also a lot of inference around Mister Tom's potential gift for Willie, again highlighting good understanding of inference from all the students.

The follow up task on Inference also secured the judgement that these students are working within a 5c level.

#### AF5:

Lots of opportunities were provided for discussion in Learning pairs about the writers use of language and the effect it had on them as a reader. Students were encouraged to explain their answers, linking to historical context where relevant. e.g. discussion about embroidery, wireless. All students were asked to read aloud and teaching prompts were used throughout this reading time. e.g. How does this link to what we already know?

#### AF7

The students used evidence own the text to support their conclusions about life in this Historical context. "Neville Chamberlain's speech was used to help us remember the time. It makes me feel like I am there"

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	AF 7. Has a secure awareness of genre and literary traditions
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